

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition

4-Trig-functions/4.2-Cosine/85-4.2.12-e-x-^m-a+b-cos-c+d-xⁿ-^p

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Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	detailed summary tables of results	21
3	Listing of integrals	51
4	Appendix	549

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1	Listing of CAS systems tested	4
1.2	Results	5
1.3	Time and leaf size Performance	8
1.4	Performance based on number of rules Rubi used	10
1.5	Performance based on number of steps Rubi used	11
1.6	Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result	12
1.7	Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used	13
1.8	Leaf size vs. CPU time used	14
1.9	list of integrals with no known antiderivative	15
1.10	List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative	15
1.11	list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification	15
1.12	Timing	16
1.13	Verification	16
1.14	Important notes about some of the results	16
1.15	Design of the test system	19

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [99]. This is test number [85].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.16.1 (Dec 19, 2018) on Mathematica 13.3 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (99)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (99)	0.00 (0)
Fricas	91.92 (91)	8.08 (8)
Maple	87.88 (87)	12.12 (12)
Maxima	69.70 (69)	30.30 (30)
Giac	52.53 (52)	47.47 (47)
Sympy	34.34 (34)	65.66 (65)
Mupad	30.30 (30)	69.70 (69)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

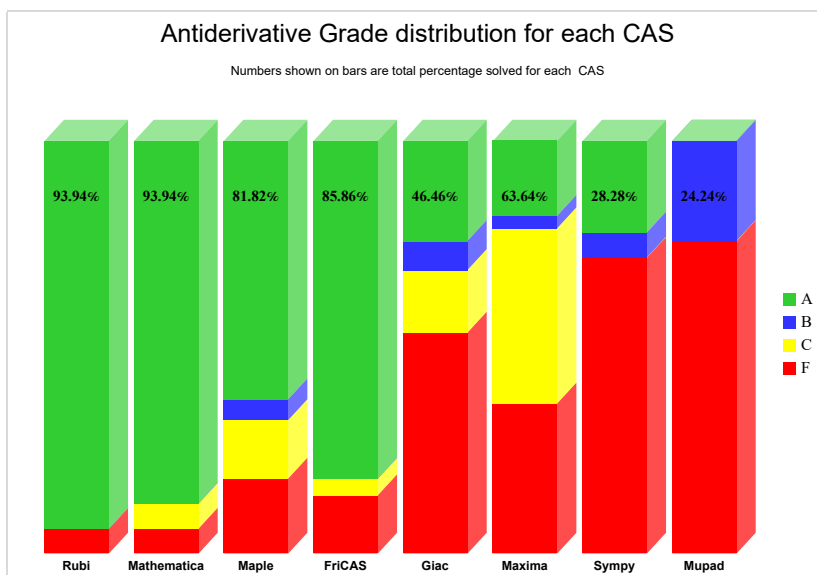
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

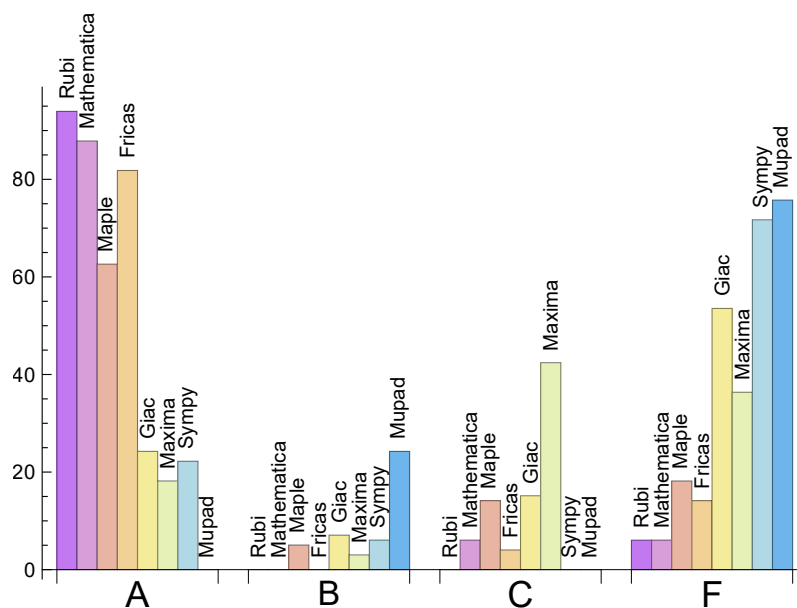
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	93.939	0.000	0.000	6.061
Mathematica	87.879	0.000	6.061	6.061
Fricas	81.818	0.000	4.040	14.141
Maple	62.626	5.051	14.141	18.182
Giac	24.242	7.071	15.152	53.535
Sympy	22.222	6.061	0.000	71.717
Maxima	18.182	3.030	42.424	36.364
Mupad	0.000	24.242	0.000	75.758

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima

and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	8	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	12	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	30	60.00	0.00	40.00
Giac	47	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	65	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	69	0.00	100.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Rubi	0.16
Fricas	0.24
Maxima	0.43
Mathematica	0.50
Giac	0.57
Maple	1.00
Sympy	2.67
Mupad	10.90

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	32.23	0.88	26.50	0.83
Fricas	75.74	0.85	62.00	0.81
Sympy	87.74	1.40	45.00	1.13
Mathematica	90.46	0.93	81.00	0.96
Rubi	103.99	1.00	85.00	1.00
Maxima	109.64	1.22	73.00	1.00
Giac	114.50	1.29	65.50	1.16
Maple	145.47	1.23	64.00	0.93

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

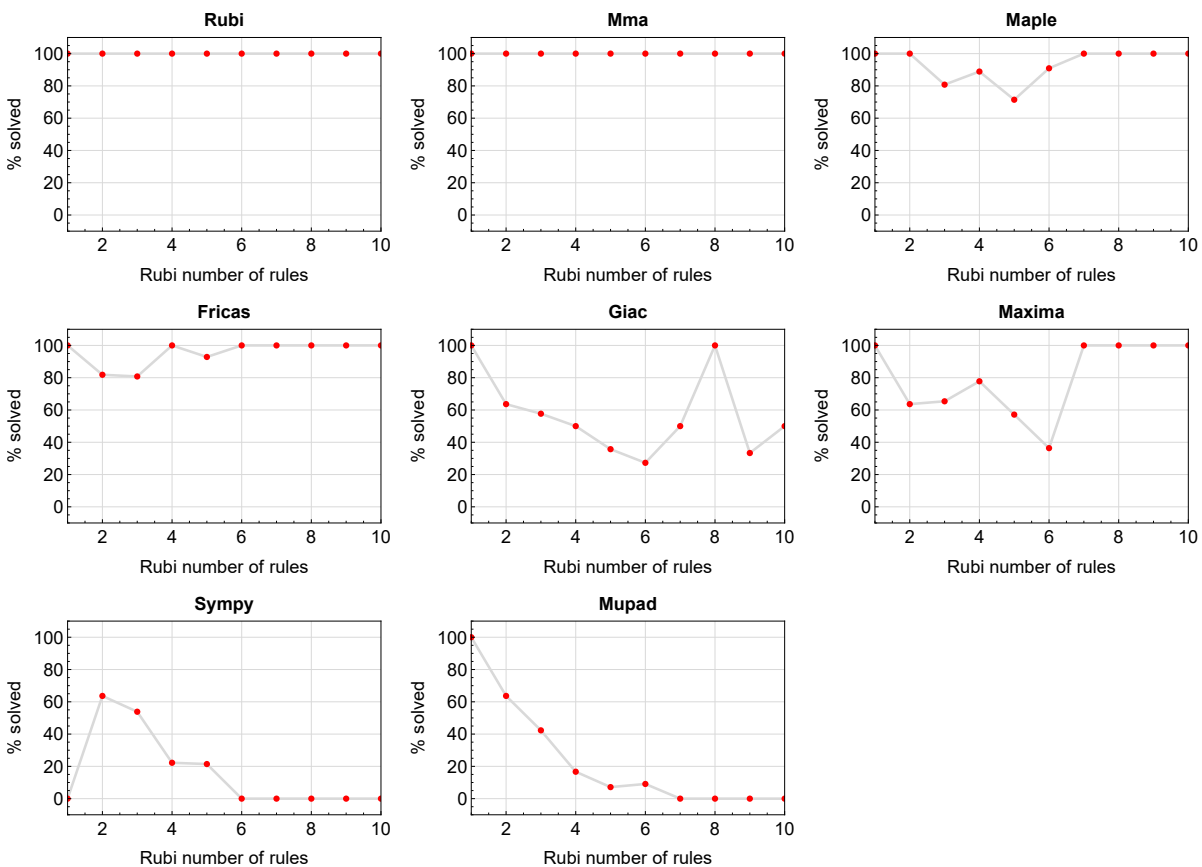


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

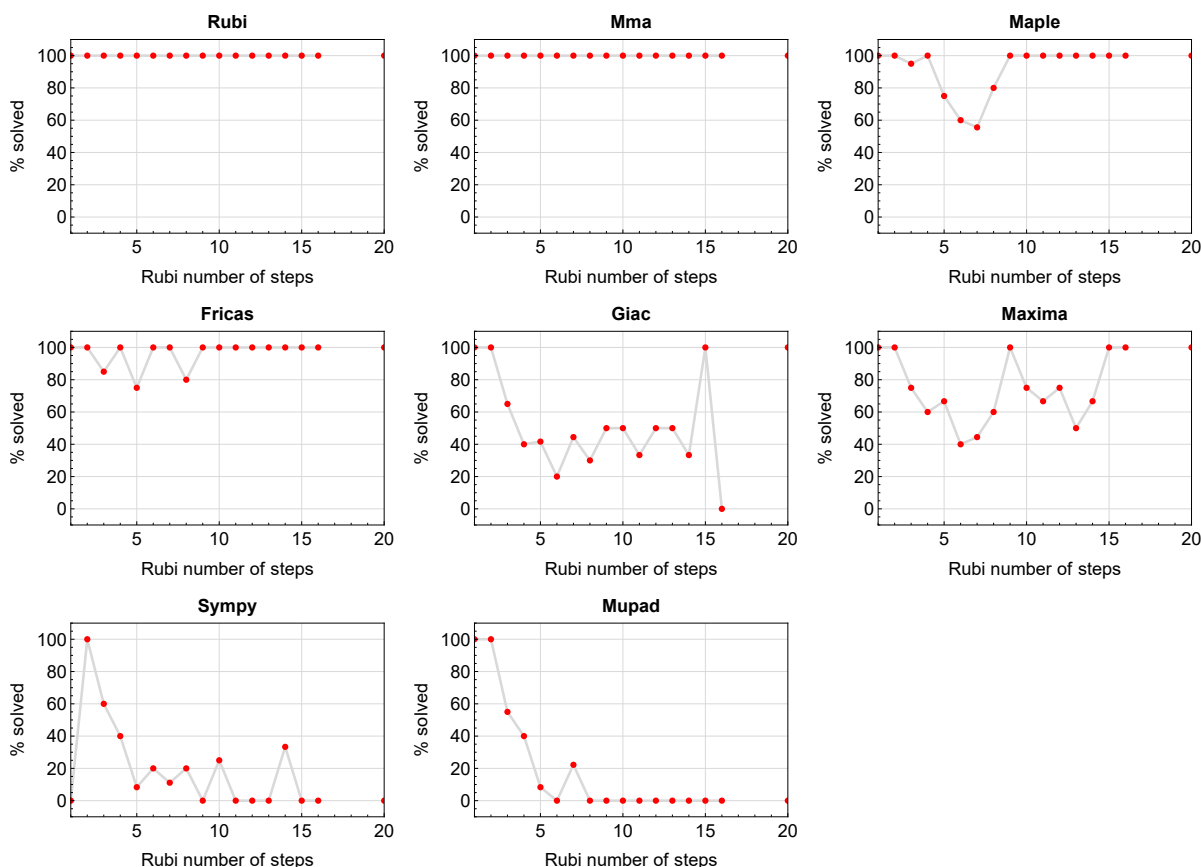


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

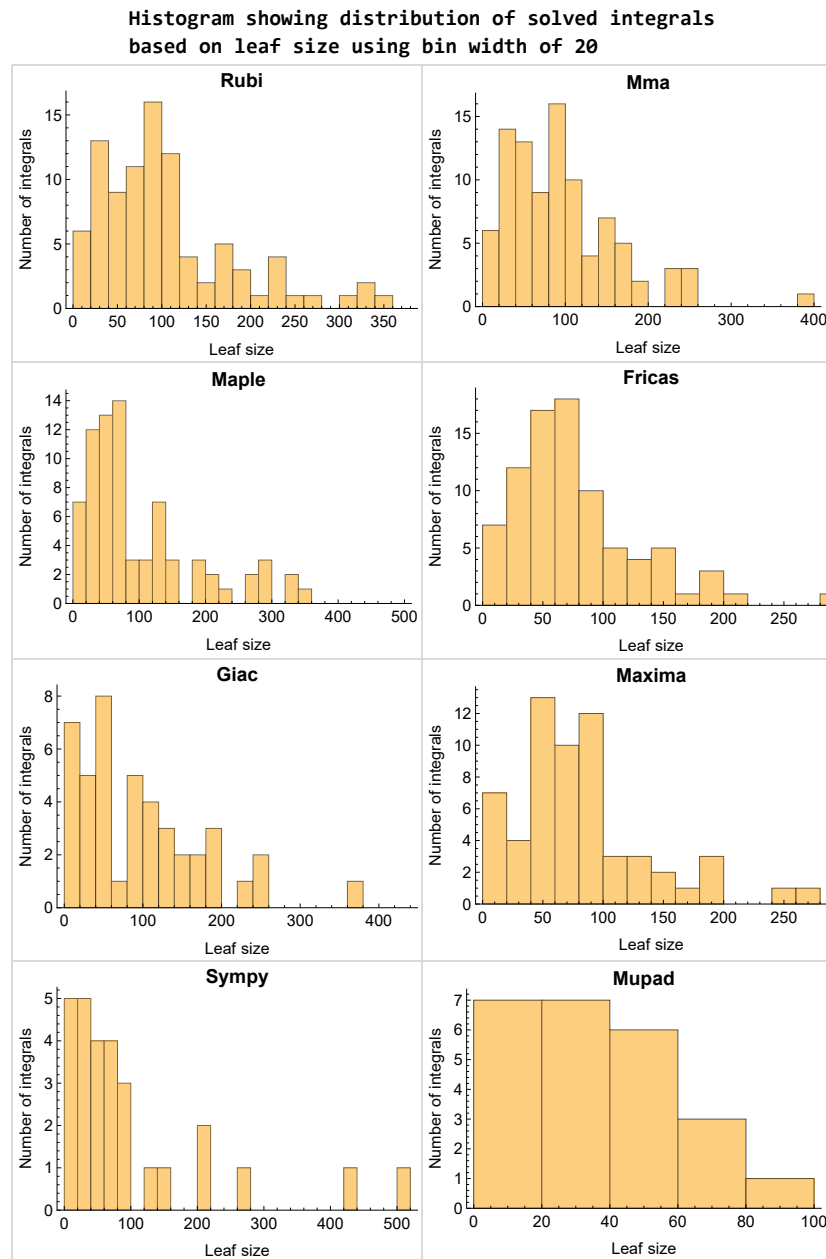


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

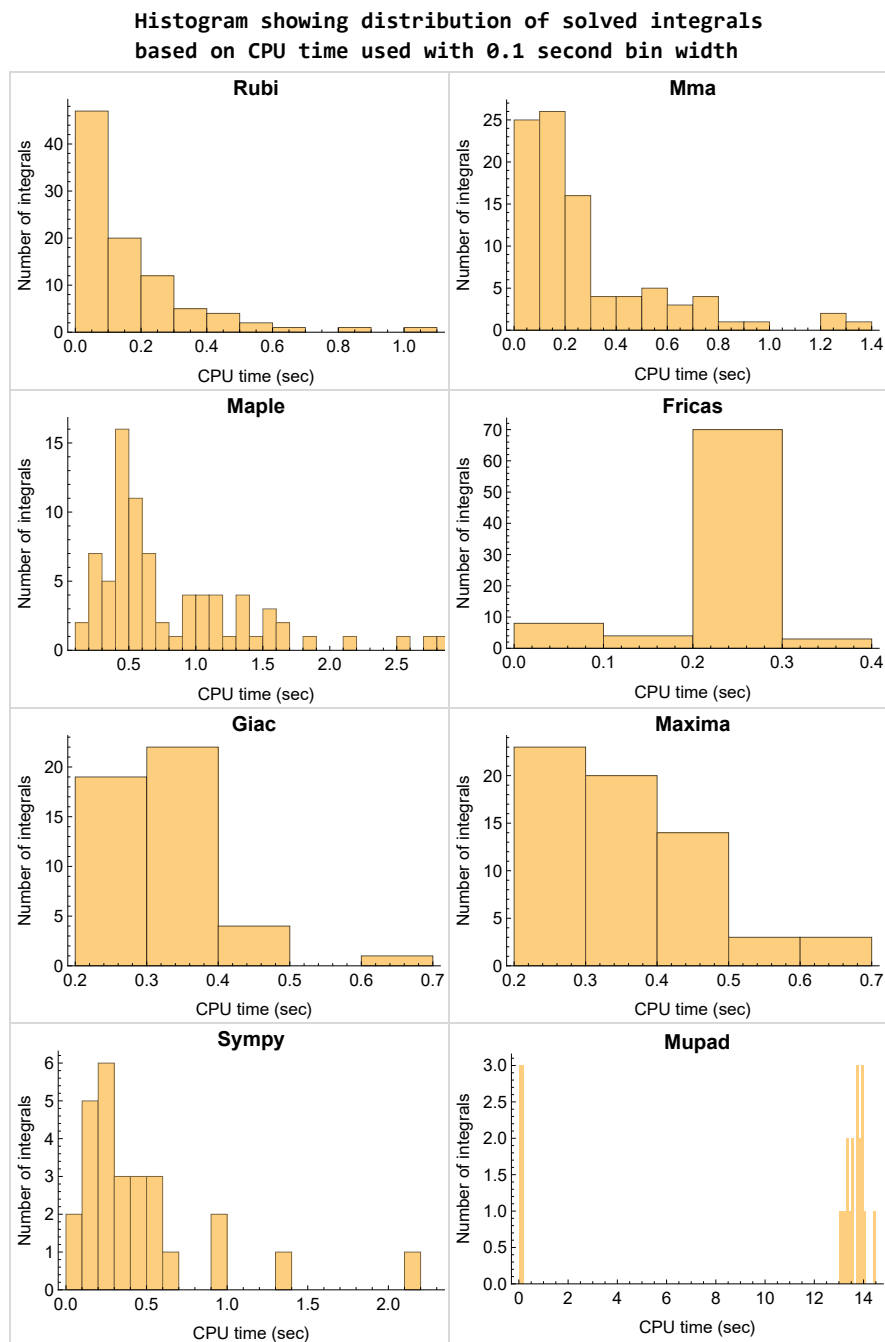


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

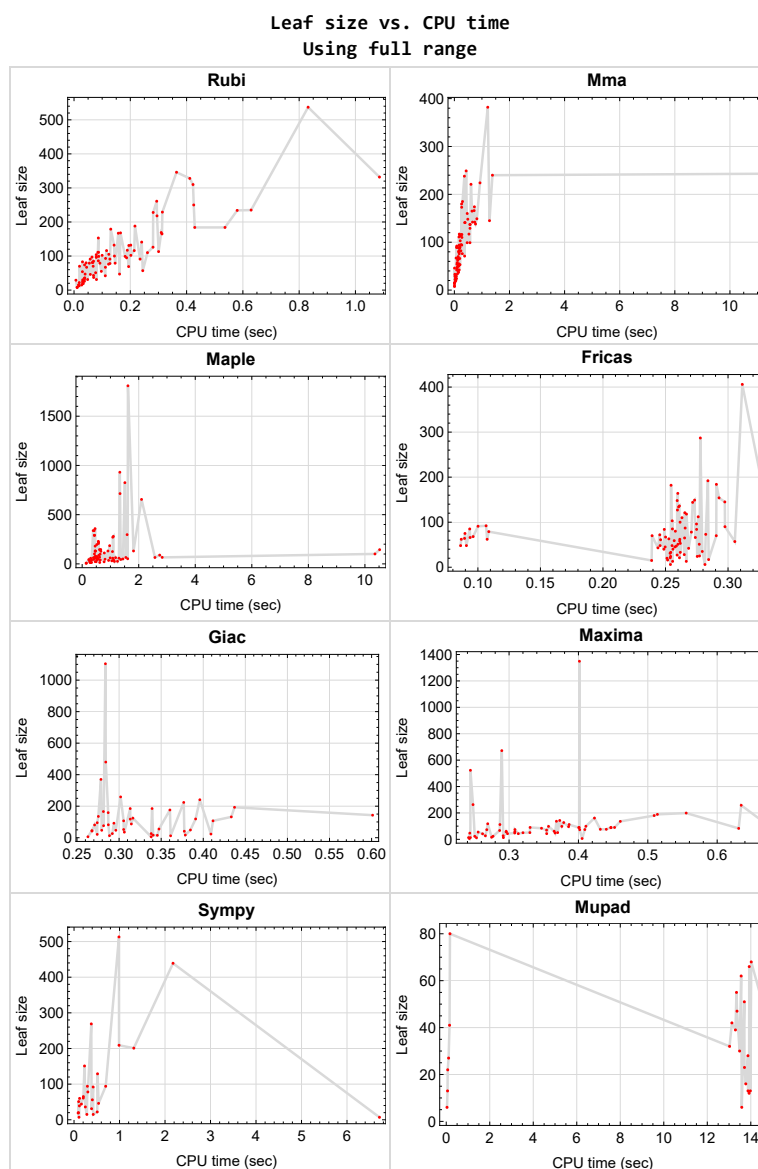


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{63, 64, 66, 68, 88, 89}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {12, 14, 19, 21}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'
'display2d : false'
'domain : complex'
'keepfloat : true'
'load(to_poly_solve)'
'load(simplify_sum)'
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
```

```
x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
if x is None:
    return 1
else:
    return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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June 27, 2023
Design-vide

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	22
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	25
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	46

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	22
Mma	22
Maple	23
Fricas	23
Maxima	23
Giac	24
Mupad	24
Sympy	24

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 91, 92, 96, 97 }

B grade { }

C grade { 90, 93, 94, 95, 98, 99 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 22, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 91, 92, 97 }

B grade { 90, 93, 94, 95, 96 }

C grade { 12, 14, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 73, 76, 98, 99 }

F normal fail { 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 65, 67, 74, 75, 77, 78 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 90, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97 }

B grade { }

C grade { 93, 94, 98, 99 }

F normal fail { 65, 67, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 3, 8, 10, 15, 17, 22, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 61, 62, 91, 92, 97 }

B grade { 90, 95, 96 }

C grade { 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 69, 70, 71, 72, 85, 86, 87 }

F normal fail { 65, 67, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 93, 94, 98, 99 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 }

Giac

A grade { 1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 17, 19, 22, 37, 38, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 61, 62, 90, 91, 92, 96, 97 }

B grade { 7, 14, 21, 35, 36, 39, 95 }

C grade { 2, 4, 9, 11, 16, 18, 49, 50, 51, 55, 56, 57, 85, 86, 87 }

F normal fail { 6, 13, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44, 52, 53, 54, 58, 59, 60, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 93, 94, 98, 99 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 3, 4, 8, 10, 15, 17, 22, 37, 38, 39, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 61, 62, 85, 86, 87, 92, 97 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 40, 41, 44, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 1, 3, 4, 8, 11, 15, 17, 18, 22, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 46, 47, 48, 62, 90, 91, 92, 97 }

B grade { 2, 9, 10, 16, 45, 61 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 40, 41, 42, 44, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	29	31	27	27	36	45	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.91	0.79	0.79	1.06	1.32	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.036	0.064	1.050	0.292	0.259	0.249	0.268	0.109

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	B	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	82	58	67	72	209	135	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.64	0.74	0.79	2.30	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.057	0.167	1.082	0.286	0.245	0.989	0.275	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	13	13	19	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.016	0.005	0.621	0.242	0.267	0.091	0.289	0.060

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	57	44	48	61	61	95	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.63	0.69	0.87	0.87	1.36	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.020	0.102	0.236	0.308	0.246	0.202	0.274	13.703

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	24	22	43	21	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.88	1.72	0.84	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.030	0.060	0.289	0.354	0.261	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	81	57	73	70	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.71	0.91	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.043	0.196	0.301	0.402	0.239	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	42	39	48	40	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.14	0.95	0.00	2.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.111	0.083	0.333	0.366	0.249	0.000	0.315	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	40	42	42	45	78	76	41
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.82	0.82	0.88	1.53	1.49	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.077	0.139	0.524	0.262	0.257	0.304	0.282	0.153

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	B	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	87	63	90	84	201	118	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.69	0.99	0.92	2.21	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.127	0.181	0.452	0.330	0.249	1.313	0.313	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	27	23	23	28	60	26	22
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.74	0.74	0.90	1.94	0.84	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.048	0.044	0.459	0.277	0.265	0.122	0.338	0.068

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	67	45	70	59	56	82	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.64	1.00	0.84	0.80	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.068	0.063	0.404	0.354	0.257	0.403	0.287	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	34	68	51	31	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.84	1.38	0.84	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.070	0.113	0.616	0.370	0.254	0.000	0.306	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	76	62	83	66	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	1.09	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.123	0.175	0.398	0.631	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	C	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	50	98	61	48	0	107	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	1.72	1.07	0.84	0.00	1.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.134	0.635	0.365	0.246	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	55	66	58	58	92	92	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.84	0.73	0.73	1.16	1.16	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.092	0.163	0.527	0.308	0.261	0.420	0.294	13.928

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	B	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	188	160	130	143	148	439	259	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.69	0.76	0.79	2.34	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.467	0.457	0.373	0.259	2.176	0.302	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	26	27	25	44	26	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.82	0.76	1.33	0.79	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.037	0.019	1.250	0.266	0.277	0.162	0.292	13.870

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	153	116	101	112	121	129	185	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.66	0.73	0.79	0.84	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.086	0.254	0.434	0.387	0.265	0.517	0.339	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	125	89	47	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	2.27	1.62	0.85	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.097	0.156	1.072	0.400	0.259	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	166	128	152	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.76	0.90	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.716	0.661	0.662	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	C	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	90	185	98	80	0	185	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	2.03	1.08	0.88	0.00	2.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.190	0.972	0.376	0.258	0.000	0.313	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	54	50	55	51	94	52	55
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.75	0.82	0.76	1.40	0.78	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.045	0.093	1.441	0.255	0.277	0.696	0.305	14.405

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	113	229	0	64	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	2.06	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.087	0.210	0.572	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	111	290	0	62	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.61	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.085	0.168	0.439	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	89	290	0	48	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	3.58	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.067	0.106	0.429	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	89	338	0	48	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	4.17	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.065	0.079	0.390	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	114	338	0	66	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	3.45	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.080	0.205	0.426	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	117	358	0	75	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	3.44	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.079	0.180	0.456	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	142	0	0	92	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.738	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	142	0	0	91	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.142	0.659	0.000	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	99	0	0	68	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.144	0.566	0.000	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	99	0	0	62	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.079	0.464	0.000	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	137	0	0	79	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.563	0.000	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	137	0	0	85	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.116	0.573	0.000	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	39	57	33	0	132	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.26	1.84	1.06	0.00	4.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.080	0.038	0.640	0.296	0.254	0.000	0.433	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	21	43	20	15	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	2.15	1.00	0.75	2.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.030	0.054	0.776	0.298	0.251	0.422	0.377	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	14	13	15	15	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.018	0.006	0.293	0.292	0.239	0.282	0.345	13.872

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	29	35	51	33	31	49	30
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.17	1.70	1.10	1.03	1.63	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.031	0.056	0.935	0.330	0.262	0.386	0.385	13.486

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	46	47	50	43	46	107	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.09	0.93	1.00	2.33	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.007	0.810	0.320	0.244	0.540	0.412	13.366

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	80	57	127	73	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.72	1.61	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.054	0.151	0.477	0.379	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	24	22	43	21	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.88	1.72	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.033	0.049	0.496	0.313	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	62	48	98	65	0	0	55
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.65	1.32	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.037	0.121	0.571	0.357	0.265	0.000	0.000	13.343

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	13	17	22	17	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.87	1.13	1.47	1.13	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.027	0.005	0.332	0.244	0.284	0.510	0.379	13.978

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	88	64	74	84	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.66	0.76	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.064	0.180	0.532	0.308	0.275	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	18	14	12	13	39	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.74	0.63	0.68	2.05	0.63	0.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.033	0.036	0.295	0.253	0.256	0.117	0.361	13.923

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	8	8	8	7	6	6	7	6	6
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.75	0.75	0.88	0.75	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.011	0.004	0.148	0.243	0.282	0.108	0.338	0.036

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	17	16	16	20	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.77	0.73	0.73	0.91	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.019	0.025	0.271	0.275	0.252	0.098	0.340	13.769

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	31	34	23	24	51	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.94	0.64	0.67	1.42	0.64	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.038	0.035	0.273	0.251	0.275	0.101	0.409	13.709

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	235	165	196	136	145	0	241	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.83	0.58	0.62	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.629	0.640	0.516	0.460	0.297	0.000	0.396	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	169	141	131	112	118	0	193	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.78	0.66	0.70	0.00	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.388	0.466	0.287	0.267	0.000	0.437	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	94	64	73	78	0	143	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.65	0.74	0.79	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	0.177	0.428	0.268	0.271	0.000	0.601	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	110	78	74	96	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.71	0.67	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.274	0.465	0.409	0.275	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	180	129	76	134	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.70	0.41	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.263	0.468	0.440	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	250	238	180	76	164	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.72	0.30	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.364	0.459	0.432	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	310	174	219	161	184	0	224	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.56	0.71	0.52	0.59	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.727	0.579	0.423	0.291	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	218	148	145	137	144	0	176	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.67	0.63	0.66	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.487	0.612	0.368	0.272	0.000	0.360	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	103	67	96	90	0	124	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.66	0.94	0.88	0.00	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.212	0.525	0.386	0.298	0.000	0.316	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	116	87	88	100	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.76	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.272	0.587	0.447	0.262	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	228	185	146	90	154	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.64	0.39	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.296	0.656	0.452	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	328	328	249	207	90	192	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.63	0.27	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.428	0.577	0.447	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	66	58	47	48	513	47	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.67	0.55	0.56	5.97	0.55	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.086	0.105	1.300	0.243	0.255	0.988	0.296	13.557

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	8	8	8	7	6	6	7	6	6
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.75	0.75	0.88	0.75	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.011	0.005	0.140	0.405	0.254	6.713	0.263	13.585

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	20	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.11	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.024	1.532	0.328	1.220	0.274	8.542	0.944	13.233

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	19	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.95	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.026	1.667	0.240	1.610	0.270	27.056	5.770	13.098

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.112	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	22	24	24	20	24	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.91	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.060	1.750	0.403	1.421	0.274	8.259	0.940	13.325

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	149	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.817	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	26	24	26	26	22	26	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.92	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.059	1.853	0.371	1.683	0.263	25.848	5.988	14.403

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	24	25	90	24	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.96	3.46	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.037	0.074	1.141	0.401	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	37	40	99	35	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.93	2.30	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.069	0.153	1.111	0.411	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	53	52	180	51	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.78	2.69	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.111	0.179	1.610	0.509	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	66	66	189	62	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.84	2.39	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.146	0.196	2.831	0.514	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	92	75	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.030	0.087	0.517	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	45	45	0	45	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.96	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.099	1.365	0.000	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	53	65	0	53	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.94	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.205	2.574	0.000	0.262	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	95	101	0	85	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.89	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.245	10.355	0.000	0.256	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	70	65	0	70	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.83	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.128	0.139	1.545	0.000	0.291	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	82	89	0	87	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.94	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.236	2.741	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	165	141	144	0	127	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.87	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.377	10.520	0.000	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	76	131	258	112	0	159	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	1.32	2.61	1.13	0.00	1.61	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.088	0.288	1.816	0.635	0.276	0.000	0.287	0.172

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	42	63	199	63	0	119	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.34	4.23	1.34	0.00	2.53	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.039	0.175	1.182	0.555	0.253	0.000	0.391	13.295

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	36	84	40	0	55	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.24	2.90	1.38	0.00	1.90	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.007	0.023	0.246	0.347	0.256	0.000	0.347	13.023

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	23	20	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.92	1.67	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.010	2.301	0.153	0.418	0.246	0.993	0.308	13.149

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	23	22	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.92	1.83	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.010	3.929	0.158	0.416	0.253	0.949	0.318	13.085

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	346	224	825	672	103	269	480	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	2.38	1.94	0.30	0.78	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.930	1.511	0.290	0.255	0.379	0.284	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	167	71	297	263	67	151	166	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.43	1.78	1.57	0.40	0.90	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.372	1.590	0.248	0.250	0.231	0.281	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	48	61	60	42	65	42	42
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.13	1.11	0.78	1.20	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.030	0.103	0.990	0.296	0.268	0.205	0.268	13.131

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	145	271	0	149	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	2.15	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	1.275	1.083	0.000	0.273	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	240	714	0	210	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	3.88	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	1.382	1.339	0.000	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	537	537	382	1809	1349	182	0	1104	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	3.37	2.51	0.34	0.00	2.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	1.212	1.619	0.401	0.254	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	261	117	655	523	110	0	370	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	2.51	2.00	0.42	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.529	2.100	0.244	0.263	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	65	131	118	57	94	81	68
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.54	1.39	0.67	1.11	0.95	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.069	0.157	0.913	0.269	0.305	0.293	0.271	14.020

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	234	243	279	0	287	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.19	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	11.083	1.105	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	332	138	931	0	406	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.42	2.80	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.085	0.768	1.332	0.000	0.311	0.000	0.000	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [35] had the largest ratio of [.6250000000000000000]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
2	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
3	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
4	A	3	3	1.00	8	0.375
5	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
6	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
7	A	5	5	1.00	12	0.417
8	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
9	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
10	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
11	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
12	A	5	4	1.00	14	0.286
13	A	6	6	1.00	14	0.429
14	A	7	6	1.00	14	0.429
15	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
16	A	10	5	1.00	14	0.357
17	A	3	2	1.00	12	0.167
18	A	8	4	1.00	10	0.400
19	A	8	4	1.00	14	0.286
20	A	9	5	1.00	14	0.357
21	A	12	6	1.00	14	0.429
22	A	3	2	1.00	12	0.167
23	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
24	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
25	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
26	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
27	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
28	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
29	A	7	5	1.00	16	0.312
30	A	7	5	1.00	16	0.312
31	A	6	4	1.00	16	0.250
32	A	6	4	1.00	16	0.250
33	A	7	5	1.00	16	0.312
34	A	7	6	1.00	16	0.375
35	A	5	5	1.00	8	0.625
36	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
37	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
38	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
39	A	4	3	1.00	12	0.250
40	A	5	5	1.00	8	0.625
41	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
42	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
43	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
44	A	5	5	1.00	12	0.417
45	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
46	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
47	A	3	3	1.00	6	0.500
48	A	3	3	1.00	8	0.375
49	A	13	7	1.00	16	0.438
50	A	10	7	1.00	16	0.438
51	A	7	7	1.00	16	0.438
52	A	8	7	1.00	16	0.438
53	A	11	7	1.00	16	0.438
54	A	14	7	1.00	16	0.438
55	A	15	10	1.00	18	0.556
56	A	12	9	1.00	18	0.500
57	A	9	8	1.00	18	0.444
58	A	10	9	1.00	18	0.500
59	A	12	10	1.00	18	0.556

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
60	A	16	9	1.00	18	0.500
61	A	7	5	1.00	8	0.625
62	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
63	N/A	0	0	1.00	18	0.000
64	N/A	0	0	1.00	20	0.000
65	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
66	N/A	0	0	1.00	22	0.000
67	A	5	5	1.00	22	0.227
68	N/A	0	0	1.00	24	0.000
69	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
70	A	5	4	1.00	14	0.286
71	A	8	4	1.00	14	0.286
72	A	8	4	1.00	14	0.286
73	A	3	2	1.00	8	0.250
74	A	5	3	1.00	10	0.300
75	A	8	3	1.00	10	0.300
76	A	3	2	1.00	12	0.167
77	A	5	3	1.00	14	0.214
78	A	8	3	1.00	14	0.214
79	A	5	5	1.00	16	0.312
80	A	7	6	1.00	18	0.333
81	A	12	6	1.00	18	0.333
82	A	6	5	1.00	16	0.312
83	A	8	6	1.00	18	0.333
84	A	14	6	1.00	18	0.333
85	A	7	6	1.00	12	0.500
86	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
87	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
88	N/A	0	0	1.00	12	0.000
89	N/A	0	0	1.00	12	0.000
90	A	14	3	1.00	18	0.167
91	A	8	3	1.00	16	0.188
92	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
93	A	8	4	1.00	18	0.222

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
94	A	10	6	1.00	18	0.333
95	A	20	4	1.00	18	0.222
96	A	11	4	1.00	16	0.250
97	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
98	A	11	4	1.00	18	0.222
99	A	13	6	1.00	18	0.333

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	55
3.2	$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	59
3.3	$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	64
3.4	$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	68
3.5	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$	72
3.6	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$	76
3.7	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$	80
3.8	$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$	85
3.9	$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$	89
3.10	$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$	94
3.11	$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$	98
3.12	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$	102
3.13	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$	106
3.14	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$	111
3.15	$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$	116
3.16	$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$	121
3.17	$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$	128
3.18	$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$	132
3.19	$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$	137
3.20	$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$	141
3.21	$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$	147
3.22	$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx$	152
3.23	$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	156
3.24	$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	160
3.25	$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$	164

3.26	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	168
3.27	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	172
3.28	$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	176
3.29	$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a+bx^2) dx$	180
3.30	$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a+bx^2) dx$	184
3.31	$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a+bx^2) dx$	188
3.32	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	192
3.33	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	196
3.34	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	200
3.35	$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$	204
3.36	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx$	208
3.37	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx$	212
3.38	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx$	216
3.39	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx$	220
3.40	$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx$	224
3.41	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx$	229
3.42	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx$	233
3.43	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx$	237
3.44	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$	241
3.45	$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	246
3.46	$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	250
3.47	$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx$	253
3.48	$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx$	257
3.49	$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	261
3.50	$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	270
3.51	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	277
3.52	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx$	283
3.53	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx$	289
3.54	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx$	296
3.55	$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	304
3.56	$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	315
3.57	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	322
3.58	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx$	328

3.59	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx$	334
3.60	$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx$	342
3.61	$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	352
3.62	$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx$	359
3.63	$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	363
3.64	$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	366
3.65	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	369
3.66	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	373
3.67	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	376
3.68	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$	381
3.69	$\int \frac{\cos(ax^n)}{x} dx$	384
3.70	$\int \frac{\cos^2(ax^n)}{x} dx$	388
3.71	$\int \frac{\cos^3(ax^n)}{x} dx$	392
3.72	$\int \frac{\cos^4(ax^n)}{x} dx$	396
3.73	$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx$	400
3.74	$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$	404
3.75	$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$	408
3.76	$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx$	412
3.77	$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$	416
3.78	$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$	420
3.79	$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$	424
3.80	$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$	428
3.81	$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$	433
3.82	$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$	438
3.83	$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$	442
3.84	$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$	447
3.85	$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$	453
3.86	$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$	459
3.87	$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$	464
3.88	$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx$	468
3.89	$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$	471
3.90	$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$	474
3.91	$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$	483
3.92	$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$	489
3.93	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} dx$	493
3.94	$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x^2} dx$	498
3.95	$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx$	504
3.96	$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx$	521
3.97	$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx$	529

3.98	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x} dx$	534
3.99	$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x^2} dx$	541

3.1 $\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	55
Rubi [A] (verified)	55
Mathematica [A] (verified)	56
Maple [A] (verified)	57
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	57
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	57
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	58
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	58
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	58

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[Out] 1/2*cos(b*x^2+a)/b^2+1/2*x^2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3461, 3377, 2718}

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[In] Int[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]

[Out] Cos[a + b*x^2]/(2*b^2) + (x^2*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(2*b)

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int x \cos(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\text{Subst}(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, x^2)}{2b} \\
&= \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(a + bx^2) + bx^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b^2}$$

[In] Integrate[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]

[Out] (Cos[a + b*x^2] + b*x^2*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(2*b^2)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
risch	$\frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1 + \tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right) x^2 b}{b^2 \left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{x^2 \tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{b}}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}$
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\cos(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{x^2 b \sin(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{x^2 b \cos(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\sin(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^2}$
parts	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} x^3 \cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} x^3 \sin(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3\pi^2 \left(\cos(a) \left(\frac{2 C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) x^3 b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{2}}{3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2x^2 b \sin(bx^2)}{3\pi^2} - \frac{2 \cos(bx^2+a)}{3\pi}\right)}{3\pi^2}$

```
[In] int(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*cos(b*x^2+a)/b^2+1/2*x^2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^2 \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(b*x^2*sin(b*x^2 + a) + cos(b*x^2 + a))/b^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \sin(a+bx^2)}{2b} + \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{2b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \cos(a)}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
[In] integrate(x**3*cos(b*x**2+a),x)
```

[Out] Piecewise((x**2*sin(a + b*x**2)/(2*b) + cos(a + b*x**2)/(2*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*cos(a)/4, True))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^2 \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*(b*x^2*sin(b*x^2 + a) + cos(b*x^2 + a))/b^2

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{a \sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/2*a*sin(b*x^2 + a)/b^2 + 1/2*((b*x^2 + a)*sin(b*x^2 + a) + cos(b*x^2 + a))/b^2

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a) + bx^2 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

[In] int(x^3*cos(a + b*x^2),x)

[Out] (cos(a + b*x^2) + b*x^2*sin(a + b*x^2))/(2*b^2)

3.2 $\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	59
Rubi [A] (verified)	59
Mathematica [A] (verified)	60
Maple [A] (verified)	61
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	61
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	62
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	62
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	63
Mupad [F(-1)]	63

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[Out] $1/2*x*\sin(b*x^2+a)/b-1/4*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}-1/4*\operatorname{FresnelC}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\sin(a)*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3467, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^2*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2], x]$

[Out] $-1/2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*x])/b^{(3/2)} - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*x]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/(2*b^{(3/2)}) + (x*\operatorname{Sin}[a + b*x^2])/(2*b)$

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3434

```
Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int
[Cos[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] /
; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3467

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))(m_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[e(n
- 1)*(e*x)(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*xn]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[en*(m - n + 1)/
(d*n), Int[(e*x)(m - n)*Sin[c + d*xn], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] &&
IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{x \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\int \sin(a + bx^2) dx}{2b} \\ &= \frac{x \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\cos(a) \int \sin(bx^2) dx}{2b} - \frac{\sin(a) \int \cos(bx^2) dx}{2b} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx \\ &= \frac{-\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a) + 2\sqrt{bx} \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]
```

```
[Out] (-Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[
Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a] + 2*Sqrt[b]*x*Ssin[a + b*x^2])/(4*b^(3/2))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
default	$\frac{x \sin(bx^2+a)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{8b\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{ie^{ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{8b\sqrt{-ib}} + \frac{x \sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} \sin(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}b} - \frac{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sin(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \cos(bx^2)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2} \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \sin(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\cos(a) \left(\frac{C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)x^2b}{\pi} - \frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2} \sin(bx^2)}{2\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\pi} \right) \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
[In] int(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*x*sin(b*x^2+a)/b-1/4/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) - 2bx \sin(bx^2 + a)}{4b^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/4*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) - 2*b*x*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(a) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| -\frac{b^2 x^4}{4}\right)}{8 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{\sqrt{b} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(a) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| -\frac{b^2 x^4}{4}\right)}{8 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2}$$

[In] integrate(x**2*cos(b*x**2+a),x)

[Out] $b^{3/2} x^5 \sqrt{1/b} \sin(a) \gamma(3/4) \gamma(5/4) \text{hyper}((3/4, 5/4), (3/2, 7/4, 9/4), -b^{**2} x^{**4}/4) / (8 \gamma(7/4) \gamma(9/4)) - \sqrt{b} x^3 \sqrt{1/b} \cos(a) \gamma(1/4) \gamma(3/4) \text{hyper}((1/4, 3/4), (1/2, 5/4, 7/4), -b^{**2} x^{**4}/4) / (8 \gamma(5/4) \gamma(7/4)) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{1/b} \sin(a) \text{fresnel}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} x / \sqrt{\pi}) / 2 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{1/b} \cos(a) \text{fresnel}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} x / \sqrt{\pi}) / 2$

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{8 b^2 x \sin(bx^2 + a) + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left((-i + 1) \cos(a) + (i - 1) \sin(a) \right) \text{erf}\left(\sqrt{i} \sqrt{bx}\right) + ((i - 1) \cos(a) - (i + 1) \sin(a)) \text{erf}\left(\sqrt{-i} \sqrt{bx}\right)}{16 b^3}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $1/16 * (8 * b^2 * x * \sin(b * x^2 + a) + \sqrt{2} * \sqrt{\pi} * ((-I + 1) * \cos(a) + (I - 1) * \sin(a)) * \text{erf}(\sqrt{I * b} * x) + ((I - 1) * \cos(a) - (I + 1) * \sin(a)) * \text{erf}(\sqrt{-I * b} * x)) * b^{(3/2)}) / b^3$

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{ix e^{(ibx^2+ia)}}{4b} + \frac{ix e^{(-ibx^2-ia)}}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{(ia)}}{8b\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{(-ia)}}{8b\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-1/4*I*x*e^{(I*b*x^2 + I*a)/b} + 1/4*I*x*e^{(-I*b*x^2 - I*a)/b} - 1/8*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-1/2*I*\sqrt{2}*x*(I*b/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 1)*\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})*e^{(I*a)/(b*(I*b/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 1)*\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})} - 1/8*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(1/2*I*\sqrt{2}*x*(-I*b/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 1)*\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})*e^{(-I*a)/(b*(-I*b/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 1)*\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})}$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^2 \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2),x)

[Out] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2), x)

3.3 $\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	64
Rubi [A] (verified)	64
Mathematica [A] (verified)	65
Maple [A] (verified)	65
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	66
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	66
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	66
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	67
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	67

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[Out] 1/2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3461, 2717}

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]

[Out] Sin[a + b*x^2]/(2*b)

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
&& (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
```


m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]

[Out] Sin[a + b*x^2]/(2*b)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{\sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
default	$\frac{\sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
risch	$\frac{\sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\sin(bx^2+a)}{2b}$
norman	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{b\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}$
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a) \sin(bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\cos(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{2b}$
parts	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x \sin(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} x \cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos(a) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\sin(bx^2)}{\pi} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$

[In] int(x*cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/2*\sin(b*x^2+a)/b$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/2*\sin(b*x^2 + a)/b$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(a+bx^2)}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \cos(a)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(b*x**2+a),x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((sin(a + b*x**2)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cos(a)/2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $1/2*\sin(b*x^2 + a)/b$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*sin(b*x^2 + a)/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(bx^2 + a)}{2b}$$

```
[In] int(x*cos(a + b*x^2),x)
```

```
[Out] sin(a + b*x^2)/(2*b)
```

3.4 $\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	68
Rubi [A] (verified)	68
Mathematica [A] (verified)	69
Maple [A] (verified)	69
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	70
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	70
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	70
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	71
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	71

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

[Out] $1/2*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}-1/2*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\sin(a)*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3435, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b*x^2],x]`

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*x])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*x]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[b]$

Rule 3432

`Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3435

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int
[Cos[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] /
; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \cos(a) \int \cos(bx^2) dx - \sin(a) \int \sin(bx^2) dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{\sqrt{b}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a) \right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2],x]
```

```
[Out] (Sqrt[Pi/2]*(Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x] - FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[
2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a]))/Sqrt[b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$	44
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{b}}$	52
risch	$\frac{e^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{4\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{e^{ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{4\sqrt{-ib}}$	52

```
[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} \cdot \pi^{(1/2)} / b^{(1/2)} \cdot (\cos(a) \cdot \text{FresnelC}(x \cdot b^{(1/2)} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)}) - \sin(a) \cdot \text{FresnelS}(x \cdot b^{(1/2)} \cdot 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) C\left(\sqrt{2}x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(\sqrt{2}x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a)}{2b}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot (\sqrt{2} \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{b/\pi} \cdot \cos(a) \cdot \text{fresnel_cos}(\sqrt{2} \cdot x \cdot \sqrt{b/\pi}) - \sqrt{2} \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{b/\pi} \cdot \text{fresnel_sin}(\sqrt{2} \cdot x \cdot \sqrt{b/\pi}) \cdot \sin(a)) / b$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\sin(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \cos(a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}}{2}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a),x)`

[Out] $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot (-\sin(a) \cdot \text{fresnelS}(\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x / \sqrt{\pi}) + \cos(a) \cdot \text{fresnelC}(\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x / \sqrt{\pi})) \cdot \sqrt{1/b} / 2$

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(((i-1) \cos(a) + (i+1) \sin(a)) \text{erf}(\sqrt{i} \sqrt{bx}) + (-(i+1) \cos(a) - (i-1) \sin(a)) \text{erf}(\sqrt{-i} \sqrt{bx}) \right)}{8\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-1/8 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \cdot (((I-1) \cdot \cos(a) + (I+1) \cdot \sin(a)) \cdot \text{erf}(\sqrt{I} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x) + (-(I+1) \cdot \cos(a) - (I-1) \cdot \sin(a)) \cdot \text{erf}(\sqrt{-I} \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot x)) / \sqrt{b}$

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{ia}}{4\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{-ia}}{4\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(I*a)/((I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(-I*a)/((-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \cos(a)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(a)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2),x)

[Out] (2^(1/2)*pi^(1/2)*fresnelc((2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x)/pi^(1/2))*cos(a)/(2*b^(1/2)) - (2^(1/2)*pi^(1/2)*fresnels((2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x)/pi^(1/2))*sin(a)/(2*b^(1/2))

3.5 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	72
Rubi [A] (verified)	72
Mathematica [A] (verified)	73
Maple [A] (verified)	73
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	74
Sympy [F]	74
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	74
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	75
Mupad [F(-1)]	75

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[Out] 1/2*Ci(b*x^2)*cos(a)-1/2*Si(b*x^2)*sin(a)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x,x]

[Out] (Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^2])/2 - (Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^2])/2

Rule 3456

Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3457

Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \cos(a) \int \frac{\cos(bx^2)}{x} dx - \sin(a) \int \frac{\sin(bx^2)}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^2) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^2))$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x,x]
```

```
[Out] (Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^2] - Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^2])/2
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{Ci}(bx^2) \cos(a)}{2} - \frac{\text{Si}(bx^2) \sin(a)}{2}$	22
risch	$\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)e^{-ia}}{4} - \frac{i \text{Si}(bx^2)e^{-ia}}{2} - \frac{e^{-ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)}{4} - \frac{e^{ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)}{4}$	63
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2\gamma+4\ln(x)+\ln(b^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{2 \text{Ci}(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{4} - \frac{\text{Si}(bx^2) \sin(a)}{2}$	72

```
[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*Ci(b*x^2)*cos(a)-1/2*Si(b*x^2)*sin(a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/2*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^2) - 1/2*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/x, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} (\operatorname{Ei}(i bx^2) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^2)) \cos(a) + \frac{1}{4} (i \operatorname{Ei}(i bx^2) - i \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^2)) \sin(a) \end{aligned}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/4*(Ei(I*b*x^2) + Ei(-I*b*x^2))*cos(a) + 1/4*(I*Ei(I*b*x^2) - I*Ei(-I*b*x^2))*sin(a)

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/2*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^2) - 1/2*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{cosint}(bx^2)}{2} - \frac{\sin(a) \operatorname{sinint}(bx^2)}{2}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x,x)

[Out] (cos(a)*cosint(b*x^2))/2 - (sin(a)*sinint(b*x^2))/2

3.6 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	76
Rubi [A] (verified)	76
Mathematica [A] (verified)	77
Maple [A] (verified)	78
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	78
Sympy [F]	78
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	79
Giac [F]	79
Mupad [F(-1)]	79

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)$$

[Out] $-\cos(b*x^2+a)/x - \cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)} - \operatorname{FresnelC}(x*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*\sin(a)*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3469, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]/x^2, x]$

[Out] $-(\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]/x) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2*\pi]*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*x] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2*\pi]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*x]*\operatorname{Sin}[a]$

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3434

```
Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int
[Cos[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] /
; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3469

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)
(m + 1)*(Cos[c + d*xn]/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[d*(n/(en*m + 1))], Int[(
e*x)(m + n)*Sin[c + d*xn], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} - (2b) \int \sin(a + bx^2) dx \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} - (2b \cos(a)) \int \sin(bx^2) dx - (2b \sin(a)) \int \cos(bx^2) dx \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx &= -\frac{\cos(a) \cos(bx^2)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \left(\cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a) \right) + \frac{\sin(a) \sin(bx^2)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -((Cos[a]*Cos[b*x^2])/x) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*(Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt
[2/Pi]*x] + FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a]) + (Sin[a]*Sin[b*x^2])/x
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)$	57
risch	$-\frac{ie^{-ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{2\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{ie^{ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{2\sqrt{-ib}} - \frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{x}$	69
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{4\sqrt{2}\cos(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}x(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{b}S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{8} - \frac{\sin(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{4\sqrt{2}\sin(bx^2)}{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} + 8C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{8}$	110

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -cos(b*x^2+a)/x-b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2}x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{2}x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)}{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -(sqrt(2)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + sqrt(2)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) + cos(b*x^2 + a))/x

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/x**2, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^2} \left((-i + 1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, i bx^2\right) + (i - 1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -i bx^2\right) \right) \cos(a) + \left((i - 1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, i bx^2\right) - (i + 1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -i bx^2\right) \right) \sin(a)}{8x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2)*((-I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, I*b*x^2) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -I*b*x^2))*cos(a) + ((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, I*b*x^2) - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -I*b*x^2))*sin(a))/x

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)/x^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^2,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^2, x)

3.7 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	80
Rubi [A] (verified)	80
Mathematica [A] (verified)	82
Maple [A] (verified)	82
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	82
Sympy [F]	83
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	83
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	83
Mupad [F(-1)]	84

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) - \frac{1}{2}b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[Out] $-1/2*\cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2-1/2*b*\cos(a)*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^2)-1/2*b*\operatorname{Ci}(b*x^2)*\sin(a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b \sin(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{2}b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{2x^2}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]/x^3, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]/x^2 - (b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^2]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/2 - (b*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^2])/2$

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
]
```

Rule 3380


```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
 &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} b \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
 &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} (b \sin(a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
 &= -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} b \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) - \frac{1}{2} b \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos(a + bx^2) + bx^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) + bx^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)}{2x^2}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x^3,x]

[Out] -1/2*(Cos[a + b*x^2] + b*x^2*CosIntegral[b*x^2]*Sin[a] + b*x^2*Cos[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^2])/x^2

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{2x^2} - b \left(\frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)}{2} + \frac{\sin(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2)}{2} \right)$
risch	$\frac{e^{-ia} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)b}{4} - \frac{e^{-ia} \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)b}{2} + \frac{i \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)e^{-ia}b}{4} - \frac{ie^{ia}b \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)}{4} - \frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{2x^2}$
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2} \left(-\frac{4b^2 \cos(x^2\sqrt{b^2})}{x^2(b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4 \operatorname{Si}(x^2\sqrt{b^2})}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8} - \frac{\sin(a)\sqrt{\pi}b \left(\frac{4\gamma-4+8\ln(x)+4\ln(b)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\ln\left(\frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\sin(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}x^2b} \right)}{8}$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/2*cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2-b*(1/2*cos(a)*Si(b*x^2)+1/2*sin(a)*Ci(b*x^2))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bx^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a) + bx^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) + \cos(bx^2 + a)}{2x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -1/2*(b*x^2*cos_integral(b*x^2)*sin(a) + b*x^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) + cos(b*x^2 + a))/x^2

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x**3,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/x**3, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4} ((i\Gamma(-1, i bx^2) - i\Gamma(-1, -i bx^2)) \cos(a) + (\Gamma(-1, i bx^2) + \Gamma(-1, -i bx^2)) \sin(a)) b$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/4*((I*gamma(-1, I*b*x^2) - I*gamma(-1, -I*b*x^2))*cos(a) + (gamma(-1, I*b*x^2) + gamma(-1, -I*b*x^2))*sin(a))*b

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)b^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a) - ab^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a) + (bx^2 + a)b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - ab^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) + b^2}{2b^2x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/2*((b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos_integral(b*x^2)*sin(a) - a*b^2*cos_integral(b*x^2)*sin(a) + (b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) - a*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) + b^2*cos(b*x^2 + a))/(b^2*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^3} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^3,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^3, x)
```

3.8 $\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	85
Rubi [A] (verified)	85
Mathematica [A] (verified)	86
Maple [A] (verified)	86
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	87
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	87
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	88
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	88
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	88

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b}$$

[Out] 1/8*x^4+1/8*cos(b*x^2+a)^2/b^2+1/4*x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)*sin(b*x^2+a)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3461, 3391, 30}

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2) \cos(a + bx^2)}{4b} + \frac{x^4}{8}$$

[In] Int[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] x^4/8 + Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/(8*b^2) + (x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2]*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(4*b)

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && N eQ[m, -1]

Rule 3391

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b

```
*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1)/(f*n), x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int x \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b} + \frac{1}{4} \text{Subst} \left(\int x dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(2(a + bx^2)) + 2bx^2(bx^2 + \sin(2(a + bx^2)))}{16b^2}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] (Cos[2*(a + b*x^2)] + 2*b*x^2*(b*x^2 + Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)]))/(16*b^2)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2 \sin(2bx^2+2a)}{8b} + \frac{\cos(2bx^2+2a)}{16b^2}$	42
risch	$\frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2 \sin(2bx^2+2a)}{8b} + \frac{\cos(2bx^2+2a)}{16b^2}$	42
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^4b^2+2x^2 \sin(2bx^2+2a)b+\cos(2bx^2+2a)-1}{16b^2}$	44
norman	$\frac{\frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^4 \left(\tan^2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right) \right)}{4} + \frac{x^4 \left(\tan^4 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right) \right)}{8} + \frac{x^2 \tan \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^2 \left(\tan^3 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right) \right)}{2b} - \frac{\tan^2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right)}{2b^2}}{\left(1 + \tan^2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2} \right) \right)^2}$	119

[In] `int(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/8*x^4+1/8/b*x^2*\sin(2*b*x^2+2*a)+1/16/b^2*\cos(2*b*x^2+2*a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{b^2 x^4 + 2bx^2 \cos(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{8b^2}$$

[In] `integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/8*(b^2*x^4 + 2*b*x^2*\cos(b*x^2 + a)*\sin(b*x^2 + a) + \cos(b*x^2 + a)^2)/b^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \sin^2(a+bx^2)}{8} + \frac{x^4 \cos^2(a+bx^2)}{8} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a+bx^2) \cos(a+bx^2)}{4b} + \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{8b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \cos^2(a)}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(x**3*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((x**4*sin(a + b*x**2)**2/8 + x**4*cos(a + b*x**2)**2/8 + x**2*sin(a + b*x**2)*cos(a + b*x**2)/(4*b) + cos(a + b*x**2)**2/(8*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*cos(a)**2/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{2b^2x^4 + 2bx^2 \sin(2bx^2 + 2a) + \cos(2bx^2 + 2a)}{16b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/16*(2*b^2*x^4 + 2*b*x^2*sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a) + cos(2*b*x^2 + 2*a))/b^2

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{(2bx^2 + 2a + \sin(2bx^2 + 2a))a}{8b^2} + \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^2 + 2(bx^2 + a)\sin(2bx^2 + 2a) + \cos(2bx^2 + 2a)}{16b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/8*(2*b*x^2 + 2*a + sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a))*a/b^2 + 1/16*(2*(b*x^2 + a)^2 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)*sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a) + cos(2*b*x^2 + 2*a))/b^2

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^3 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(2bx^2 + 2a)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^4}{8} + \frac{x^2 \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$$

[In] int(x^3*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)

[Out] cos(2*a + 2*b*x^2)/(16*b^2) + x^4/8 + (x^2*sin(2*a + 2*b*x^2))/(8*b)

3.9 $\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	89
Rubi [A] (verified)	89
Mathematica [A] (verified)	91
Maple [A] (verified)	91
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	91
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	92
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	92
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	93
Mupad [F(-1)]	93

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(2a + 2bx^2)}{8b}$$

[Out] $1/6*x^3+1/8*x*\sin(2*b*x^2+2*a)/b-1/16*\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*x*b^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}-1/16*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*x*b^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\sin(2*a)*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec), antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3485, 3467, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(2a + 2bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x^3}{6}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^2*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^2, x]$

[Out] $x^3/6 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]*\operatorname{Cos}[2*a]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]])/(16*b^{(3/2)}) - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]]*\operatorname{Sin}[2*a])/(16*b^{(3/2)}) + (x*\operatorname{Sin}[2*a + 2*b*x^2])/(8*b)$

Rule 3432

`Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

Rule 3433

`Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

Rule 3434

`Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]`

Rule 3467

`Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m - n + 1)/(d*n)), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]`

Rule 3485

`Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \cos(2a + 2bx^2) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \int x^2 \cos(2a + 2bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x \sin(2a + 2bx^2)}{8b} - \frac{\int \sin(2a + 2bx^2) dx}{8b} \\
 &= \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x \sin(2a + 2bx^2)}{8b} - \frac{\cos(2a) \int \sin(2bx^2) dx}{8b} - \frac{\sin(2a) \int \cos(2bx^2) dx}{8b} \\
 &= \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{x \sin(2a + 2bx^2)}{8b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 2\sqrt{bx}(4bx^2 + 3 \sin(2(a + bx^2)))}{48b^{3/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] $(-3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}[(2\sqrt{bx})/\sqrt{\pi}] - 3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}[(2\sqrt{bx})/\sqrt{\pi}] \sin(2a) + 2\sqrt{bx}(4bx^2 + 3\sin(2(a + bx^2))))/(48b^{3/2})$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(2a) S\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(2a) C\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{16b^{3/2}}$	63
risch	$\frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{ie^{-2ia} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ib}x)}{64b\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{ie^{2ia} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-2ib}x)}{32b\sqrt{-2ib}} + \frac{x \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$	88

[In] int(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/6*x^3 + 1/8*x*\sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a)/b - 1/16/b^{3/2}*Pi^{1/2}*(\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*x*b^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}) + \sin(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*x*b^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{8b^2x^3 + 12bx \cos(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a) - 3\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) S\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - 3\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{48b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $1/48*(8*b^2*x^3 + 12*b*x*\cos(b*x^2 + a)*\sin(b*x^2 + a) - 3*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{fresnel_sin}(2*x*sqrt(b/pi)) - 3*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*\operatorname{fresnel_cos}(2*x*sqrt(b/pi))*\sin(2*a))/b^2$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(2a) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4} \right) -b^2 x^4}{8 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{b} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(2a) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4} \right) -b^2 x^4}{16 \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(2a) S\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(2a) C\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4}$$

[In] integrate(x**2*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)

[Out] b**(3/2)*x**5*sqrt(1/b)*sin(2*a)*gamma(3/4)*gamma(5/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/4), (3/2, 7/4, 9/4), -b**2*x**4)/(8*gamma(7/4)*gamma(9/4)) - sqrt(b)*x**3*sqrt(1/b)*cos(2*a)*gamma(1/4)*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/4), (1/2, 5/4, 7/4), -b**2*x**4)/(16*gamma(5/4)*gamma(7/4)) + x**3/6 - sqrt(pi)*x**2*sqrt(1/b)*sin(2*a)*fresnels(2*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi))/4 + sqrt(pi)*x**2*sqrt(1/b)*cos(2*a)*fresnelc(2*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi))/4

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{64 b^3 x^3 + 48 b^2 x \sin(2bx^2 + 2a) - 3 \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left((i+1) \cos(2a) - (i-1) \sin(2a) \right) \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2i} bx) + (-i - 1) \cos(2a) + (i+1) \sin(2a) \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-2i} bx)}{384 b^3}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/384*(64*b^3*x^3 + 48*b^2*x*sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a) - 3*4^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi))*(((I + 1)*cos(2*a) - (I - 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(2*I*b)*x) + (-I - 1)*cos(2*a) + (I + 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(-2*I*b)*x))*b^(3/2))/b^3

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} x^3 - \frac{i x e^{(2i b x^2 + 2i a)}}{16 b} + \frac{i x e^{(-2i b x^2 - 2i a)}}{16 b} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-i \sqrt{b} x \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(2i a)}}{32 b^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(i \sqrt{b} x \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(-2i a)}}{32 b^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/6*x^3 - 1/16*I*x*e^(2*I*b*x^2 + 2*I*a)/b + 1/16*I*x*e^(-2*I*b*x^2 - 2*I*a)/b - 1/32*sqrt(pi)*erf(-I*sqrt(b)*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(2*I*a)/(b^(3/2)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) - 1/32*sqrt(pi)*erf(I*sqrt(b)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-2*I*a)/(b^(3/2)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^2 \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

[In] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)

[Out] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2)^2, x)

3.10 $\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	94
Rubi [A] (verified)	94
Mathematica [A] (verified)	95
Maple [A] (verified)	95
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	96
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	96
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	96
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	97
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	97

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{\cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b}$$

[Out] 1/4*x^2+1/4*cos(b*x^2+a)*sin(b*x^2+a)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3461, 2715, 8}

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2) \cos(a + bx^2)}{4b} + \frac{x^2}{4}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] x^2/4 + (Cos[a + b*x^2]*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(4*b)

Rule 8

Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]

Rule 2715

Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
  := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p,
    x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{\cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b} + \frac{1}{4} \text{Subst} \left(\int 1 dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{\cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{2(a + bx^2) + \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b}$$

[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] (2*(a + b*x^2) + Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)])/(8*b)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{\sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$	23
parallemrisch	$\frac{2bx^2 + \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$	24
derivativedivides	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{bx^2+a}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{bx^2+a}{2}\right) + \frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{a}{2}}{2b}$	34
default	$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{bx^2+a}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{bx^2+a}{2}\right) + \frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{a}{2}}{2b}$	34
norman	$\frac{\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right) - \tan^3\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right) + \frac{x^2\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right) - x^2\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{2b}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)^2}}{4}$	95

```
[In] int(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/4*x^2+1/8*sin(2*b*x^2+2*a)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^2 + \cos(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a)}{4b}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(b*x^2 + cos(b*x^2 + a)*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \sin^2(a+bx^2)}{4} + \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a+bx^2)}{4} + \frac{\sin(a+bx^2) \cos(a+bx^2)}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Piecewise((x**2*sin(a + b*x**2)**2/4 + x**2*cos(a + b*x**2)**2/4 + sin(a + b*x**2)*cos(a + b*x**2)/(4*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cos(a)**2/2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{2bx^2 + \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/8*(2*b*x^2 + sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a))/b
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{2bx^2 + 2a + \sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/8*(2*b*x^2 + 2*a + sin(2*b*x^2 + 2*a))/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(2bx^2 + 2a)}{8b} + \frac{x^2}{4}$$

[In] int(x*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)

[Out] sin(2*a + 2*b*x^2)/(8*b) + x^2/4

3.11 $\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	98
Rubi [A] (verified)	98
Mathematica [A] (verified)	99
Maple [A] (verified)	100
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	100
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	100
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	101
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	101
Mupad [F(-1)]	101

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

[Out] 1/2*x+1/4*cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)-1/4*FresnelS(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec), antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3439, 3435, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x}{2}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] x/2 + (Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]])/(4*Sqrt[b]) - (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/(4*Sqrt[b])

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3435

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int
[Cos[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)2], x], x] /
; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3439

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))n])*(b_.))p, x_Sy
mbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(a + b*Cos[c + d*(e + f*x)n])p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 1]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a + 2bx^2) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos(2a + 2bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a) \int \cos(2bx^2) dx - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2a) \int \sin(2bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{4\sqrt{b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x2]2,x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]] - Sqrt[Pi]
]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/(4*Sqrt[b])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(2a) C\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(2a) S\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$	45
risch	$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{e^{-2ia}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ib}x\right)}{16\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{e^{2ia}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{-2ib}x\right)}{8\sqrt{-2ib}}$	61

[In] `int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] `1/2*x+1/4*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-sin(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) C\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - \pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 2bx}{4b}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `1/4*(pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_cos(2*x*sqrt(b/pi)) - pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(2*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2*a) + 2*b*x)/b`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\sin(2a) S\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \cos(2a) C\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}}{4}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

[Out] `x/2 + sqrt(pi)*(-sin(2*a)*fresnels(2*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi)) + cos(2*a)*fresnelc(2*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi)))*sqrt(1/b)/4`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{4^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(((i-1) \cos(2a) + (i+1) \sin(2a)) \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2i} \sqrt{bx}) + (-(i+1) \cos(2a) - (i-1) \sin(2a)) \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-2i} \sqrt{bx}) \right)}{32 b^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/32*(4^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(((I - 1)*cos(2*a) + (I + 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(2*I*b)*x) + (-(I + 1)*cos(2*a) - (I - 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(-2*I*b)*x))*b^(3/2) - 16*b^2*x)/b^2

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{1}{2} x + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-i \sqrt{bx} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(2ia)}}{8 \sqrt{b} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(i \sqrt{bx} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(-2ia)}}{8 \sqrt{b} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/2*x + 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-I*sqrt(b)*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(2*I*a)/(sqrt(b)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) - 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(I*sqrt(b)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-2*I*a)/(sqrt(b)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2, x)

3.12 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	102
Rubi [A] (verified)	102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	103
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	103
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	104
Sympy [F]	104
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	104
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	105
Mupad [F(-1)]	105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) + \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2)$$

[Out] 1/4*Ci(2*b*x^2)*cos(2*a)+1/2*ln(x)-1/4*Si(2*b*x^2)*sin(2*a)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3485, 3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2) + \frac{\log(x)}{2}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x,x]

[Out] (Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^2])/4 + Log[x]/2 - (Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^2])/4

Rule 3456

Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3457

Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^2)}{2x} \right) dx \\
&= \frac{\log(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^2)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{\log(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a) \int \frac{\cos(2bx^2)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2a) \int \frac{\sin(2bx^2)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) + \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} (\cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) + 2 \log(x) - \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^2))$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x,x]

[Out] (Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^2] + 2*Log[x] - Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^2])/4

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} + \frac{ie^{-2ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)}{8} - \frac{ie^{-2ia} \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2)}{4} - \frac{e^{-2ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-2ibx^2)}{8} - \frac{e^{2ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-2ibx^2)}{8}$	68

[In] `int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}\ln(x) + \frac{1}{8}i\exp(-2i a)\pi\operatorname{csgn}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{4}i\exp(-2i a)\operatorname{Si}(2bx^2) - \frac{1}{8}\exp(-2i a)\operatorname{Ei}(1, -2i bx^2) - \frac{1}{8}\exp(2i a)\operatorname{Ei}(1, -2i bx^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \cos(2a) \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^2) - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x)$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{4}\cos(2a)\cos_integral(2bx^2) - \frac{1}{4}\sin(2a)\sin_integral(2bx^2) + \frac{1}{2}\log(x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x,x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/x, x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{8} (\operatorname{Ei}(2i bx^2) + \operatorname{Ei}(-2i bx^2)) \cos(2a) + \frac{1}{8} (i \operatorname{Ei}(2i bx^2) - i \operatorname{Ei}(-2i bx^2)) \sin(2a) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x)$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{8}(\operatorname{Ei}(2i bx^2) + \operatorname{Ei}(-2i bx^2))\cos(2a) + \frac{1}{8}(i\operatorname{Ei}(2i bx^2) - i\operatorname{Ei}(-2i bx^2))\sin(2a) + \frac{1}{2}\log(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \cos(2a) \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^2) + \frac{1}{4} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(-2bx^2) + \frac{1}{4} \log(bx^2)$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/4*cos(2*a)*cos_integral(2*b*x^2) + 1/4*sin(2*a)*sin_integral(-2*b*x^2) + 1/4*log(b*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x, x)

3.13 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	106
Rubi [A] (verified)	106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	108
Maple [A] (verified)	108
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	108
Sympy [F]	109
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	109
Giac [F]	109
Mupad [F(-1)]	110

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)$$

[Out] $-\cos(bx^2+a)^2/x - \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2x\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{\pi}) \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} - \operatorname{FresnelC}(2x\sqrt{b}/\sqrt{\pi}) \sin(2a) \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3475, 4669, 3454, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + bx^2]^2/x^2, x]$

[Out] $-(\operatorname{Cos}[a + bx^2]^2/x) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}] \operatorname{Cos}[2a] \operatorname{FresnelS}[(2\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}] \operatorname{FresnelC}[(2\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}]] \operatorname{Sin}[2a]$

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3434

Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)²], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)²], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3454

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*Sin[u_])^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*Sin[ExpandToSum[u, x]])^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]

Rule 3475

Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(Cos[a + b*xⁿ]^{p/(m + 1)}), x] + Dist[b*n*(p/(m + 1)), Int[Cos[a + b*xⁿ]^(p - 1)*Sin[a + b*xⁿ], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && EqQ[m + n, 0] && NeQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[n]

Rule 4669

Int[Cos[w_]^(p_.)*(u_.)*Sin[v_]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2^p, Int[u*Sin[2*v]^p, x], x] /; EqQ[w, v] && IntegerQ[p]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} - (4b) \int \cos(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} - (2b) \int \sin(2(a + bx^2)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} - (2b) \int \sin(2a + 2bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} - (2b \cos(2a)) \int \sin(2bx^2) dx - (2b \sin(2a)) \int \cos(2bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}x \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{x}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^2,x]

[Out] -((Cos[a + b*x^2]^2 + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*x*Cos[2*a]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/x)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{\cos(2bx^2+2a)}{2x} - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(2a) S\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(2a) C\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)$	62
risch	$-\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{ie^{-2ia}b\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ib}x)}{4\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{ie^{2ia}b\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-2ib}x)}{2\sqrt{-2ib}} - \frac{\cos(2bx^2+2a)}{2x}$	83

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/2/x-1/2/x*cos(2*b*x^2+2*a)-b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) S\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(2x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + \cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -(pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_sin(2*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(2*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2*a) + cos(b*x^2 + a)^2)/x

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/x**2, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx^2}\left(\left(-i + 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2i bx^2\right) + \left(i - 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -2i bx^2\right)\right)\cos(2a) + \left(\left(i - 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2i bx^2\right) - \left(i + 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -2i bx^2\right)\right)\sin(2a)}{16x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/16*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*x^2)*((-I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, 2*I*b*x^2) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -2*I*b*x^2))*cos(2*a) + ((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, 2*I*b*x^2) - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -2*I*b*x^2))*sin(2*a) - 8)/x

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(bx^2 + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)^2/x^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^2, x)
```

3.14 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	111
Rubi [A] (verified)	111
Mathematica [A] (verified)	113
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	113
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	114
Sympy [F]	114
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	114
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	115
Mupad [F(-1)]	115

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) - \frac{1}{2}b \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2)$$

[Out] $-1/4/x^2-1/4*\cos(2*b*x^2+2*a)/x^2-1/2*b*\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{Si}(2*b*x^2)-1/2*b*\operatorname{Ci}(2*b*x^2)*\sin(2*a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3485, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b \sin(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) - \frac{1}{2}b \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2) - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4x^2}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^2/x^3, x]$

[Out] $-1/4*1/x^2 - \operatorname{Cos}[2*(a + b*x^2)]/(4*x^2) - (b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*b*x^2]*\operatorname{Sin}[2*a])/2 - (b*\operatorname{Cos}[2*a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*b*x^2])/2$

Rule 3378

$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * \sin(e + f*x), x] := \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * (\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x] / (d*(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[f / (d*(m+1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * \sin(e + f*x), x]]$

```
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2x^3} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^2)}{2x^3} \right) dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{4x^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^2)}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{4x^2} + \frac{1}{4} \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}(b \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}(b \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) - \frac{1}{2}b \cos(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2) + bx^2 \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) + bx^2 \cos(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^2)}{2x^2}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^3,x]

[Out] -1/2*(Cos[a + b*x^2]^2 + b*x^2*CosIntegral[2*b*x^2]*Sin[2*a] + b*x^2*Cos[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^2])/x^2

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ie^{-2ia} \text{Ei}_1(-2ibx^2)bx^2 + e^{-2ia}\pi \text{csgn}(bx^2)bx^2 - ie^{2ia}b \text{Ei}_1(-2ibx^2)x^2 - 2e^{-2ia} \text{Si}(2bx^2)bx^2 - \cos(2bx^2+2a) - 1}{4x^2}$	98

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/4*(I*exp(-2*I*a)*Ei(1,-2*I*b*x^2)*b*x^2+exp(-2*I*a)*Pi*csgn(b*x^2)*b*x^2-I*exp(2*I*a)*b*Ei(1,-2*I*b*x^2)*x^2-2*exp(-2*I*a)*Si(2*b*x^2)*b*x^2-cos(2*b*x^2+2*a)-1)/x^2

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bx^2 \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) + bx^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^2) + \cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{2x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -1/2*(b*x^2*cos_integral(2*b*x^2)*sin(2*a) + b*x^2*cos(2*a)*sin_integral(2*b*x^2) + cos(b*x^2 + a)^2)/x^2

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x**3,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/x**3, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{((i\Gamma(-1, 2i bx^2) - i\Gamma(-1, -2i bx^2)) \cos(2a) + (\Gamma(-1, 2i bx^2) + \Gamma(-1, -2i bx^2)) \sin(2a))bx^2 + 1}{4x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/4*(((I*gamma(-1, 2*I*b*x^2) - I*gamma(-1, -2*I*b*x^2))*cos(2*a) + (gamma(-1, 2*I*b*x^2) + gamma(-1, -2*I*b*x^2))*sin(2*a))*b*x^2 + 1)/x^2

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(bx^2 + a)b^2 \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) - 2ab^2 \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^2) \sin(2a) - 2(bx^2 + a)b^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(-2bx^2) + 2ab^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(-2bx^2)}{4b^2x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/4*(2*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos_integral(2*b*x^2)*sin(2*a) - 2*a*b^2*cos_integral(2*b*x^2)*sin(2*a) - 2*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos(2*a)*sin_integral(-2*b*x^2) + 2*a*b^2*cos(2*a)*sin_integral(-2*b*x^2) + b^2*cos(2*b*x^2 + 2*a) + b^2)/(b^2*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^3,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^3, x)

3.15 $\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	116
Rubi [A] (verified)	116
Mathematica [A] (verified)	118
Maple [A] (verified)	118
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	118
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	119
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	119
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	119
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	120

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{3b^2} + \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{18b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{6b}$$

[Out] 1/3*cos(b*x^2+a)/b^2+1/18*cos(b*x^2+a)^3/b^2+1/3*x^2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b+1/6*x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3461, 3391, 3377, 2718}

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{18b^2} + \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{3b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2) \cos^2(a + bx^2)}{6b}$$

[In] Int[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] Cos[a + b*x^2]/(3*b^2) + Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/(18*b^2) + (x^2*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(3*b) + (x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(6*b)

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3391

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[d*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c
+ d*x)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*(b
*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1
]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int x \cos^3(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{18b^2} + \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{6b} + \frac{1}{3} \text{Subst} \left(\int x \cos(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{18b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{6b} \\
&\quad - \frac{\text{Subst}(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, x^2)}{3b} \\
&= \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{3b^2} + \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{18b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a + bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^2) \sin(a + bx^2)}{6b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{27 \cos(a + bx^2) + \cos(3(a + bx^2)) + 3bx^2(9 \sin(a + bx^2) + \sin(3(a + bx^2)))}{72b^2}$$

[In] Integrate[x^3*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] (27*Cos[a + b*x^2] + Cos[3*(a + b*x^2)] + 3*b*x^2*(9*Sin[a + b*x^2] + Sin[3*(a + b*x^2)]))/(72*b^2)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{3x^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{8b} + \frac{3 \cos(bx^2+a)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{24b} + \frac{\cos(3bx^2+3a)}{72b^2}$	66
risch	$\frac{3x^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{8b} + \frac{3 \cos(bx^2+a)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{24b} + \frac{\cos(3bx^2+3a)}{72b^2}$	66
parallelrisc	$\frac{7+9\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)x^2b+6\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)x^2b+9 \tan\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)x^2b+9\left(\tan^4\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)+12\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{9b^2\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)^3}$	110
norman	$\frac{x^2 \tan\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)}{b} + \frac{x^2\left(\tan^5\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{\tan^4\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{7}{9b^2} + \frac{2x^2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{3b} + \frac{4\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{3b^2}$ $\frac{\quad}{\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{a+bx^2}{2}\right)\right)^3}$	119

[In] int(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 3/8*x^2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b+3/8*cos(b*x^2+a)/b^2+1/24/b*x^2*sin(3*b*x^2+3*a)+1/72/b^2*cos(3*b*x^2+3*a)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^3 + 3\left(bx^2 \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 + 2bx^2\right) \sin(bx^2 + a) + 6 \cos(bx^2 + a)}{18b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $\frac{1}{18}(\cos(bx^2 + a)^3 + 3(bx^2 \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 + 2bx^2) \sin(bx^2 + a) + 6 \cos(bx^2 + a))/b^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \sin^3(a+bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{x^2 \sin(a+bx^2) \cos^2(a+bx^2)}{2b} + \frac{\sin^2(a+bx^2) \cos(a+bx^2)}{3b^2} + \frac{7 \cos^3(a+bx^2)}{18b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \cos^3(a)}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(x**3*cos(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((x**2*sin(a + b*x**2)**3/(3*b) + x**2*sin(a + b*x**2)*cos(a + b*x**2)**2/(2*b) + sin(a + b*x**2)**2*cos(a + b*x**2)/(3*b**2) + 7*cos(a + b*x**2)**3/(18*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*cos(a)**3/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{3bx^2 \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27bx^2 \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27 \cos(bx^2 + a)}{72b^2}$$

[In] `integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{72}(3bx^2 \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27bx^2 \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27 \cos(bx^2 + a))/b^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(\sin(bx^2 + a)^3 - 3 \sin(bx^2 + a))a}{6b^2} + \frac{3(bx^2 + a) \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a) + \cos(3bx^2 + 3a) + 27 \cos(bx^2 + a)}{72b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^3*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/6*(sin(b*x^2 + a)^3 - 3*sin(b*x^2 + a))*a/b^2 + 1/72*(3*(b*x^2 + a)*sin(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 27*(b*x^2 + a)*sin(b*x^2 + a) + cos(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 27*cos(b*x^2 + a))/b^2

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^3 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\frac{\cos(bx^2+a)}{3} + \frac{\cos(bx^2+a)^3}{18} + b \left(\frac{x^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{3} + \frac{x^2 \cos(bx^2+a)^2 \sin(bx^2+a)}{6} \right)}{b^2}$$

[In] int(x^3*cos(a + b*x^2)^3,x)

[Out] (cos(a + b*x^2)/3 + cos(a + b*x^2)^3/18 + b*((x^2*sin(a + b*x^2))/3 + (x^2*cos(a + b*x^2)^2*sin(a + b*x^2))/6))/b^2

3.16 $\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	121
Rubi [A] (verified)	122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	123
Maple [A] (verified)	124
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	124
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	125
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	126
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	126
Mupad [F(-1)]	127

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{24b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(3a)}{24b^{3/2}} + \frac{3x \sin(a + bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{24b}$$

```
[Out] 3/8*x*sin(b*x^2+a)/b+1/24*x*sin(3*b*x^2+3*a)/b-1/144*cos(3*a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-1/144*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(3*a)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-3/16*cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-3/16*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3485, 3467, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sin(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{24b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{24b^{3/2}} + \frac{3x \sin(a + bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{24b}$$

[In] Int[x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] (-3*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x])/(8*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[3*a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x])/(24*b^(3/2)) - (3*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a])/(8*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a])/(24*b^(3/2)) + (3*x*Sin[a + b*x^2])/(8*b) + (x*Sin[3*a + 3*b*x^2])/(24*b)

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3434

Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3467

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n-1)*(e*x)^(m-n+1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m-n+1)/

$(d*n)), \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-n)}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, m + 1]$

Rule 3485

$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{Cos}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}]*(b_.)]^{(p_.)}*((e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] :> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(e*x)^m, (a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{4}x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) + \frac{1}{4}x^2 \cos(3a + 3bx^2) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int x^2 \cos(3a + 3bx^2) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{3x \sin(a + bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{24b} - \frac{\int \sin(3a + 3bx^2) dx}{24b} - \frac{3 \int \sin(a + bx^2) dx}{8b} \\
 &= \frac{3x \sin(a + bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{24b} - \frac{(3 \cos(a)) \int \sin(bx^2) dx}{8b} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\cos(3a) \int \sin(3bx^2) dx}{24b} - \frac{(3 \sin(a)) \int \cos(bx^2) dx}{8b} - \frac{\sin(3a) \int \cos(3bx^2) dx}{24b} \\
 &= -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{24b^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(3a)}{24b^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x \sin(a + bx^2)}{8b} + \frac{x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{24b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{-27\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) - \sqrt{6\pi} \cos(3a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) - 27\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a) - \sqrt{6\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(3a) + 54x \sin(a + bx^2) + 6x \sin(3a + 3bx^2)}{144b^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] (-27*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x] - Sqrt[6*Pi]*Cos[3*a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x] - 27*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a] - Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a] + 54*Sqrt[b]*x*Ssin[a + b*x^2] + 6*Sqrt[b]*x*Ssin[3*(a + b*x^2)]/(144*b^(3/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
default	$\frac{3x \sin(bx^2+a)}{8b} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{x \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{24b} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \left(\cos(3a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(3a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{144b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{-3ia}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{ib}x)}{288b\sqrt{ib}} - \frac{3ie^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{32b\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{3ie^{ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{32b\sqrt{-ib}} + \frac{ie^{3ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-3ib}x)}{96b\sqrt{-3ib}} + \frac{3x \sin(bx^2+a)}{8b} + \dots$

[In] int(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] 3/8*x*sin(b*x^2+a)/b-3/16/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))+1/24*x*sin(3*b*x^2+3*a)/b-1/144/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*(cos(3*a)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x)+sin(3*a)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{6}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(3a) S\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + 27\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{6}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(3a) + 27\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a)}{144b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] -1/144*(sqrt(6)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(3*a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + 27*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + sqrt(6)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(3*a) + 27*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) - 24*(b*x*cos(b*x^2 + a)^2 + 2*b*x)*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs. 2(194) = 388.

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = & \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(a) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \mid -\frac{b^2x^4}{4}\right)}{32\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(3a) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4} \mid -\frac{9b^2x^4}{4}\right)}{32\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{b}x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(a) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \mid -\frac{b^2x^4}{4}\right)}{32\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b}x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(3a) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \mid -\frac{9b^2x^4}{4}\right)}{32\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sin(3a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{24} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \cos(3a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{24}
 \end{aligned}$$

[In] integrate(x**2*cos(b*x**2+a)**3,x)

[Out] 3*b**(3/2)*x**5*sqrt(1/b)*sin(a)*gamma(3/4)*gamma(5/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/4), (3/2, 7/4, 9/4), -b**2*x**4/4)/(32*gamma(7/4)*gamma(9/4)) + 3*b**(3/2)*x**5*sqrt(1/b)*sin(3*a)*gamma(3/4)*gamma(5/4)*hyper((3/4, 5/4), (3/2, 7/4, 9/4), -9*b**2*x**4/4)/(32*gamma(7/4)*gamma(9/4)) - 3*sqrt(b)*x**3*sqrt(1/b)*cos(a)*gamma(1/4)*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/4), (1/2, 5/4, 7/4), -b**2*x**4/4)/(32*gamma(5/4)*gamma(7/4)) - sqrt(b)*x**3*sqrt(1/b)*cos(3*a)*gamma(1/4)*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/4), (1/2, 5/4, 7/4), -9*b**2*x**4/4)/(32*gamma(5/4)*gamma(7/4)) - 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*x**2*sqrt(1/b)*sin(a)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi))/8 - sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*x**2*sqrt(1/b)*sin(3*a)*fresnels(sqrt(6)

$\sqrt{b}x/\sqrt{\pi})/24 + 3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}x^{**2}\sqrt{1/b}\cos(a)*\text{fresnelc}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}x/\sqrt{\pi})/8 + \sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}x^{**2}\sqrt{1/b}\cos(3a)*\text{fresnelc}(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b}x/\sqrt{\pi})/24$

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{24b^2x \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 216b^2x \sin(bx^2 + a) + 9^{1/4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left((-i+1)\cos(3a) + (i-1)\sin(3a)\right)\text{erf}\left(\sqrt{3i}\right)}{b^3}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $\frac{1}{576}*(24*b^2*x*\sin(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 216*b^2*x*\sin(b*x^2 + a) + 9^{(1/4)}*\text{sqrt}(2)*\text{sqrt}(\pi)*((-I + 1)*\cos(3*a) + (I - 1)*\sin(3*a))*\text{erf}(\text{sqrt}(3*I*b)*x) + ((I - 1)*\cos(3*a) - (I + 1)*\sin(3*a))*\text{erf}(\text{sqrt}(-3*I*b)*x))*b^{(3/2)} - 27*\text{sqrt}(2)*\text{sqrt}(\pi)*(((I + 1)*\cos(a) - (I - 1)*\sin(a))*\text{erf}(\text{sqrt}(I*b)*x) + (-I - 1)*\cos(a) + (I + 1)*\sin(a))*\text{erf}(\text{sqrt}(-I*b)*x))*b^{(3/2)})/b^3$

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = & -\frac{ixe^{(3ibx^2+3ia)}}{48b} - \frac{3ixe^{(ibx^2+ia)}}{16b} + \frac{3ixe^{(-ibx^2-ia)}}{16b} \\ & + \frac{ixe^{(-3ibx^2-3ia)}}{48b} - \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\text{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right)e^{(3ia)}}{288b^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right)e^{(ia)}}{32b\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right)e^{(-ia)}}{32b\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\text{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right)e^{(-3ia)}}{288b^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} \end{aligned}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out]
$$-1/48*I*x*e^{(3*I*b*x^2 + 3*I*a)/b} - 3/16*I*x*e^{(I*b*x^2 + I*a)/b} + 3/16*I*x$$

$$*e^{(-I*b*x^2 - I*a)/b} + 1/48*I*x*e^{(-3*I*b*x^2 - 3*I*a)/b} - 1/288*\sqrt{6}*s$$

$$qrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{b}*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^{(3*I*a)/(b^{(3/2)}*($$

$$I*b/abs(b) + 1)} - 3/32*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{pi)*erf(-1/2*I*\sqrt{2}*x*(I*b/abs(b) +$$

$$1)*\sqrt{abs(b)}))*e^{(I*a)/(b*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*\sqrt{abs(b)})} - 3/32*\sqrt{2}*s$$

$$qrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*\sqrt{2}*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*\sqrt{abs(b)}))*e^{(-I*a)/(b*(-$$

$$I*b/abs(b) + 1)*\sqrt{abs(b)})} - 1/288*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{pi)*erf(1/2*I*\sqrt{6}*sq$$

$$rt(b)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^{(-3*I*a)/(b^{(3/2)}*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^2 \cos(bx^2 + a)^3 dx$$

[In] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2)^3,x)

[Out] int(x^2*cos(a + b*x^2)^3, x)

3.17 $\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	128
Rubi [A] (verified)	128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	129
Maple [A] (verified)	129
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	131
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	131

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{6b}$$

[Out] 1/2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b-1/6*sin(b*x^2+a)^3/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2713}

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{6b}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] Sin[a + b*x^2]/(2*b) - Sin[a + b*x^2]^3/(6*b)

Rule 2713

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(

m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int \cos^3(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= -\frac{\text{Subst}(\int (1 - x^2) dx, x, -\sin(a + bx^2))}{2b} \\ &= \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{6b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{6b}$$

[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] Sin[a + b*x^2]/(2*b) - Sin[a + b*x^2]^3/(6*b)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$\frac{(2+\cos^2(bx^2+a)) \sin(bx^2+a)}{6b}$	26
default	$\frac{(2+\cos^2(bx^2+a)) \sin(bx^2+a)}{6b}$	26
parallelrisch	$\frac{9 \sin(bx^2+a) + \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{24b}$	28
risch	$\frac{3 \sin(bx^2+a)}{8b} + \frac{\sin(3bx^2+3a)}{24b}$	31
norman	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{b} + \frac{\tan^5\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)}{b} + \frac{2\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)\right)}{3b}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2}\right)\right)^3}$	70

[In] int(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/6/b*(2*cos(b*x^2+a)^2)*sin(b*x^2+a)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(\cos(bx^2 + a)^2 + 2) \sin(bx^2 + a)}{6b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/6*(cos(b*x^2 + a)^2 + 2)*sin(b*x^2 + a)/b

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin^3(a+bx^2)}{3b} + \frac{\sin(a+bx^2) \cos^2(a+bx^2)}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \cos^3(a)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x**2+a)**3,x)

[Out] Piecewise((sin(a + b*x**2)**3/(3*b) + sin(a + b*x**2)*cos(a + b*x**2)**2/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cos(a)**3/2, True))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 9 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{24b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/24*(sin(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 9*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{\sin(bx^2 + a)^3 - 3 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{6b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/6*(sin(b*x^2 + a)^3 - 3*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{3 \sin(bx^2 + a) - \sin(bx^2 + a)^3}{6b}$$

[In] int(x*cos(a + b*x^2)^3,x)

[Out] (3*sin(a + b*x^2) - sin(a + b*x^2)^3)/(6*b)

3.18 $\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	132
Rubi [A] (verified)	132
Mathematica [A] (verified)	134
Maple [A] (verified)	134
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	134
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	135
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	135
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	136
Mupad [F(-1)]	136

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(3a)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

[Out] 1/24*cos(3*a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2) - 1/24*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(3*a)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2) + 3/8*cos(a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2) - 3/8*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3439, 3435, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sin(3a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] (3*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x])/(4*Sqrt[b]) + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[3*a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x])/(4*Sqrt[b]) - (3*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Fr

esnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a))/(4*Sqrt[b]) - (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a))/(4*Sqrt[b])

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3435

Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)²], x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)²], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3439

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))ⁿ])*(b_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(a + b*Cos[c + d*(e + f*x)ⁿ])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 1]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{4} \cos(a + bx^2) + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3a + 3bx^2) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int \cos(3a + 3bx^2) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \cos(a + bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} (3 \cos(a)) \int \cos(bx^2) dx + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3a) \int \cos(3bx^2) dx \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{4} (3 \sin(a)) \int \sin(bx^2) dx - \frac{1}{4} \sin(3a) \int \sin(3bx^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)}{4\sqrt{b}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(a)}{4\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \sin(3a)}{4\sqrt{b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \left(3\sqrt{3} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) + \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) - 3\sqrt{3} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) \sin(a) - \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) \sin(3a) \right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3,x]

[Out] (Sqrt[Pi/6]*(3*Sqrt[3]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x] + Cos[3*a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x] - 3*Sqrt[3]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a] - FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a]))/(4*Sqrt[b])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \left(\cos(3a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(3a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{24\sqrt{b}}$	101
risch	$\frac{e^{-3ia}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{ib}x)}{48\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{3e^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{16\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{e^{3ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-3ib}x)}{16\sqrt{-3ib}} + \frac{3e^{ia}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{16\sqrt{-ib}}$	108

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $\frac{3}{8} 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / b^{1/2} (\cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}(x b^{1/2} 2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2}) - \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}(x b^{1/2} 2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2})) + \frac{1}{24} 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} 3^{1/2} / b^{1/2} (\cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} 3^{1/2} b^{1/2} x) - \sin(3a) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} 3^{1/2} b^{1/2} x))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{6}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(3a) C\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + 9\sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) C\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{6}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(3a) - 9\sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a)}{24b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] 1/24*(sqrt(6)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(3*a)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + 9*
sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) - sqrt(6)*pi
*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(3*a) - 9*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(
b/pi)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a))/b
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\sin(a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \cos(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\sin(3a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \cos(3a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}}{24}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

```
[Out] 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(-sin(a)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi)) + cos(a)*f
resnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi)))*sqrt(1/b)/8 + sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*(-sin(3
*a)*fresnels(sqrt(6)*sqrt(b)*x/sqrt(pi)) + cos(3*a)*fresnelc(sqrt(6)*sqrt(b
)*x/sqrt(pi)))*sqrt(1/b)/24
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{9^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(((i-1)\cos(3a) + (i+1)\sin(3a))\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3i}bx\right) + (-(i+1)\cos(3a) - (i-1)\sin(3a))\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3i}bx\right) \right)}{2}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] -1/96*(9^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(((I - 1)*cos(3*a) + (I + 1)*sin(3*a))*erf(
sqrt(3*I*b)*x) + (-(I + 1)*cos(3*a) - (I - 1)*sin(3*a))*erf(sqrt(-3*I*b)*x)
)*b^(3/2) - 9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((-I - 1)*cos(a) - (I + 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt
(I*b)*x) + ((I + 1)*cos(a) + (I - 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(-I*b)*x))*b^(3/2))/b^
2
```

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(3ia)}}{48\sqrt{b}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} + \frac{3i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{(ia)}}{16\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{3i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}\right) e^{(-ia)}}{16\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{bx}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(-3ia)}}{48\sqrt{b}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/48*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b)*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(3*I*a)/(sqrt(b)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) + 3/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(I*a)/((I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 3/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(-I*a)/((-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 1/48*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b)*x*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-3*I*a)/(sqrt(b)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^2) dx = \int \cos(bx^2 + a)^3 dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3, x)

3.19 $\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	137
Rubi [A] (verified)	137
Mathematica [A] (verified)	138
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	139
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	139
Sympy [F]	139
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	140
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	140
Mupad [F(-1)]	140

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{3}{8} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) - \frac{3}{8} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2)$$

[Out] $3/8*\operatorname{Ci}(b*x^2)*\cos(a)+1/8*\operatorname{Ci}(3*b*x^2)*\cos(3*a)-3/8*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^2)*\sin(a)-1/8*\operatorname{Si}(3*b*x^2)*\sin(3*a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3485, 3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{3}{8} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) - \frac{3}{8} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2)$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^3/x, x]$

[Out] $(3*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^2])/8 + (\operatorname{Cos}[3*a]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*b*x^2])/8 - (3*\operatorname{Sin}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^2])/8 - (\operatorname{Sin}[3*a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*b*x^2])/8$

Rule 3456

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sin}[(d._)*(x_)^{(n_)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{SinIntegral}[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{d, n\}, x]$

Rule 3457

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] /
; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]
```

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2)}{4x} + \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^2)}{4x} \right) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^2)}{x} dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} (3 \cos(a)) \int \frac{\cos(bx^2)}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3a) \int \frac{\cos(3bx^2)}{x} dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{4} (3 \sin(a)) \int \frac{\sin(bx^2)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{4} \sin(3a) \int \frac{\sin(3bx^2)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{3}{8} \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(3a) \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{8} \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{8} (3 \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) + \cos(3a) \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) \\
&\quad - 3 \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^2) - \sin(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^2))
\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/x,x]
```

```
[Out] (3*Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^2] + Cos[3*a]*CosIntegral[3*b*x^2] - 3*Sin[a]*Sin
Integral[b*x^2] - Sin[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^2])/8
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

method	result
risch	$\frac{ie^{-3ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)}{16} - \frac{ie^{-3ia} \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2)}{8} - \frac{e^{-3ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-3ibx^2)}{16} + \frac{3ie^{-ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)}{16} - \frac{3ie^{-ia} \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)}{8} - \frac{3e^{-ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)}{16}$

[In] `int(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{16}I\exp(-3Ia)\pi\operatorname{csgn}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8}I\exp(-3Ia)\operatorname{Si}(3bx^2) - \frac{1}{16}\exp(-3Ia)\operatorname{Ei}(1,-3Ibx^2) + \frac{3}{16}I\exp(-Ia)\pi\operatorname{csgn}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}I\exp(-Ia)\operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{16}\exp(-Ia)\operatorname{Ei}(1,-Ibx^2) - \frac{3}{16}\exp(Ia)\operatorname{Ei}(1,-Ibx^2) - \frac{1}{16}\exp(3Ia)\operatorname{Ei}(1,-3Ibx^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{8} \cos(3a) \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^2) + \frac{3}{8} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2) - \frac{3}{8} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2)$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{8}\cos(3a)\cos_integral(3bx^2) + \frac{3}{8}\cos(a)\cos_integral(bx^2) - \frac{1}{8}\sin(3a)\sin_integral(3bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}\sin(a)\sin_integral(bx^2)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**3/x,x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**3/x, x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{16} (\operatorname{Ei}(3i bx^2) + \operatorname{Ei}(-3i bx^2)) \cos(3a) \\ + \frac{3}{16} (\operatorname{Ei}(i bx^2) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^2)) \cos(a) \\ + \frac{1}{16} (i \operatorname{Ei}(3i bx^2) - i \operatorname{Ei}(-3i bx^2)) \sin(3a) \\ - \frac{3}{16} (-i \operatorname{Ei}(i bx^2) + i \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^2)) \sin(a)$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/16*(Ei(3*I*b*x^2) + Ei(-3*I*b*x^2))*cos(3*a) + 3/16*(Ei(I*b*x^2) + Ei(-I*b*x^2))*cos(a) + 1/16*(I*Ei(3*I*b*x^2) - I*Ei(-3*I*b*x^2))*sin(3*a) - 3/16*(-I*Ei(I*b*x^2) + I*Ei(-I*b*x^2))*sin(a)

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{8} \cos(3a) \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^2) + \frac{3}{8} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \\ - \frac{3}{8} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) + \frac{1}{8} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(-3bx^2)$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/8*cos(3*a)*cos_integral(3*b*x^2) + 3/8*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^2) - 3/8*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) + 1/8*sin(3*a)*sin_integral(-3*b*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^3}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x, x)

3.20 $\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	141
Rubi [A] (verified)	141
Mathematica [A] (verified)	143
Maple [A] (verified)	144
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Sympy [F]	145
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	145
Giac [F]	145
Mupad [F(-1)]	146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 168

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = & -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\cos(3a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right) \\ & - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x\right)\sin(a) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x\right)\sin(3a) \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x-3/4*cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-3/4*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-1/4*cos(3*a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-1/4*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(3*a)*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used

= {3475, 4670, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin(3a) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos(3a) \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) - \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/x^2,x]

[Out] -(Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/x) - (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[3*a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x])/2 - (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a])/2

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3434

Int[Sin[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3475

Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(Cos[a + b*x^n]^(p/(m + 1))), x] + Dist[b*n*(p/(m + 1)), Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^(p - 1)*Sin[a + b*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && EqQ[m + n, 0] && NeQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[n]

Rule 4670

Int[Cos[w_]^(q_.)*Sin[v_]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[Sin[v]^(p)*Cos[w]^q, x], x] /; IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0] && ((PolynomialQ[v, x] && Pol

ynomialQ[w, x]) || (BinomialQ[{v, w}, x] && IndependentQ[Cancel[v/w], x]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - (6b) \int \cos^2(a+bx^2) \sin(a+bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - (6b) \int \left(\frac{1}{4} \sin(a+bx^2) + \frac{1}{4} \sin(3a+3bx^2) \right) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - \frac{1}{2}(3b) \int \sin(a+bx^2) dx - \frac{1}{2}(3b) \int \sin(3a+3bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - \frac{1}{2}(3b \cos(a)) \int \sin(bx^2) dx - \frac{1}{2}(3b \cos(3a)) \int \sin(3bx^2) dx \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2}(3b \sin(a)) \int \cos(bx^2) dx - \frac{1}{2}(3b \sin(3a)) \int \cos(3bx^2) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x} - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \cos(3a) \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x \right) \sin(a) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} x \right) \sin(3a)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{3 \cos(a+bx^2) + \cos(3(a+bx^2)) + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi}x \cos(a) \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x \right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{6\pi}x \cos(3a) \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x \right) - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi}x \sin(a) \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}x \right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{6\pi}x \sin(3a) \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}x \right)}{4x}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/x^2,x]

[Out] -1/4*(3*Cos[a + b*x^2] + Cos[3*(a + b*x^2)]) + 3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6*Pi]*x*Cos[3*a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x] + 3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x]*Sin[a] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6*Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[6/Pi]*x]*Sin[3*a])/x

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
default	$-\frac{3 \cos(bx^2+a)}{4x} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{4} - \frac{\cos(3bx^2+3a)}{4x} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \left(\cos(3a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{4}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{-3ia}b\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{ib}x)}{8\sqrt{ib}} - \frac{3ie^{-ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{ib}x)}{8\sqrt{ib}} + \frac{3ie^{ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-ib}x)}{8\sqrt{-ib}} + \frac{3ie^{3ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-3ib}x)}{8\sqrt{-3ib}} - \frac{3 \cos(bx^2+a)}{4x}$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] -3/4*cos(b*x^2+a)/x-3/4*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(x*b^(1/2)
*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(a)*FresnelC(x*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))-1/4*cos(3*b
*x^2+3*a)/x-1/4*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*(cos(3*a)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)
/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x)+sin(3*a)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*b^(
1/2)*x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{6}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(3a) S\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + 3\sqrt{2}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{6}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(3a) + \dots}{4x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] -1/4*(sqrt(6)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(3*a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) +
3*sqrt(2)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi)) + sqrt(6)
)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(6)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(3*a) + 3*sqrt(2)*pi
*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) + 4*cos(b*x^2 + a)^3
)/x
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**3/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**3/x**2, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{bx^2}\left(\left(-i + 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3i bx^2\right) + \left(i - 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -3i bx^2\right)\right)\cos(3a) + \left(\left(i - 1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3i bx^2\right)\right)}{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/32*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(b*x^2)*((-I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, 3*I*b*x^2) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -3*I*b*x^2))*cos(3*a) + ((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, 3*I*b*x^2) - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -3*I*b*x^2))*sin(3*a) - 3*sqrt(b*x^2)*(((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, I*b*x^2) - (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -I*b*x^2))*cos(a) + (-I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, I*b*x^2) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-1/2, -I*b*x^2))*sin(a))/x

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(bx^2 + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)^3/x^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x^2, x)
```

3.21 $\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	147
Rubi [A] (verified)	147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	149
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	150
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	150
Sympy [F]	150
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	151
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	151
Mupad [F(-1)]	151

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3 \cos(a+bx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{\cos(3(a+bx^2))}{8x^2} - \frac{3}{8}b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) - \frac{3}{8}b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) - \frac{3}{8}b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}b \cos(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2)$$

[Out] $-3/8*\cos(b*x^2+a)/x^2-1/8*\cos(3*b*x^2+3*a)/x^2-3/8*b*\cos(a)*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^2)-3/8*b*\cos(3*a)*\operatorname{Si}(3*b*x^2)-3/8*b*\operatorname{Ci}(b*x^2)*\sin(a)-3/8*b*\operatorname{Ci}(3*b*x^2)*\sin(3*a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec), antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3485, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3}{8}b \sin(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}b \sin(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{8}b \cos(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2) - \frac{3 \cos(a+bx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{\cos(3(a+bx^2))}{8x^2}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^3/x^3, x]$

[Out] $(-3*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^2])/(8*x^2) - \operatorname{Cos}[3*(a + b*x^2)]/(8*x^2) - (3*b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^2]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/8 - (3*b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*b*x^2]*\operatorname{Sin}[3*a])/8 - (3*b*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^2])/8 - (3*b*\operatorname{Cos}[3*a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*b*x^2])/8$

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
]
```

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinInte
gral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosInte
gral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) -
c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f
)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2)}{4x^3} + \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^2)}{4x^3} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^2)}{x^3} dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{8} \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^2 \right) + \frac{3}{8} \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= -\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{\cos(3(a + bx^2))}{8x^2} - \frac{1}{8} (3b) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8} (3b) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(3a + 3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= -\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{\cos(3(a + bx^2))}{8x^2} - \frac{1}{8} (3b \cos(a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8} (3b \cos(3a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8} (3b \sin(a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8} (3b \sin(3a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^2 \right) \\
&= -\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{\cos(3(a + bx^2))}{8x^2} - \frac{3}{8} b \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{8} b \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) - \frac{3}{8} b \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^2) - \frac{3}{8} b \cos(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{3 \cos(a + bx^2) + \cos(3(a + bx^2)) + 3bx^2 \text{CosIntegral}(bx^2) \sin(a) + 3bx^2 \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) + 3bx^2 \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^2) + 3bx^2 \cos(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^2)}{8x^2}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^3/x^3,x]

[Out] -1/8*(3*Cos[a + b*x^2] + Cos[3*(a + b*x^2)]) + 3*b*x^2*CosIntegral[b*x^2]*Sin[a] + 3*b*x^2*CosIntegral[3*b*x^2]*Sin[3*a] + 3*b*x^2*Cos[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^2] + 3*b*x^2*Cos[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^2])/x^2

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3ie^{3ia}b \operatorname{Ei}_1(-3ibx^2)x^2 - 3ie^{-ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)bx^2 - 3e^{-ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)bx^2 + 3ie^{ia}b \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^2)x^2 - 3\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^2)e^{-3ia}bx^2 - 3ie^{-3ia}}{16x^2}$

[In] `int(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$-1/16*(3*I*\exp(3*I*a)*b*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-3*I*b*x^2)*x^2 - 3*I*\exp(-I*a)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-I*b*x^2)*b*x^2 - 3*\exp(-I*a)*\pi*\operatorname{csgn}(b*x^2)*b*x^2 + 3*I*\exp(I*a)*b*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-I*b*x^2)*x^2 - 3*\pi*i*\operatorname{csgn}(b*x^2)*\exp(-3*I*a)*b*x^2 - 3*I*\exp(-3*I*a)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-3*I*b*x^2)*b*x^2 + 6*\exp(-I*a)*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^2)*b*x^2 + 6*\operatorname{Si}(3*b*x^2)*\exp(-3*I*a)*b*x^2 + 6*\cos(b*x^2+a) + 2*\cos(3*b*x^2+3*a))/x^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3bx^2 \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) + 3bx^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a) + 3bx^2 \cos(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^2) + 3bx^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^2) + 4 \cos(a)}{8x^2}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$-1/8*(3*b*x^2*\cos_integral(3*b*x^2)*\sin(3*a) + 3*b*x^2*\cos_integral(b*x^2)*\sin(a) + 3*b*x^2*\cos(3*a)*\sin_integral(3*b*x^2) + 3*b*x^2*\cos(a)*\sin_integral(b*x^2) + 4*\cos(b*x^2 + a)^3)/x^2$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**3/x**3,x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**3/x**3, x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{3}{16} \left((-i\Gamma(-1, 3ibx^2) + i\Gamma(-1, -3ibx^2)) \cos(3a) + (-i\Gamma(-1, ibx^2) + i\Gamma(-1, -ibx^2)) \cos(a) - (\Gamma(-1, 3ibx^2) + \Gamma(-1, -3ibx^2)) \sin(3a) - (\Gamma(-1, ibx^2) + \Gamma(-1, -ibx^2)) \sin(a) \right) b$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 3/16*((-I*gamma(-1, 3*I*b*x^2) + I*gamma(-1, -3*I*b*x^2))*cos(3*a) + (-I*gamma(-1, I*b*x^2) + I*gamma(-1, -I*b*x^2))*cos(a) - (gamma(-1, 3*I*b*x^2) + gamma(-1, -3*I*b*x^2))*sin(3*a) - (gamma(-1, I*b*x^2) + gamma(-1, -I*b*x^2))*sin(a))*b

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{3(bx^2 + a)b^2 \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) - 3ab^2 \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^2) \sin(3a) + 3(bx^2 + a)b^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a) - 3ab^2 \operatorname{Ci}(bx^2) \sin(a)}{b^2 x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/8*(3*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos_integral(3*b*x^2)*sin(3*a) - 3*a*b^2*cos_integral(3*b*x^2)*sin(3*a) + 3*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos_integral(b*x^2)*sin(a) - 3*a*b^2*cos_integral(b*x^2)*sin(a) + 3*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) - 3*a*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^2) - 3*(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*cos(3*a)*sin_integral(-3*b*x^2) + 3*a*b^2*cos(3*a)*sin_integral(-3*b*x^2) + b^2*cos(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 3*b^2*cos(b*x^2 + a))/(b^2*x^2)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x^3,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^3/x^3, x)

3.22 $\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	152
Rubi [A] (verified)	152
Mathematica [A] (verified)	153
Maple [A] (verified)	153
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	154
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	154
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	154
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	155
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{2b} + \frac{3 \sin^5(a + bx^2)}{10b} - \frac{\sin^7(a + bx^2)}{14b}$$

[Out] 1/2*sin(b*x^2+a)/b-1/2*sin(b*x^2+a)^3/b+3/10*sin(b*x^2+a)^5/b-1/14*sin(b*x^2+a)^7/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2713}

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{\sin^7(a + bx^2)}{14b} + \frac{3 \sin^5(a + bx^2)}{10b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{2b} + \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^7,x]

[Out] Sin[a + b*x^2]/(2*b) - Sin[a + b*x^2]^3/(2*b) + (3*Sin[a + b*x^2]^5)/(10*b) - Sin[a + b*x^2]^7/(14*b)

Rule 2713

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p


```
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst} \left(\int \cos^7(a + bx) dx, x, x^2 \right) \\ &= - \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int (1 - 3x^2 + 3x^4 - x^6) dx, x, -\sin(a + bx^2) \right)}{2b} \\ &= \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\sin^3(a + bx^2)}{2b} + \frac{3 \sin^5(a + bx^2)}{10b} - \frac{\sin^7(a + bx^2)}{14b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\begin{aligned} &\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx \\ &= \frac{35 \sin(a + bx^2) - 35 \sin^3(a + bx^2) + 21 \sin^5(a + bx^2) - 5 \sin^7(a + bx^2)}{70b} \end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*x^2]^7,x]
```

```
[Out] (35*Sin[a + b*x^2] - 35*Sin[a + b*x^2]^3 + 21*Sin[a + b*x^2]^5 - 5*Sin[a + b*x^2]^7)/(70*b)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(bx^2+a) + \frac{6(\cos^4(bx^2+a))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(bx^2+a))}{5} \right) \sin(bx^2+a)}{14b}$	50
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{16}{5} + \cos^6(bx^2+a) + \frac{6(\cos^4(bx^2+a))}{5} + \frac{8(\cos^2(bx^2+a))}{5} \right) \sin(bx^2+a)}{14b}$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{1225 \sin(bx^2+a) + 5 \sin(7bx^2+7a) + 49 \sin(5bx^2+5a) + 245 \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{4480b}$	56
risch	$\frac{35 \sin(bx^2+a)}{128b} + \frac{\sin(7bx^2+7a)}{896b} + \frac{7 \sin(5bx^2+5a)}{640b} + \frac{7 \sin(3bx^2+3a)}{128b}$	63

```
[In] int(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

[Out] $1/14/b*(16/5+\cos(b*x^2+a)^6+6/5*\cos(b*x^2+a)^4+8/5*\cos(b*x^2+a)^2)*\sin(b*x^2+a)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(5 \cos(bx^2 + a)^6 + 6 \cos(bx^2 + a)^4 + 8 \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 + 16) \sin(bx^2 + a)}{70b}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/70*(5*\cos(b*x^2 + a)^6 + 6*\cos(b*x^2 + a)^4 + 8*\cos(b*x^2 + a)^2 + 16)*\sin(b*x^2 + a)/b$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{8 \sin^7(a+bx^2)}{35b} + \frac{4 \sin^5(a+bx^2) \cos^2(a+bx^2)}{5b} + \frac{\sin^3(a+bx^2) \cos^4(a+bx^2)}{b} + \frac{\sin(a+bx^2) \cos^6(a+bx^2)}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \cos^7(a)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(b*x**2+a)**7,x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((8*sin(a + b*x**2)**7/(35*b) + 4*sin(a + b*x**2)**5*cos(a + b*x**2)**2/(5*b) + sin(a + b*x**2)**3*cos(a + b*x**2)**4/b + sin(a + b*x**2)*cos(a + b*x**2)**6/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cos(a)**7/2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{5 \sin(7bx^2 + 7a) + 49 \sin(5bx^2 + 5a) + 245 \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 1225 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{4480b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/4480*(5*sin(7*b*x^2 + 7*a) + 49*sin(5*b*x^2 + 5*a) + 245*sin(3*b*x^2 + 3*a) + 1225*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{5 \sin(bx^2 + a)^7 - 21 \sin(bx^2 + a)^5 + 35 \sin(bx^2 + a)^3 - 35 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{70b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(b*x^2+a)^7,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/70*(5*sin(b*x^2 + a)^7 - 21*sin(b*x^2 + a)^5 + 35*sin(b*x^2 + a)^3 - 35*sin(b*x^2 + a))/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x \cos^7(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{245 \sin(3bx^2 + 3a) + 49 \sin(5bx^2 + 5a) + 5 \sin(7bx^2 + 7a) + 1225 \sin(bx^2 + a)}{4480b}$$

[In] int(x*cos(a + b*x^2)^7,x)

[Out] (245*sin(3*a + 3*b*x^2) + 49*sin(5*a + 5*b*x^2) + 5*sin(7*a + 7*b*x^2) + 1225*sin(a + b*x^2))/(4480*b)

3.23 $\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	156
Rubi [A] (verified)	156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	157
Maple [C] (verified)	158
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	158
Sympy [F]	159
Maxima [F(-2)]	159
Giac [F]	159
Mupad [F(-1)]	159

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{3ie^{ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2)}{16b(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2)}{16b(ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[Out] $-3/16*I*\exp(I*a)*x^{(3/2)*\text{GAMMA}(3/4, -I*b*x^2)/b/(-I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} + 3/16*I*x^{(3/2)*\text{GAMMA}(3/4, I*b*x^2)/b/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} + 1/2*x^{(3/2)*\sin(b*x^2+a)}/b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3467, 3470, 2250}

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{3ie^{ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2)}{16b(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2)}{16b(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[In] $\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2]}, x]$

[Out] $(((-3*I)/16)*E^{(I*a)*x^{(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2]})/(b*((-I)*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}) + (((3*I)/16)*x^{(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[3/4, I*b*x^2]})/(b*E^{(I*a)*(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)})} + (x^{(3/2)*\text{Sin}[a + b*x^2]})/(2*b)$

Rule 2250

$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)})*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^{(m + 1)})/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F])^{((m + 1)/n)})*\text{Gamma}[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3467

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m - n + 1)/(d*n)), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]

Rule 3470

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I + d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{3 \int \sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2) dx}{4b} \\ &= \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{(3i) \int e^{-ia-ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx}{8b} + \frac{(3i) \int e^{ia+ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx}{8b} \\ &= -\frac{3ie^{ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2)}{16b (-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2)}{16b (ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^{11/2} \left(3(ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2) (-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) + 3(-ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2) (i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) \right) + 8(b^2x^4)^{3/4} \sin(a + bx^2)}{16(b^2x^4)^{7/4}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(5/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2], x]

[Out] (b*x^(11/2)*(3*(I*b*x^2)^(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) + 3*((-I)*b*x^2)^(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, I*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) + 8*(b^2*x^4)^(3/4)*Sin[a + b*x^2]))/(16*(b^2*x^4)^(7/4))

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
meijerg	$2^{\frac{3}{4}} \cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} \sin(bx^2)}{7\sqrt{\pi} b} + \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin(bx^2) s_{\frac{5}{4}, \frac{3}{2}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{14\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}} + \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) s_{\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{8\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}} \right) \frac{1}{2(b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}}}$

[In] int(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} 2^{\frac{3}{4}} / (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} \cos(a) \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} (2/7 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} / b \sin(bx^2) + 3/14 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} / (bx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} \sin(bx^2) \text{LommelS1}(5/4, 3/2, bx^2) + 3/8 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{7}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} / (bx^2)^{\frac{9}{4}} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) \text{LommelS1}(1/4, 1/2, bx^2)) - 1/2 2^{\frac{3}{4}} / b^{\frac{7}{4}} \sin(a) \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} (-1/8 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{7}{2}} b^{\frac{7}{4}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} / (bx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} \sin(bx^2) \text{LommelS1}(1/4, 3/2, bx^2) - 1/2 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{7}{2}} b^{\frac{7}{4}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} / (bx^2)^{\frac{9}{4}} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) \text{LommelS1}(5/4, 1/2, bx^2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{8bx^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(bx^2 + a) + 3(ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2) + 3(-ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2)}{16b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $\frac{1}{16} (8bx^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(bx^2 + a) + 3(Ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(a) - I \sin(a)) \text{gamma}(\frac{3}{4}, Ib*x^2) + 3(-Ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(a) + I \sin(a)) \text{gamma}(\frac{3}{4}, -Ib*x^2)) / b^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x**(5/2)*cos(b*x**2+a),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**(5/2)*cos(a + b*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] `integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] `int(x^(5/2)*cos(a + b*x^2),x)`

[Out] `int(x^(5/2)*cos(a + b*x^2), x)`

3.24 $\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	160
Rubi [A] (verified)	160
Mathematica [A] (verified)	161
Maple [C] (verified)	162
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	162
Sympy [F]	163
Maxima [F(-2)]	163
Giac [F]	163
Mupad [F(-1)]	163

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{ie^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{16b^4\sqrt{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{16b^4\sqrt{ibx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b}$$

[Out] $-1/16*I*\exp(I*a)*\text{GAMMA}(1/4, -I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}/b/(-I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}+1/16*I*\text{GAMMA}(1/4, I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}/b/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}+1/2*\sin(b*x^2+a)*x^{(1/2)}/b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3467, 3470, 2250}

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{ie^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{16b^4\sqrt{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{16b^4\sqrt{ibx^2}}$$

[In] $\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2], x]$

[Out] $((-1/16*I)*E^{(I*a)}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4, (-I)*b*x^2])/(b*((-I)*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}) + ((I/16)*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4, I*b*x^2])/(b*E^{(I*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}) + (\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sin}[a + b*x^2])/(2*b)$

Rule 2250

$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)})*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(F^a)*((e + f*x)^{(m + 1)})/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F])^{((m + 1)/n)})*\text{Gamma}[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3467

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n
- 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m - n + 1)/
(d*n)), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] &&
IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]
```

Rule 3470

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2,
Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{4b} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} - \frac{i \int \frac{e^{-ia-ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{8b} + \frac{i \int \frac{e^{ia+ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{8b} \\ &= -\frac{ie^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2)}{16b\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2)}{16b\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^{9/2} \left(\sqrt[4]{ibx^2} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2) (-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) + \sqrt[4]{-ibx^2} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2) (i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) + 8\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4} \right)}{16(b^2x^4)^{5/4}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2],x]
```

```
[Out] (b*x^(9/2)*((I*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, (-I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) +
((-I)*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, I*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) + 8*(b^2*x^4)^(
1/4)*Sin[a + b*x^2]))/(16*(b^2*x^4)^(5/4))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}} \cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x} 2^{\frac{3}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{5}{8}} \sin(bx^2)}{5\sqrt{\pi} b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} 2^{\frac{3}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{5}{8}} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2))}{5\sqrt{\pi} b} + \frac{x^{\frac{9}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{5}{8}} 2^{\frac{3}{4}} b \sin(bx^2) s_{\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{10\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{7}{4}}} - \frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{5}{8}} 2^{\frac{3}{4}} b (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2))}{10\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{7}{4}}} \right)}{2(b^2)^{\frac{5}{8}}}$

[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} 2^{(1/4)} / (b^2)^{(5/8)} \cos(a) \pi^{(1/2)} (2/5 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(1/2)} 2^{(3/4)} (b^2)^{(5/8)} / b \sin(bx^2) + 2/5 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(1/2)} 2^{(3/4)} (b^2)^{(5/8)} / b (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) + 1/10 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(9/2)} (b^2)^{(5/8)} 2^{(3/4)} b / (bx^2)^{(7/4)} \sin(bx^2) \text{LommelS1}(3/4, 3/2, bx^2) - 2/5 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(9/2)} (b^2)^{(5/8)} 2^{(3/4)} b / (bx^2)^{(11/4)} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) \text{LommelS1}(7/4, 1/2, bx^2) - 1/2 2^{(1/4)} / b^{(5/4)} \sin(a) \pi^{(1/2)} (2/9 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(5/2)} 2^{(3/4)} b^{(5/4)} \sin(bx^2) - 2/9 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(9/2)} b^{(9/4)} 2^{(3/4)} / (bx^2)^{(7/4)} \sin(bx^2) \text{LommelS1}(7/4, 3/2, bx^2) - 1/2 / \pi^{(1/2)} x^{(9/2)} b^{(9/4)} 2^{(3/4)} / (bx^2)^{(11/4)} (\cos(bx^2)x^2b - \sin(bx^2)) \text{LommelS1}(3/4, 1/2, bx^2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2) + (-ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2) + 8b\sqrt{x} \sin(bx^2 + a)}{16b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $\frac{1}{16} * ((I*b)^{(3/4)} * (\cos(a) - I*\sin(a)) * \text{gamma}(1/4, I*b*x^2) + (-I*b)^{(3/4)} * (\cos(a) + I*\sin(a)) * \text{gamma}(1/4, -I*b*x^2) + 8*b*\text{sqrt}(x)*\sin(b*x^2 + a)) / b^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x**(3/2)*cos(b*x**2+a),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**(3/2)*cos(a + b*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] `integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] `int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^2),x)`

[Out] `int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^2), x)`

3.25 $\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	164
Rubi [A] (verified)	164
Mathematica [A] (verified)	165
Maple [C] (verified)	165
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	166
Sympy [F]	166
Maxima [F(-2)]	166
Giac [F]	167
Mupad [F(-1)]	167

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{e^{ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{4(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{4(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[Out] $-1/4*\exp(I*a)*x^{(3/2)*\text{GAMMA}(3/4, -I*b*x^2)/(-I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} - 1/4*x^{(3/2)*\text{GAMMA}(3/4, I*b*x^2)/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3471, 2250}

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{e^{ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{4(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{4(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[In] `Int[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^2], x]`

[Out] $-1/4*(E^{(I*a)*x^{(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2]})/((-I)*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} - (x^{(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[3/4, I*b*x^2]})/(4*E^{(I*a)*(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)})}$

Rule 2250

```
Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3471

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2,
  Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
  d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-ia-ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{ia+ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx \\ &= \frac{e^{ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{4(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{4(ibx^2)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \left((-ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right) (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) + (ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right) (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \right)}{4(b^2 x^4)^{3/4}}$$

[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^2], x]

[Out] $-1/4*(x^{(3/2)*(((-I)*b*x^2)^{(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, I*b*x^2]*(Cos[a] - I*Sin[a]) + (I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2]*(Cos[a] + I*Sin[a])})/(b^2*x^4)^{(3/4)}$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

method	result
meijerg	$2^{\frac{3}{4}} \cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{4 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}} \sin(bx^2)}{3\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} b} + \frac{4 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}} (\cos(bx^2) x^2 b - \sin(bx^2))}{3\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} b} - \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} b \sin(bx^2) s_{\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{3\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}} - \frac{4x^{\frac{7}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} b (\cos(bx^2) x^2 b - \sin(bx^2))}{3\sqrt{\pi} (bx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}} \right) / 4(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}$

[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/4*2^{(3/4)/(b^2)^{(3/8)*cos(a)*Pi^{(1/2)*(4/3*Pi^{(1/2)/x^{(1/2)*2^{(1/4)*(b^2)^{(3/8)/b*\sin(b*x^2)+4/3*Pi^{(1/2)/x^{(1/2)*2^{(1/4)*(b^2)^{(3/8)/b*(\cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-\sin(b*x^2))-1/3*Pi^{(1/2)*x^{(7/2)*(b^2)^{(3/8)*2^{(1/4)*b/(b*x^2)^{(5/4)*\sin(b*x^2)*LommelS1(1/4, 3/2, b*x^2)-4/3*Pi^{(1/2)*x^{(7/2)*(b^2)^{(3/8)*2^{(1/4)}$

```
*b/(b*x^2)^(9/4)*(cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))*LommelS1(5/4,1/2,b*x^2))-1/4
*2^(3/4)/b^(3/4)*sin(a)*Pi^(1/2)*(4/7/Pi^(1/2)*x^(3/2)*2^(1/4)*b^(3/4)*sin(
b*x^2)-4/7/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^(7/4)*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(5/4)*sin(b*x^2)*Lommel
S1(5/4,3/2,b*x^2)-1/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^(7/4)*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(9/4)*(cos(b*x
^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))*LommelS1(1/4,1/2,b*x^2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right) + (-ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{4b}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*((I*b)^(1/4)*(I*cos(a) + sin(a))*gamma(3/4, I*b*x^2) + (-I*b)^(1/4)*(-I
*cos(a) + sin(a))*gamma(3/4, -I*b*x^2))/b
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(1/2)*cos(b*x**2+a),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x)*cos(a + b*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(sqrt(x)*cos(b*x^2 + a), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a) dx$$

[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^2),x)

[Out] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^2), x)

3.26 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	168
Rubi [A] (verified)	168
Mathematica [A] (verified)	169
Maple [C] (verified)	169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	170
Sympy [F]	170
Maxima [F(-2)]	170
Giac [F]	171
Mupad [F(-1)]	171

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{e^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},-ibx^2)}{4\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},ibx^2)}{4\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

[Out] $-1/4*\exp(I*a)*\text{GAMMA}(1/4,-I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)/(-I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}-1/4*\text{GAMMA}(1/4,I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec), antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3471, 2250}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{e^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},-ibx^2)}{4\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},ibx^2)}{4\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[x],x]`

[Out] $-1/4*(E^{I*a}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4,(-I)*b*x^2])/((-I)*b*x^2)^{(1/4)} - (\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4,I*b*x^2])/(4*E^{I*a}*(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)})$

Rule 2250

`Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

Rule 3471


```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2,
  Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
  d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-ia-ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{ia+ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &= -\frac{e^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{x} \left(\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2\right) (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) + \sqrt[4]{ibx^2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2\right) (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[x], x]

[Out] $-1/4 * (\text{Sqrt}[x] * (((-I) * b * x^2)^{1/4} * \text{Gamma}[1/4, I * b * x^2] * (\text{Cos}[a] - I * \text{Sin}[a]) + (I * b * x^2)^{1/4} * \text{Gamma}[1/4, (-I) * b * x^2] * (\text{Cos}[a] + I * \text{Sin}[a]))) / (b^2 * x^4)^{1/4}$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\frac{6 \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}} \left(\frac{8x^4 b^2}{27} + \frac{2}{3} \right) \sin(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{3}{2}} b} + \frac{4 \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}} (b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}} (\cos(bx^2) x^2 b - \sin(bx^2))}{\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{3}{2}} b} \right)}{4(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}}$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/4 * \cos(a) * \text{Pi}^{1/2} * 2^{1/4} / (b^2)^{1/8} * (6/\text{Pi}^{1/2} / x^{3/2} * 2^{3/4} * (b^2)^{1/8} * (8/27 * x^4 * b^2 + 2/3) / b * \sin(bx^2) + 4/\text{Pi}^{1/2} / x^{3/2} * 2^{3/4} * (b^2)^{1/8} / b * (\cos(bx^2) * x^2 * b - \sin(bx^2))) - 16/9 / \text{Pi}^{1/2} * x^{9/2} * (b^2)^{1/8} * b^2 * 2^{3/4} / (bx^2)^{7/4} * \sin(bx^2) * \text{LommelS1}(7/4, 3/2, bx^2) - 4/\text{Pi}^{1/2} * x^{9/2} * (b^2)^{1/8}$

$$2)^{(1/8)} * b^2 * 2^{(3/4)} / (b * x^2)^{(11/4)} * (\cos(b * x^2) * x^2 * b - \sin(b * x^2)) * \text{LommelS1}(3/4, 1/2, b * x^2) - 1/4 * \sin(a) * \text{Pi}^{(1/2)} * 2^{(1/4)} / b^{(1/4)} * (4/5 / \text{Pi}^{(1/2)} * x^{(1/2)} * 2^{(3/4)} * b^{(1/4)} * \sin(b * x^2) - 16/5 / \text{Pi}^{(1/2)} * x^{(1/2)} * 2^{(3/4)} * b^{(1/4)} * (\cos(b * x^2) * x^2 * b - \sin(b * x^2)) - 4/5 / \text{Pi}^{(1/2)} * x^{(9/2)} * b^{(9/4)} * 2^{(3/4)} / (b * x^2)^{(7/4)} * \sin(b * x^2) * \text{LommelS1}(3/4, 3/2, b * x^2) + 16/5 / \text{Pi}^{(1/2)} * x^{(9/2)} * b^{(9/4)} * 2^{(3/4)} / (b * x^2)^{(11/4)} * (\cos(b * x^2) * x^2 * b - \sin(b * x^2)) * \text{LommelS1}(7/4, 1/2, b * x^2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{(ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2) + (-ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2)}{4b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/4*((I*b)^(3/4)*(I*cos(a) + sin(a))*gamma(1/4, I*b*x^2) + (-I*b)^(3/4)*(-I*cos(a) + sin(a))*gamma(1/4, -I*b*x^2))/b

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x**(1/2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/sqrt(x), x)

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)/sqrt(x), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(1/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(1/2), x)

3.27 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	172
Rubi [A] (verified)	172
Mathematica [A] (verified)	173
Maple [C] (verified)	174
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	174
Sympy [F]	175
Maxima [F(-2)]	175
Giac [F]	175
Mupad [F(-1)]	175

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ibe^{ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4},-ibx^2)}{(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ibe^{-ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4},ibx^2)}{(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[Out] $-I*b*\exp(I*a)*x^{(3/2)}*GAMMA(3/4,-I*b*x^2)/(-I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}+I*b*x^{(3/2)}*GAMMA(3/4,I*b*x^2)/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}-2*\cos(b*x^2+a)/x^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec), antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3469, 3470, 2250}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ie^{ia}bx^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4},-ibx^2)}{(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ie^{-ia}bx^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4},ibx^2)}{(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2]/x^{(3/2)}, x]$

[Out] $(-2*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - (I*b*E^{(I*a)}*x^{(3/2)}*Gamma[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2])/((-I)*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} + (I*b*x^{(3/2)}*Gamma[3/4, I*b*x^2])/(E^{(I*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)})$

Rule 2250

$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)})*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}], x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^{(m + 1)})/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F])^{((m + 1)/n)})*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*\text{Log}[F]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3469

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(Cos[c + d*x^n]/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[d*(n/(e^n*(m + 1))), Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3470

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I + d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} - (4b) \int \sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx^2) dx \\ &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} - (2ib) \int e^{-ia-ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx + (2ib) \int e^{ia+ibx^2} \sqrt{x} dx \\ &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ibe^{ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2)}{(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ibe^{-ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2)}{(ibx^2)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2(b^2x^4)^{3/4} \cos(a + bx^2) + bx^2(ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2) (-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) + i(-ibx^2)^{7/4}}{\sqrt{x} (b^2x^4)^{3/4}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x^(3/2), x]
```

```
[Out] (-2*(b^2*x^4)^(3/4)*Cos[a + b*x^2] + b*x^2*(I*b*x^2)^(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, (-I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) + I*((-I)*b*x^2)^(7/4)*Gamma[3/4, I*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[a] + Sin[a]))/(Sqrt[x]*(b^2*x^4)^(3/4))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}2^{\frac{3}{4}}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}}{8} \left(-\frac{122^{\frac{1}{4}}\left(\frac{8x^4b^2}{21}+\frac{2}{3}\right)\sin(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{5}{2}}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}b} - \frac{82^{\frac{1}{4}}(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))}{\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{5}{2}}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}b} + \frac{32x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^22^{\frac{1}{4}}\sin(bx^2)s_{\frac{5}{4},\frac{3}{4}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{7\sqrt{\pi}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}(bx^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{8x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^22^{\frac{1}{4}}(\cos(bx^2))}{\sqrt{\pi}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{8}}(bx^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right)$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/8*cos(a)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(3/4)*(b^2)^(1/8)*(-12/Pi^(1/2)/x^(5/2)*2^(1/4)/(b^2)^(1/8)*(8/21*x^4*b^2+2/3)/b*sin(b*x^2)-8/Pi^(1/2)/x^(5/2)*2^(1/4)/(b^2)^(1/8)/b*(cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))+32/7/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)/(b^2)^(1/8)*b^2*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(5/4)*sin(b*x^2)*LommelS1(5/4,3/2,b*x^2)+8/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)/(b^2)^(1/8)*b^2*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(9/4)*(cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))*LommelS1(1/4,1/2,b*x^2))-1/8*sin(a)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(3/4)*b^(1/4)*(8/3/Pi^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/4)/b^(1/4)*sin(b*x^2)+32/3/Pi^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/4)/b^(1/4)*(cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))-8/3/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^(7/4)*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(5/4)*sin(b*x^2)*LommelS1(1/4,3/2,b*x^2)-32/3/Pi^(1/2)*x^(7/2)*b^(7/4)*2^(1/4)/(b*x^2)^(9/4)*(cos(b*x^2)*x^2*b-sin(b*x^2))*LommelS1(5/4,1/2,b*x^2))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(x \cos(a) - i x \sin(a))(ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, ibx^2\right) + (x \cos(a) + i x \sin(a))(-ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -ibx^2\right) - 2\sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a)}{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] ((x*cos(a) - I*x*sin(a))*(I*b)^(1/4)*gamma(3/4, I*b*x^2) + (x*cos(a) + I*x*sin(a))*(-I*b)^(1/4)*gamma(3/4, -I*b*x^2) - 2*sqrt(x)*cos(b*x^2 + a))/x

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x**(3/2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/x**(3/2), x)

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)/x^(3/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(3/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(3/2), x)

3.28 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	176
Rubi [A] (verified)	176
Mathematica [A] (verified)	177
Maple [C] (verified)	177
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	178
Sympy [F]	178
Maxima [F(-2)]	179
Giac [F]	179
Mupad [F(-1)]	179

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos(a+bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{ibe^{ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},-ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ibe^{-ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

[Out] $-2/3*\cos(b*x^2+a)/x^{(3/2)}-1/3*I*b*\exp(I*a)*\text{GAMMA}(1/4,-I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}/(-I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}+1/3*I*b*\text{GAMMA}(1/4,I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}/\exp(I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3469, 3470, 2250}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ie^{ia}b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},-ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-ia}b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4},ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} - \frac{2\cos(a+bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x^(5/2),x]

[Out] $(-2*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2])/(3*x^{(3/2)}) - ((I/3)*b*E^{(I*a)}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4, (-I)*b*x^2])/((-I)*b*x^2)^{(1/4)} + ((I/3)*b*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4, I*b*x^2])/(E^{(I*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)})$

Rule 2250

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3469

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(Cos[c + d*x^n]/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[d*(n/(e^n*(m + 1))), Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3470

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I + d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(4b) \int \frac{\sin(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(2ib) \int \frac{e^{-ia-ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{3}(2ib) \int \frac{e^{ia+ibx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2 \cos(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{ibe^{ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ibe^{-ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4} \cos(a + bx^2) + bx^2\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -ibx^2)(-i \cos(a) + \sin(a)) + i(-ibx^2)^{5/4}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, ibx^2)}{3x^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]/x^(5/2), x]
```

```
[Out] (-2*(b^2*x^4)^(1/4)*Cos[a + b*x^2] + b*x^2*(I*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, (-I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[a] + Sin[a]) + I*((-I)*b*x^2)^(5/4)*Gamma[1/4, I*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[a] + Sin[a]))/(3*x^(3/2)*(b^2*x^4)^(1/4))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}2^{\frac{1}{4}}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}\left(-\frac{42^{\frac{3}{4}}\left(\frac{8x^4b^2}{15}+\frac{2}{3}\right)\sin(bx^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{7}{2}}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}b}-\frac{82^{\frac{3}{4}}(-16x^4b^2+5)(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))}{15\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{7}{2}}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}b}+\frac{32x^{\frac{9}{2}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}b^3\sin(bx^2)s_{\frac{3}{4},\frac{3}{4}}^{(+)}(bx^2)}{15\sqrt{\pi}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}(bx^2)^{\frac{7}{4}}}-\frac{128x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{8}\right)}{8}$

[In] `int(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{8}\cos(a)\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}2^{\frac{1}{4}}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}(-4/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}/x^{\frac{7}{2}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}(8/15x^4b^2+2/3)/b\sin(bx^2)-8/15/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}/x^{\frac{7}{2}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}/b(-16b^2x^4+5)(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))+32/15/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}/(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}b^3/(bx^2)^{\frac{7}{4}}\sin(bx^2)*\text{LommelS1}(3/4,3/2,bx^2)-128/15/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}/(b^2)^{\frac{3}{8}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}b^3/(bx^2)^{\frac{11}{4}}(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))*\text{LommelS1}(7/4,1/2,bx^2))-1/8\sin(a)\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}2^{\frac{1}{4}}b^{\frac{3}{4}}(12/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}/x^{\frac{3}{2}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/b^{\frac{3}{4}}(32/81x^4b^2+2/3)\sin(bx^2)+32/3/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}/x^{\frac{3}{2}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/b^{\frac{3}{4}}(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))-128/27/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^{\frac{9}{4}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/(bx^2)^{\frac{7}{4}}\sin(bx^2)*\text{LommelS1}(7/4,3/2,bx^2)-32/3/\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^{\frac{9}{4}}2^{\frac{3}{4}}/(bx^2)^{\frac{11}{4}}(\cos(bx^2)x^2b-\sin(bx^2))*\text{LommelS1}(3/4,1/2,bx^2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(x^2 \cos(a) - i x^2 \sin(a))(i b)^{\frac{3}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, i b x^2\right) + (x^2 \cos(a) + i x^2 \sin(a))(-i b)^{\frac{3}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -i b x^2\right)}{3 x^2}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}((x^2\cos(a) - Ix^2\sin(a))*(Ib)^{\frac{3}{4}}\text{gamma}(1/4, Ibx^2) + (x^2\cos(a) + Ix^2\sin(a))*(-Ib)^{\frac{3}{4}}\text{gamma}(1/4, -Ibx^2) - 2*\text{sqrt}(x)*\cos(bx^2 + a))/x^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a+bx^2)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)/x**(5/2),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)/x^(5/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(5/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)/x^(5/2), x)

3.29 $\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	180
Rubi [A] (verified)	180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	182
Maple [F]	182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	182
Sympy [F]	183
Maxima [F(-2)]	183
Giac [F]	183
Mupad [F(-1)]	183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{3ie^{2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4}b(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4}b(ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{7}x^{7/2} - \frac{3}{128}I \exp(2Ia) x^{3/2} \text{GAMMA}(3/4, -2Ib x^2) 2^{1/4} / b / (-I b x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{3}{128}I x^{3/2} \text{GAMMA}(3/4, 2Ib x^2) 2^{1/4} / b / \exp(2Ia) / (I b x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{8}x^{3/2} \sin(2b x^2 + 2a) / b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3483, 3485, 3467, 3470, 2250}

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{3ie^{2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4}b(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4}b(ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{7/2}}{7}$$

[In] Int[x^(5/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] $x^{7/2}/7 - (((3I)/64)*E^{((2I)*a)}*x^{3/2}*Gamma[3/4, (-2I)*b*x^2])/(2^{3/4}*b*((-I)*b*x^2)^{3/4}) + (((3I)/64)*x^{3/2}*Gamma[3/4, (2I)*b*x^2])/(2^{3/4}*b*E^{((2I)*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{3/4}) + (x^{3/2}*Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)])/(8*b)$

Rule 2250

```
Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[
F])^((m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F
, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3467

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n
- 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m - n + 1)/
(d*n)), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] &&
IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]
```

Rule 3470

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2,
Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3483

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1
)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n])]^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x^6 \cos^2(a + bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{x^6}{2} + \frac{1}{2}x^6 \cos(2a + 2bx^4)\right) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x^{7/2}}{7} + \text{Subst}\left(\int x^6 \cos(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \sin(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{8b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{(3i) \text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia-2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{16b} \\
&\quad + \frac{(3i) \text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia+2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{16b} \\
&= \frac{x^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{3ie^{2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4} b (-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{3ie^{-2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right)}{64 \cdot 2^{3/4} b (ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^{11/2} \left(21\sqrt{2}(ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right) (-i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) + 21\sqrt{2}(-ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) (i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) \right)}{896 (b^2 x^4)^{7/4}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(5/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] (b*x^(11/2)*(21*2^(1/4)*(I*b*x^2)^(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]) + 21*2^(1/4)*((-I)*b*x^2)^(3/4)*Gamma[3/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]) + 16*(b^2*x^4)^(3/4)*(8*b*x^2 + 7*Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)]))/ (896*(b^2*x^4)^(7/4))

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{\frac{5}{2}} (\cos^2(bx^2 + a)) dx$$

[In] int(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)

[Out] int(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{21(2ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(2a) - i \sin(2a)) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) + 21(-2ib)^{\frac{1}{4}} (\cos(2a) + i \sin(2a)) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{896 b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] 1/896*(21*(2*I*b)^(1/4)*(cos(2*a) - I*sin(2*a))*gamma(3/4, 2*I*b*x^2) + 21*
(-2*I*b)^(1/4)*(cos(2*a) + I*sin(2*a))*gamma(3/4, -2*I*b*x^2) + 32*(4*b^2*x
^3 + 7*b*x*cos(b*x^2 + a)*sin(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(x))/b^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(5/2)*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(5/2)*cos(a + b*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] integrate(x^(5/2)*cos(b*x^2 + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{5/2} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] int(x^(5/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^(5/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2, x)
```

3.30 $\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	184
Rubi [A] (verified)	184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	186
Maple [F]	186
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	186
Sympy [F]	187
Maxima [F(-2)]	187
Giac [F]	187
Mupad [F(-1)]	187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{ie^{2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b^4 - ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b^4 ibx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b}$$

[Out] 1/5*x^(5/2)-1/128*I*exp(2*I*a)*GAMMA(1/4,-2*I*b*x^2)*x^(1/2)*2^(3/4)/b/(-I*b*x^2)^(1/4)+1/128*I*GAMMA(1/4,2*I*b*x^2)*x^(1/2)*2^(3/4)/b/exp(2*I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^(1/4)+1/8*sin(2*b*x^2+2*a)*x^(1/2)/b

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3483, 3485, 3467, 3436, 2239}

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{ie^{2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b^4 - ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b^4 ibx^2}} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5}$$

[In] Int[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] x^(5/2)/5 - ((I/64)*E^((2*I)*a)*Sqrt[x]*Gamma[1/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^(1/4)*b*((-I)*b*x^2)^(1/4)) + ((I/64)*Sqrt[x]*Gamma[1/4, (2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^(1/4)*b)*E^((2*I)*a)*(I*b*x^2)^(1/4) + (Sqrt[x]*Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)])/(8*b)

Rule 2239

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*(-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(1/n)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2/n]

Rule 3436

Int[Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2, Int[E^((-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[E^(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 2]

Rule 3467

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*(m - n + 1)/(d*n), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]

Rule 3483

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^((p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n)])^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]

Rule 3485

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^((p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x^4 \cos^2(a + bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{x^4}{2} + \frac{1}{2}x^4 \cos(2a + 2bx^4)\right) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \text{Subst}\left(\int x^4 \cos(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{8b} \\
 &= \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(2(a + bx^2))}{8b} - \frac{i\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia - 2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{16b} \\
 &\quad + \frac{i\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia + 2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)}{16b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{ie^{2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{64\sqrt[4]{2b}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}\sin(2(a+bx^2))}{8b}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{bx^{9/2} \left(5 \cdot 2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{ibx^2} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2) (-i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) + 5 \cdot 2^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{-ibx^2} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2) (i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) \right)}{640 (b^2 x^4)^{5/4}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] (b*x^(9/2)*(5*2^(3/4)*(I*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]) + 5*2^(3/4)*((-I)*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]) + 16*(b^2*x^4)^(1/4)*(8*b*x^2 + 5*Sin[2*(a + b*x^2)])))/(640*(b^2*x^4)^(5/4))

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} (\cos^2(bx^2 + a)) dx$$

[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)

[Out] int(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{5(2ib)^{3/4} (\cos(2a) - i \sin(2a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2) + 5(-2ib)^{3/4} (\cos(2a) + i \sin(2a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2) + 32(4b^2x^2 + 5b \cos(bx^2 + a) \sin(bx^2 + a)) \sqrt{x}}{640 b^2}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/640*(5*(2*I*b)^(3/4)*(cos(2*a) - I*sin(2*a))*gamma(1/4, 2*I*b*x^2) + 5*(-2*I*b)^(3/4)*(cos(2*a) + I*sin(2*a))*gamma(1/4, -2*I*b*x^2) + 32*(4*b^2*x^2 + 5*b*cos(b*x^2 + a)*sin(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(x))/b^2

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(3/2)*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(3/2)*cos(a + b*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(b*x^2 + a)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2, x)
```

3.31 $\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	188
Rubi [A] (verified)	188
Mathematica [A] (verified)	189
Maple [F]	190
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Sympy [F]	190
Maxima [F(-2)]	191
Giac [F]	191
Mupad [F(-1)]	191

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{e^{2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[Out] 1/3*x^(3/2)-1/16*exp(2*I*a)*x^(3/2)*GAMMA(3/4,-2*I*b*x^2)*2^(1/4)/(-I*b*x^2)^(3/4)-1/16*x^(3/2)*GAMMA(3/4,2*I*b*x^2)*2^(1/4)/exp(2*I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^(3/4)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3483, 3485, 3471, 2250}

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = -\frac{e^{2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3}$$

[In] Int[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

[Out] x^(3/2)/3 - (E^((2*I)*a)*x^(3/2)*Gamma[3/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2])/(8*2^(3/4)*((-I)*b*x^2)^(3/4)) - (x^(3/2)*Gamma[3/4, (2*I)*b*x^2])/(8*2^(3/4)*E^((2*I)*a)*(I*b*x^2)^(3/4))

Rule 2250

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3471

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2,
  Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
  d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3483

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x
_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)
*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n])]^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos^2(a + bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \cos(2a + 2bx^4)\right) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} + \text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia-2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia+2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{e^{2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (-ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{e^{-2ia} x^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right)}{8 \cdot 2^{3/4} (ibx^2)^{3/4}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{1}{48} x^{3/2} \left(16 - \frac{3\sqrt[4]{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) (\cos(2a) - i \sin(2a))}{(ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{3\sqrt[4]{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right) (\cos(2a) + i \sin(2a))}{(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} \right)$$

[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2,x]

```
[Out] (x^(3/2)*(16 - (3*2^(1/4)*Gamma[3/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(Cos[2*a] - I*Sin[2*a]))/
(I*b*x^2)^(3/4) - (3*2^(1/4)*Gamma[3/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*(Cos[2*a] + I*Sin[2*a
]))/((-I)*b*x^2)^(3/4))/48
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} (\cos^2(bx^2 + a)) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{16bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(2ib)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-i \cos(2a) - \sin(2a))\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2) - 3(-2ib)^{\frac{1}{4}}(i \cos(2a) - \sin(2a))\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{48b}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/48*(16*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(2*I*b)^(1/4)*(-I*cos(2*a) - sin(2*a))*gamma(3/4, 2*
I*b*x^2) - 3*(-2*I*b)^(1/4)*(I*cos(2*a) - sin(2*a))*gamma(3/4, -2*I*b*x^2))
/b
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(1/2)*cos(b*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x)*cos(a + b*x**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(sqrt(x)*cos(b*x^2 + a)^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx^2) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2,x)

[Out] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^2)^2, x)

3.32 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	192
Rubi [A] (verified)	192
Mathematica [A] (verified)	193
Maple [F]	194
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	194
Sympy [F]	194
Maxima [F(-2)]	195
Giac [F]	195
Mupad [F(-1)]	195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} - \frac{e^{2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

[Out] $x^{(1/2)} - 1/16 * \exp(2*I*a) * \text{GAMMA}(1/4, -2*I*b*x^2) * x^{(1/2)} * 2^{(3/4)} / (-I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)} - 1/16 * \text{GAMMA}(1/4, 2*I*b*x^2) * x^{(1/2)} * 2^{(3/4)} / \exp(2*I*a) / (I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec), antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3483, 3439, 3437, 2239}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{e^{2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} + \sqrt{x}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/Sqrt[x], x]

[Out] $\text{Sqrt}[x] - (\text{E}^{((2*I)*a)} * \text{Sqrt}[x] * \text{Gamma}[1/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]) / (8*2^{(1/4)} * ((-I)*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}) - (\text{Sqrt}[x] * \text{Gamma}[1/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]) / (8*2^{(1/4)} * \text{E}^{((2*I)*a)} * (I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)})$

Rule 2239

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-F^a)*(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]))^(1/n)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2/n]

Rule 3437

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2, Int[E^((-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[E^(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 2]
```

Rule 3439

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(a + b*Cos[c + d*(e + f*x)^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 3483

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n])^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos^2(a + bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a + 2bx^4)\right) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia - 2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia + 2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{x} - \frac{e^{2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} - \frac{e^{-2ia} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{x} \left(16 - \frac{2^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) (\cos(2a) - i \sin(2a))}{\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} - \frac{2^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2\right) (\cos(2a) + i \sin(2a))}{\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} \right)$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/Sqrt[x], x]

```
[Out] (Sqrt[x]*(16 - (2^(3/4)*Gamma[1/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(Cos[2*a] - I*Sin[2*a]))/(I
*b*x^2)^(1/4) - (2^(3/4)*Gamma[1/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*(Cos[2*a] + I*Sin[2*a]))/
((-I)*b*x^2)^(1/4)))/16
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(bx^2 + a)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2) + (-2ib)^{\frac{3}{4}} (-i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2) + 16b\sqrt{x}}{16b}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/16*((2*I*b)^(3/4)*(I*cos(2*a) + sin(2*a))*gamma(1/4, 2*I*b*x^2) + (-2*I*b
)^(3/4)*(-I*cos(2*a) + sin(2*a))*gamma(1/4, -2*I*b*x^2) + 16*b*sqrt(x))/b
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/sqrt(x), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-t
o-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)^2/sqrt(x), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(1/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(1/2), x)

3.33 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	196
Rubi [A] (verified)	196
Mathematica [A] (verified)	198
Maple [F]	198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	198
Sympy [F]	199
Maxima [F(-2)]	199
Giac [F]	199
Mupad [F(-1)]	199

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ibe^{2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{2^{3/4}(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ibe^{-2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{2^{3/4}(ibx^2)^{3/4}}$$

[Out] $-1/2*I*b*\exp(2*I*a)*x^{(3/2)}*GAMMA(3/4, -2*I*b*x^2)*2^{(1/4)} / (-I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} + 1/2*I*b*x^{(3/2)}*GAMMA(3/4, 2*I*b*x^2)*2^{(1/4)} / \exp(2*I*a) / (I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)} - 1/x^{(1/2)} - \cos(2*b*x^2+2*a)/x^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3483, 3485, 3469, 3470, 2250}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ie^{2ia}bx^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{2^{3/4}(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ie^{-2ia}bx^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{2^{3/4}(ibx^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] $-(1/\text{Sqrt}[x]) - \text{Cos}[2*(a + b*x^2)]/\text{Sqrt}[x] - (I*b*E^{((2*I)*a)}*x^{(3/2)}*Gamma[3/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^{(3/4)}*((-I)*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}) + (I*b*x^{(3/2)}*Gamma[3/4, (2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^{(3/4)}*E^{((2*I)*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)})$

Rule 2250

```
Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[
F])^((m + 1)/n)))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F
, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3469

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)
^(m + 1)*(Cos[c + d*x^n]/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[d*(n/(e^n*(m + 1))), Int[(
e*x)^(m + n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] &&
LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3470

```
Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*Sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2,
Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3483

```
Int[((a_) + Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x
_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1
)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n)])^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

Rule 3485

```
Int[((a_) + Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^4)}{x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^4)}{2x^2}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^4)}{x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2(a + bx^2))}{\sqrt{x}} - (8b)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \sin(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{\sqrt{x}} - (4ib)\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia-2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&\quad + (4ib)\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia+2ibx^4} x^2 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2(a+bx^2))}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{ibe^{2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{2^{3/4}(-ibx^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{ibe^{-2ia}x^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right)}{2^{3/4}(ibx^2)^{3/4}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4(b^2x^4)^{3/4} \cos^2(a+bx^2) + \sqrt[4]{2}bx^2(ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right) (-i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) + i\sqrt[4]{2}bx^2(-ibx^2)^{3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) (i \cos(2a) - \sin(2a))}{2\sqrt{x}(b^2x^4)^{3/4}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] $(-4*(b^2*x^4)^{(3/4)}*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^2 + 2^{(1/4)}*b*x^2*(I*b*x^2)^{(3/4)}*\text{Gamma}[3/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*\text{Cos}[2*a] + \text{Sin}[2*a]) + I*2^{(1/4)}*((-I)*b*x^2)^{(7/4)})*\text{Gamma}[3/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(I*\text{Cos}[2*a] + \text{Sin}[2*a]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(b^2*x^4)^{(3/4)})$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(bx^2 + a)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(3/2), x)

[Out] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(3/2), x)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x} \cos(bx^2 + a)^2 - (x \cos(2a) - ix \sin(2a))(2ib)^{1/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2ibx^2\right) - (x \cos(2a) + ix \sin(2a))(-2ib)^{1/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}, -2ibx^2\right)}{2x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/2*(4*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{cos}(b*x^2 + a)^2 - (x*\text{cos}(2*a) - I*x*\text{sin}(2*a))*(2*I*b)^{(1/4)})*\text{gamma}(3/4, 2*I*b*x^2) - (x*\text{cos}(2*a) + I*x*\text{sin}(2*a))*(-2*I*b)^{(1/4)}*\text{gamma}(3/4, -2*I*b*x^2))/x$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x**(3/2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/x**(3/2), x)

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)^2/x^(3/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(3/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(3/2), x)

3.34 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	200
Rubi [A] (verified)	200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	202
Maple [F]	202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Sympy [F]	203
Maxima [F(-2)]	203
Giac [F]	203
Mupad [F(-1)]	203

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{ibe^{2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{3^4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ibe^{-2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{3^4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

[Out] $-2/3*\cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^{(3/2)}-1/6*I*b*\exp(2*I*a)*\text{GAMMA}(1/4, -2*I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}$
 $*2^{(3/4)}/(-I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}+1/6*I*b*\text{GAMMA}(1/4, 2*I*b*x^2)*x^{(1/2)}*2^{(3/4)}/\exp$
 $(2*I*a)/(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3483, 3475, 4669, 3454, 3436, 2239}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ie^{2ia}b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{3^4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ie^{-2ia}b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{3^4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^(5/2), x]

[Out] $(-2*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^2]^2)/(3*x^{(3/2)}) - ((I/3)*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*a)}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4,$
 $(-2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^{(1/4)}*((-I)*b*x^2)^{(1/4)}) + ((I/3)*b*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Gamma}[1/4,$
 $(2*I)*b*x^2])/(2^{(1/4)}*\text{E}^{((2*I)*a)}*(I*b*x^2)^{(1/4)})$

Rule 2239

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)
 *(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log
 [F])^(1/n))), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2/n]

Rule 3436

Int[Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[I/2, Int[E^((-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[E^(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 2]

Rule 3454

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*Sin[u_])^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*SIN[ExpandToSum[u, x]])^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]

Rule 3475

Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(Cos[a + b*x^n]^p/(m + 1)), x] + Dist[b*n*(p/(m + 1)), Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^(p - 1)*Sin[a + b*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1] && EqQ[m + n, 0] && NeQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[n]

Rule 3483

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Dist[k/e, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*(x^(k*n)/e^n]])^p, x], x, (e*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IGtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]

Rule 4669

Int[Cos[w_]^(p_.)*(u_.)*Sin[v_]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2^p, Int[u*SIN[2*v]^p, x], x] /; EqQ[w, v] && IntegerQ[p]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^4)}{x^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{2\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(16b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx^4)\sin(a + bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{2\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(8b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2(a + bx^4)) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{2\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(8b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2a + 2bx^4) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{2\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{3}(4ib)\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{-2ia-2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{1}{3}(4ib)\text{Subst}\left(\int e^{2ia+2ibx^4} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + bx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{ibe^{2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{-ibx^2}} + \frac{ibe^{-2ia}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2)}{3\sqrt[4]{2}\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4} \cos^2(a + bx^2) + 2^{3/4}bx^2\sqrt[4]{ibx^2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2) (-i \cos(2a) + \sin(2a)) + i2^{3/4}(-\dots)}{6x^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{b^2x^4}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^2]^2/x^(5/2),x]

[Out] (-4*(b^2*x^4)^(1/4)*Cos[a + b*x^2]^2 + 2^(3/4)*b*x^2*(I*b*x^2)^(1/4)*Gamma[1/4, (-2*I)*b*x^2]*((-I)*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]) + I*2^(3/4)*((-I)*b*x^2)^(5/4)*Gamma[1/4, (2*I)*b*x^2]*(I*Cos[2*a] + Sin[2*a]))/(6*x^(3/2)*(b^2*x^4)^(1/4))

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(bx^2 + a)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(5/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(5/2),x)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(x^2 \cos(2a) - ix^2 \sin(2a))(2ib)^{3/4} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, 2ibx^2) + (x^2 \cos(2a) + ix^2 \sin(2a))(-2ib)^{3/4} \Gamma(\frac{1}{4}, -2ibx^2)}{6x^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/6*((x^2*cos(2*a) - I*x^2*sin(2*a))*(2*I*b)^(3/4)*gamma(1/4, 2*I*b*x^2) + (x^2*cos(2*a) + I*x^2*sin(2*a))*(-2*I*b)^(3/4)*gamma(1/4, -2*I*b*x^2) - 4*sqr(x)*cos(b*x^2 + a)^2)/x^2

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x**2+a)**2/x**(5/2),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**2)**2/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> Encountered operator mismatch in maxima-to-sr translation`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(b*x^2+a)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(cos(b*x^2 + a)^2/x^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^2 + a)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

[In] `int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(5/2),x)`

[Out] `int(cos(a + b*x^2)^2/x^(5/2), x)`

3.35 $\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$

Optimal result	204
Rubi [A] (verified)	204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	205
Maple [A] (verified)	206
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	206
Sympy [F]	206
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	207
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	207
Mupad [F(-1)]	207

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + b \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) + b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[Out] $x*\cos(a+b/x)+b*\cos(a)*\operatorname{Si}(b/x)+b*\operatorname{Ci}(b/x)*\sin(a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3443, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = b \sin(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x], x]$

[Out] $x*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x] + b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b/x]*\operatorname{Sin}[a] + b*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b/x]$

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
]
```

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[SinInte
gral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3443

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^n])*(b_.)^p, x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + b \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + (b \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&\quad + (b \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + b \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) + b \cos(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + b \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) + b \cos(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x], x]
```

```
[Out] x*Cos[a + b/x] + b*CosIntegral[b/x]*Sin[a] + b*Cos[a]*SinIntegral[b/x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$-b \left(-\frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)x}{b} - \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \cos(a) - \text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) \right)$
default	$-b \left(-\frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)x}{b} - \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \cos(a) - \text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) \right)$
risch	$\frac{ib \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right)e^{ia}}{2} - \frac{\pi \text{csgn}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)e^{-ia}b}{2} + \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)e^{-ia}b - \frac{i \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right)e^{-ia}b}{2} + x \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)$
meijerg	$-\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2} \left(-\frac{4x b^2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}}{x}\right)}{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4 \text{Si}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sin(a)b \left(\frac{4\gamma-4-4\ln(x)+4\ln(b)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{4\ln\left(\frac{b}{2x}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{4}$

```
[In] int(cos(a+b/x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -b*(-cos(a+b/x)/b*x-Si(b/x)*cos(a)-Ci(b/x)*sin(a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = b \text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a) + b \cos(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + x \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] b*cos_integral(b/x)*sin(a) + b*cos(a)*sin_integral(b/x) + x*cos((a*x + b)/x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = \int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b/x), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(-i \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x}\right) + i \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right) \right) \cos(a) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right) \right) \sin(a) \right) b$$

$$+ x \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*((-I*Ei(I*b/x) + I*Ei(-I*b/x))*cos(a) + (Ei(I*b/x) + Ei(-I*b/x))*sin(a))*b + x*cos((a*x + b)/x)

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{Ci}\left(-a + \frac{ax+b}{x}\right) \sin(a) - ab^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(a - \frac{ax+b}{x}\right) - \frac{(ax+b)b^2 \operatorname{Ci}\left(-a + \frac{ax+b}{x}\right) \sin(a)}{x} + \frac{(ax+b)b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(a - \frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{x}}{\left(a - \frac{ax+b}{x}\right)b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] (a*b^2*cos_integral(-a + (a*x + b)/x)*sin(a) - a*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(a - (a*x + b)/x) - (a*x + b)*b^2*cos_integral(-a + (a*x + b)/x)*sin(a)/x + (a*x + b)*b^2*cos(a)*sin_integral(a - (a*x + b)/x)/x - b^2*cos((a*x + b)/x))/((a - (a*x + b)/x)*b)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx = \int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b/x), x)

3.36 $\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	208
Rubi [A] (verified)	208
Mathematica [A] (verified)	209
Maple [A] (verified)	209
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	210
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	211
Mupad [F(-1)]	211

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = -\cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[Out] $-\operatorname{Ci}(b/x) \cdot \cos(a) + \operatorname{Si}(b/x) \cdot \sin(a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) - \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x]/x, x]$

[Out] $-(\operatorname{Cos}[a] \cdot \operatorname{CosIntegral}[b/x]) + \operatorname{Sin}[a] \cdot \operatorname{SinIntegral}[b/x]$

Rule 3456

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sin}[(d \cdot x)^n]/(x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{SinIntegral}[d \cdot x^n]/n, x] /$
 $;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{d, n\}, x]$

Rule 3457

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[(d \cdot x)^n]/(x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{CosIntegral}[d \cdot x^n]/n, x] /$
 $;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{d, n\}, x]$

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \cos(a) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx - \sin(a) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx \\ &= -\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + \sin(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = -\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + \sin(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x]/x,x]

[Out] -(Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b/x]) + Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b/x]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \cos(a) + \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a)$	21
default	$-\text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \cos(a) + \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a)$	21
risch	$-\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) e^{-ia}}{2} + i \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) e^{-ia} + \frac{e^{-ia} \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right)}{2} + \frac{e^{ia} \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right)}{2}$	63
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(a) \left(\frac{2\gamma - 2\ln(x) + \ln(b^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{b}{2x}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{2} + \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) \sin(a)$	71

[In] int(cos(a+b/x)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -Ci(b/x)*cos(a)+Si(b/x)*sin(a)

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = -\cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) + \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -cos(a)*cos_integral(b/x) + sin(a)*sin_integral(b/x)

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) - \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x,x)

[Out] sin(a)*Si(b/x) - cos(a)*Ci(b/x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right) \right) \cos(a) - \frac{1}{2} \left(i \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x}\right) - i \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x}\right) \right) \sin(a) \end{aligned}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/2*(Ei(I*b/x) + Ei(-I*b/x))*cos(a) - 1/2*(I*Ei(I*b/x) - I*Ei(-I*b/x))*sin(a)

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. $2(20) = 40$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{b \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}\left(-a + \frac{ax+b}{x}\right) + b \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(a - \frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -(b*cos(a)*cos_integral(-a + (a*x + b)/x) + b*sin(a)*sin_integral(a - (a*x + b)/x))/b

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \sin(a) \operatorname{sinint}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right) - \cos(a) \operatorname{cosint}\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x)/x,x)

[Out] sin(a)*sinint(b/x) - cos(a)*cosint(b/x)

3.37 $\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	212
Rubi [A] (verified)	212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	213
Maple [A] (verified)	213
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	214
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	214
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	214
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	215
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	215

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[Out] $-\sin(a+b/x)/b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2717}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b/x]/x^2,x]`

[Out] `-(Sin[a + b/x]/b)`

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
```

$m + 1)/n]] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[p, 1] \parallel \text{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \parallel (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n], 0]))$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x]/x^2,x]

[Out] -(Sin[a + b/x]/b)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$	14
default	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$	14
risch	$-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b}$	16
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b}$	16
norman	$-\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right)}{b\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right)\right)}$	34
meijerg	$-\frac{\cos(a) \sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sin(a) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b}$	39

[In] int(cos(a+b/x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -sin(a+b/x)/b

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -sin((a*x + b)/x)/b

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\cos(a)}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x**2,x)

[Out] Piecewise((-sin(a + b/x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (-cos(a)/x, True))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -sin(a + b/x)/b

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -sin((a*x + b)/x)/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x)/x^2,x)

[Out] -sin(a + b/x)/b

$$3.38 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	216
Rubi [A] (verified)	216
Mathematica [A] (verified)	217
Maple [A] (verified)	218
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	219
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx}$$

[Out] $-\cos(a+b/x)/b^2 - \sin(a+b/x)/b/x$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3461, 3377, 2718}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b/x]/x^3,x]`

[Out] `-(Cos[a + b/x]/b^2) - Sin[a + b/x]/(b*x)`

Rule 2718

`Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

Rule 3377

`Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
  := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p,
    x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
  && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{b} \\ &= -\frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + b \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2 x}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x]/x^3,x]

[Out] -((x*Cos[a + b/x] + b*Sin[a + b/x])/(b^2*x))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{bx}$	35
parallelrisch	$\frac{x-x\cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)-b\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^2x}$	36
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)+\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)\sin\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)-a\sin\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2}$	42
default	$-\frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)+\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)\sin\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)-a\sin\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2}$	42
norman	$\frac{2x^2\left(\tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2}+\frac{b}{2x}\right)\right)-2x\tan\left(\frac{a}{2}+\frac{b}{2x}\right)}{b^2\left(1+\tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2}+\frac{b}{2x}\right)\right)x^2}$	61
meijerg	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}\cos(a)\left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}}+\frac{\cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}+\frac{b\sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}\sin(a)\left(-\frac{b\cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}x}+\frac{\sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^2}$	81

```
[In] int(cos(a+b/x)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/b^2*cos((a*x+b)/x)-1/b/x*sin((a*x+b)/x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{x\cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)+b\sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^2x}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -(x*cos((a*x + b)/x) + b*sin((a*x + b)/x))/(b^2*x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx} - \frac{\cos\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\cos(a)}{2x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x**3,x)
```

```
[Out] Piecewise((-sin(a + b/x)/(b*x) - cos(a + b/x)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (-cos(a)/(2*x**2), True))
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left(\Gamma\left(2, \frac{ib}{x}\right) + \Gamma\left(2, -\frac{ib}{x}\right)\right) \cos(a) - \left(i\Gamma\left(2, \frac{ib}{x}\right) - i\Gamma\left(2, -\frac{ib}{x}\right)\right) \sin(a)}{2b^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/2*((gamma(2, I*b/x) + gamma(2, -I*b/x))*cos(a) - (I*gamma(2, I*b/x) - I*gamma(2, -I*b/x))*sin(a))/b^2

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = \frac{a \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right) - \frac{(ax+b) \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{x} - \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] (a*sin((a*x + b)/x) - (a*x + b)*sin((a*x + b)/x)/x - cos((a*x + b)/x))/b^2

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x)/x^3,x)

[Out] - cos(a + b/x)/b^2 - sin(a + b/x)/(b*x)

3.39 $\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	220
Rubi [A] (verified)	220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	221
Maple [A] (verified)	221
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	222
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	222
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	223
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	223
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	223

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2 x} + \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b x^2}$$

[Out] $-2*\cos(a+b/x)/b^2/x+2*\sin(a+b/x)/b^3-\sin(a+b/x)/b/x^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3461, 3377, 2717}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2 x} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b x^2}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b/x]/x^4,x]`

[Out] $(-2*\text{Cos}[a + b/x])/(b^2*x) + (2*\text{Sin}[a + b/x])/b^3 - \text{Sin}[a + b/x]/(b*x^2)$

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3377

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
```

`s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx^2} + \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int x \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{b} \\
 &= -\frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2x} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx^2} + \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{b^2} \\
 &= -\frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2x} + \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2x} + \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx^2}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x]/x^4,x]

[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b/x])/(b^2*x) + (2*Sin[a + b/x])/b^3 - Sin[a + b/x]/(b*x^2)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^2 x} - \frac{(b^2 - 2x^2) \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^3 x^2}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{ax+b}{2x}\right) b + 4 \tan\left(\frac{ax+b}{2x}\right) x^2 - 2 \tan\left(\frac{ax+b}{2x}\right) b^2 - 2bx \right)}{x^2 b^3 \left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{ax+b}{2x}\right) \right)}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2x^2}{b^2} + \frac{4x^3 \tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2x^2 \left(\tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2x \tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right)}{b}}{\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x}\right) \right) x^3}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) - 2a \left(\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \right) + \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) - 2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + 2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) - 2a \left(\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \right) + \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) - 2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + 2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3}$
meijerg	$-\frac{4\sqrt{\pi} \cos(a) \sqrt{b^2} \left(\frac{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi} x b^2} - \frac{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{3b^2}{2x^2} + 3 \right) \sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{6\sqrt{\pi} b^3} \right)}{b^4} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi} \sin(a) \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{b^2}{2x^2} + 1 \right) \cos\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{b \sin\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi} x} \right)}{b^3}$

[In] `int(cos(a+b/x)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-2/b^2/x*\cos((a*x+b)/x)-(b^2-2*x^2)/b^3/x^2*\sin((a*x+b)/x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bx \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right) + (b^2 - 2x^2) \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^3 x^2}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-(2*b*x*cos((a*x + b)/x) + (b^2 - 2*x^2)*sin((a*x + b)/x))/(b^3*x^2)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bx^2} - \frac{2 \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^2 x} + \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\cos(a)}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x**4,x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((-sin(a + b/x)/(b*x**2) - 2*cos(a + b/x)/(b**2*x) + 2*sin(a + b/x)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (-cos(a)/(3*x**3), True))`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\left(i\Gamma\left(3, \frac{ib}{x}\right) - i\Gamma\left(3, -\frac{ib}{x}\right)\right) \cos(a) + \left(\Gamma\left(3, \frac{ib}{x}\right) + \Gamma\left(3, -\frac{ib}{x}\right)\right) \sin(a)}{2b^3}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*((I*gamma(3, I*b/x) - I*gamma(3, -I*b/x))*cos(a) + (gamma(3, I*b/x) + gamma(3, -I*b/x))*sin(a))/b^3

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a^2 \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right) - 2a \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right) - \frac{2(ax+b)a \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{x} + \frac{2(ax+b) \cos\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{x} + \frac{(ax+b)^2 \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{x^2} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{ax+b}{x}\right)}{b^3}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -(a^2*sin((a*x + b)/x) - 2*a*cos((a*x + b)/x) - 2*(a*x + b)*a*sin((a*x + b)/x)/x + 2*(a*x + b)*cos((a*x + b)/x)/x + (a*x + b)^2*sin((a*x + b)/x)/x^2 - 2*sin((a*x + b)/x))/b^3

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{b^2 \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) + 2bx \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{b^3 x^2}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x)/x^4,x)

[Out] (2*sin(a + b/x))/b^3 - (b^2*sin(a + b/x) + 2*b*x*cos(a + b/x))/(b^3*x^2)

3.40 $\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx$

Optimal result	224
Rubi [A] (verified)	224
Mathematica [A] (verified)	226
Maple [A] (verified)	226
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	227
Sympy [F]	227
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	227
Giac [F]	228
Mupad [F(-1)]	228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)$$

[Out] $x*\cos(a+b/x^2)+\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x)*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{FresnelC}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x)*\sin(a)*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3441, 3469, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\cos[a + b/x^2], x]$

[Out] $x \cos[a + b/x^2] + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} \cos[a] \text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi})/x] + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi})/x] \sin[a]$

Rule 3432

$\text{Int}[\sin[(d_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\pi/2}) / (f * \text{Rt}[d, 2])] * \text{FresnelS}[\sqrt{2\pi} * \text{Rt}[d, 2] * (e + f * x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f, x\}$

Rule 3433

$\text{Int}[\cos[(d_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\pi/2}) / (f * \text{Rt}[d, 2])] * \text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2\pi} * \text{Rt}[d, 2] * (e + f * x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f, x\}$

Rule 3434

$\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[\sin[c], \text{Int}[\cos[d * (e + f * x)^2], x], x] + \text{Dist}[\cos[c], \text{Int}[\sin[d * (e + f * x)^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, x\}$

Rule 3441

$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \cos[(c_.) + (d_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^2)] * (b_.)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[-f^{(-1)}, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b * \cos[c + d/x^n])^p / x^2], x], x, 1/(e + f * x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n, -2]$

Rule 3469

$\text{Int}[\cos[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)}] * ((e_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e * x)^{(m + 1)} * (\cos[c + d * x^n] / (e * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Dist}[d * (n / (e^n * (m + 1))), \text{Int}[(e * x)^{(m + n)} * \sin[c + d * x^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^2)}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + (2b) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a + bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + (2b \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &\quad + (2b \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = x \cos(a) \cos\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi} \left(\cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a) \right) - x \sin(a) \sin\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)$$

`[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x^2],x]`

```
[Out] x*Cos[a]*Cos[b/x^2] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*(Cos[a]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x] + FresnelC[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x]*Sin[a]) - x*Sin[a]*Sin[b/x^2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativedivides	$x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) \right)$
default	$x \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{ie^{-ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ib}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{ib}} - \frac{ie^{ia}b\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ib}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ib}} + x \cos\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)$
meijerg	$-\frac{\cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(-\frac{4x\sqrt{2}\cos\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{b}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)}{(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sin(a)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \left(-\frac{4\sqrt{2}x\sin\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} + 8C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) \right)}{8}$

`[In] int(cos(a+b/x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] x*cos(a+b/x^2)+b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/x)+sin(a)*FresnelC(b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a) + x \cos\left(\frac{ax^2 + b}{x^2}\right)$$

`[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
[Out] sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b/pi)/x) + sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b/pi)/x)*sin(a) + x*cos((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx$$

`[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x**2),x)``[Out] Integral(cos(a + b/x**2), x)`**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(2\sqrt{2}bx^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^4}}\cos\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right) + \left(\left((i+1)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{ib}{x^2}}\right) - 1\right) - (i-1)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ib}{x^2}}\right) - 1\right)\right)\cos(a)\right)}{4bx}$$

`[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
[Out] 1/4*sqrt(2)*(2*sqrt(2)*b*x^2*sqrt(x^(-4))*cos((a*x^2 + b)/x^2) + (((I + 1)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(I*b/x^2)) - 1) - (I - 1)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(-I*b/x^2)) - 1))*cos(a) + (- (I - 1)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(I*b/x^2)) - 1) + (I + 1)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(-I*b/x^2)) - 1))*sin(a))*b*(b^2/x^4)^(1/4)*sqrt(x^4)/(b*x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] integrate(cos(a + b/x^2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx = \int \cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b/x^2),x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b/x^2), x)
```

$$3.41 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	229
Rubi [A] (verified)	229
Mathematica [A] (verified)	230
Maple [A] (verified)	230
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	231
Sympy [F]	231
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	231
Giac [F]	232
Mupad [F(-1)]	232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)$$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{Ci}(b/x^2)*\cos(a)+1/2*\operatorname{Si}(b/x^2)*\sin(a)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x^2]/x, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*(\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b/x^2]) + (\operatorname{Sin}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b/x^2])/2$

Rule 3456

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sin}[(d \cdot x)^n]/(x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{SinIntegral}[d \cdot x^n]/n, x] /$
 $;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{d, n\}, x]$

Rule 3457

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[(d \cdot x)^n]/(x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{CosIntegral}[d \cdot x^n]/n, x] /$
 $;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{d, n\}, x]$

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \cos(a) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx - \sin(a) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \sin(a) \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x^2]/x,x]
```

```
[Out] -(Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b/x^2]) + Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b/x^2])/2
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \cos(a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sin(a)}{2}$	22
default	$-\frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \cos(a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sin(a)}{2}$	22
risch	$-\frac{ie^{-ia} \text{csgn}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \pi}{4} + \frac{ie^{-ia} \text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2} + \frac{e^{-ia} \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x^2}\right)}{4} + \frac{e^{ia} \text{Ei}_1\left(-\frac{ib}{x^2}\right)}{4}$	63
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(a) \left(\frac{2\gamma - 4 \ln(x) + \ln(b^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2 \ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2 \ln\left(\frac{b}{2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{4} + \frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sin(a)}{2}$	72

```
[In] int(cos(a+b/x^2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/2*Ci(b/x^2)*cos(a)+1/2*Si(b/x^2)*sin(a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -1/2*cos(a)*cos_integral(b/x^2) + 1/2*sin(a)*sin_integral(b/x^2)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x**2)/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b/x**2)/x, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) \right) \cos(a) - \frac{1}{4} \left(i \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) - i \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) \right) \sin(a)$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/4*(Ei(I*b/x^2) + Ei(-I*b/x^2))*cos(a) - 1/4*(I*Ei(I*b/x^2) - I*Ei(-I*b/x^2))*sin(a)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(a + b/x^2)/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{\sin(a) \operatorname{sinint}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{cosint}\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x^2)/x,x)

[Out] (sin(a)*sinint(b/x^2))/2 - (cos(a)*cosint(b/x^2))/2

3.42 $\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	233
Rubi [A] (verified)	233
Mathematica [A] (verified)	234
Maple [A] (verified)	235
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	235
Sympy [F]	235
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	236
Giac [F]	236
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	236

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x)*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}+1/2*\operatorname{FresnelS}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x)*\sin(a)*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3465, 3435, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x^2]/x^2, x]$

[Out] $-\left(\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{FresnelC}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]}{x}\right]}{\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]}\right) + \left(\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]*\operatorname{FresnelS}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]}{x}\right]*\operatorname{Sin}[a]}{\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]}\right)$

Rule 3432

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sin}[(d._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]}{(f*\operatorname{Rt}[d, 2])}] * \operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*\operatorname{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{d, e, f, x\}$

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3435

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int
[Cos[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] /
; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3465

```
Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[2/n, Subst[In
t[Cos[a + b*x^2], x], x, x^(n/2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m,
n/2 - 1]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= -\left(\cos(a)\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)\right) + \sin(a)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)}{\sqrt{b}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) - \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a) \right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x^2]/x^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -((Sqrt[Pi/2]*(Cos[a]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x] - FresnelS[(Sqrt[b]*
Sqrt[2/Pi])/x]*Sin[a]))/Sqrt[b])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)-\sin(a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$	48
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)-\sin(a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$	48
meijerg	$-\frac{\cos(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi x}}\right)\sin(a)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{b}}$	56
risch	$-\frac{e^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ib}}{x}\right)}{4\sqrt{ib}} - \frac{e^{ia}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ib}}{x}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ib}}$	56

[In] int(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $-1/2*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}*(\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x)-\sin(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/x))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\cos(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right) - \sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right)\sin(a)}{2b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/2*(\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\pi*\operatorname{sqrt}(b/\pi)*\cos(a)*\operatorname{fresnel_cos}(\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b/\pi)/x) - \operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\pi*\operatorname{sqrt}(b/\pi)*\operatorname{fresnel_sin}(\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b/\pi)/x)*\sin(a))/b$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x**2)/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b/x**2)/x**2, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^4}\left(\left(-i-1\right)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{ib}{x^2}}\right)-1\right)+\left(i+1\right)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ib}{x^2}}\right)-1\right)\right)\cos(a)+\left(-i+1\right)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{ib}{x^2}}\right)-1\right)\sin(a)}{8bx}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-1/8*\sqrt{2}*((-I-1)*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{I*b/x^2})-1)+(I+1)*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-I*b/x^2})-1))*\cos(a)+(-I+1)*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{I*b/x^2})-1)+(I-1)*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-I*b/x^2})-1))*\sin(a))*\sqrt{x^4}*(b^2/x^4)^{(1/4)}/(b*x)$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^2, x)

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{S}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}}{x\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin(a)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{C}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}}{x\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\cos(a)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^2,x)

[Out] $(2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{fresnels}((2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)})/(x*\pi^{(1/2)}))*\sin(a))/(2*b^{(1/2)}) - (2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{fresnelc}((2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)})/(x*\pi^{(1/2)}))*\cos(a))/(2*b^{(1/2)})$

$$3.43 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	237
Rubi [A] (verified)	237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	238
Maple [A] (verified)	238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	239
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	239
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	239
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	240
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\sin(a+b/x^2)/b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2717}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b/x^2]/x^3,x]`

[Out] $-1/2*\sin[a + b/x^2]/b$

Rule 2717

`Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;`
`FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

Rule 3461

`Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]`
`] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p,`
`, x], x, x^n], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(`

$m + 1)/n]] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[p, 1] \parallel \text{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \parallel (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n], 0]))$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) \\ &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x^2]/x^3,x]

[Out] -1/2*Sin[a + b/x^2]/b

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$	14
default	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$	14
risch	$-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$	18
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$	18
norman	$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x^2}\right)}{b\left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2x^2}\right)\right)}$	34
meijerg	$-\frac{\cos(a)\sin\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sin(a)\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2b}$	40

[In] int(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/2*sin(a+b/x^2)/b

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -1/2*sin((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)/b

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\cos(a)}{2x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x**2)/x**3,x)

[Out] Piecewise((-sin(a + b/x**2)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (-cos(a)/(2*x**2), True))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/2*sin(a + b/x^2)/b

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/2*sin((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2b}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^3,x)

[Out] -sin(a + b/x^2)/(2*b)

3.44 $\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	241
Rubi [A] (verified)	241
Mathematica [A] (verified)	243
Maple [A] (verified)	243
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	244
Sympy [F]	244
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	244
Giac [F]	245
Mupad [F(-1)]	245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\sin(a+b/x^2)/b/x+1/4*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(b^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/x)*2^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}/b^{3/2}+1/4*\operatorname{FresnelC}(b^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/x)*\sin(a)*2^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}/b^{3/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {3491, 3467, 3434, 3433, 3432}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a + b/x^2]/x^4, x]$

[Out] (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x]/(2*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x]*Sin[a]/(2*b^(3/2)) - Sin[a + b/x^2]/(2*b*x)

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3434

Int[Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Sin[c], Int[Cos[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] + Dist[Cos[c], Int[Sin[d*(e + f*x)^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3467

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(Sin[c + d*x^n]/(d*n)), x] - Dist[e^n*((m - n + 1)/(d*n)), Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*Sin[c + d*x^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]

Rule 3491

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d/x^n])^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && EqQ[n, -2]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(a + bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a + bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{2b} \\
 &= -\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx} + \frac{\cos(a)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\sin(a)\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{2b} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}x \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a) - 2\sqrt{b} \sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{4b^{3/2}x}$$

`[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b/x^2]/x^4,x]`
`[Out] (Sqrt[2*Pi]*x*Cos[a]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x] + Sqrt[2*Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi])/x]*Sin[a] - 2*Sqrt[b]*Sin[a + b/x^2])/(4*b^(3/2)*x)`
Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) + \sin(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)\right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sin\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(a)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right) + \sin(a)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)\right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{ie^{-ia}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ib}}{x}\right)}{8b\sqrt{ib}} - \frac{ie^{ia}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ib}}{x}\right)}{8b\sqrt{-ib}} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{2bx}$
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\cos(a)\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}\sin\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}xb} - \frac{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sin(a)\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}x} + \frac{C\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}x}\right)}{2}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

`[In] int(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`
`[Out] -1/2*sin(a+b/x^2)/b/x+1/4/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/x)+sin(a)*FresnelC(b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{2}\pi x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}}{x}\right) \sin(a) - 2b \sin\left(\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}\right)}{4b^2x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/4*(sqrt(2)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b/pi)/x) + sqrt(2)*pi*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*sqrt(b/pi)/x)*sin(a) - 2*b*sin((a*x^2 + b)/x^2))/(b^2*x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x**2)/x**4,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b/x**2)/x**4, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(x^4)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left((-i+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{ib}{x^2}\right) + (i-1) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) \right) \cos(a) + \left((i-1) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{ib}{x^2}\right) - (i+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{ib}{x^2}\right) \right) \sin(a)}{8b^3x^3}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/8*sqrt(2)*(x^4)^(3/2)*((-I + 1)*gamma(3/2, I*b/x^2) + (I - 1)*gamma(3/2, -I*b/x^2))*cos(a) + ((I - 1)*gamma(3/2, I*b/x^2) - (I + 1)*gamma(3/2, -I*b/x^2))*sin(a)*(b^2/x^4)^(3/4)/(b^3*x^3)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^4, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^4,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b/x^2)/x^4, x)

3.45 $\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	246
Rubi [A] (verified)	246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	247
Maple [A] (verified)	247
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	248
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	248
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	248
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	249

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} + \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] $\cos(x^{(1/2)})*\sin(x^{(1/2)})+x^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3461, 2715, 8}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} + \sin(\sqrt{x}) \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]^2/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$

[Out] $\text{Sqrt}[x] + \text{Cos}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sin}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

Rule 8

$\text{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

Rule 2715

$\text{Int}[(b_*)*\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Dist}[b^2*((n-1)/n), \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos^2(x) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \text{Subst}\left(\int 1 dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= \sqrt{x} + \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\sqrt{x})$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[Sqrt[x]]^2/Sqrt[x],x]
```

```
[Out] Sqrt[x] + Sin[2*Sqrt[x]]/2
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x}$	14
default	$\cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x}$	14

```
[In] int(cos(x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] cos(x^(1/2))*sin(x^(1/2))+x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] cos(sqrt(x))*sin(sqrt(x)) + sqrt(x)

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sin^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sin(\sqrt{x}) \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/2))**2/x**(1/2),x)

[Out] sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x))**2 + sqrt(x)*cos(sqrt(x))**2 + sin(sqrt(x))*cos(sqrt(x))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] sqrt(x) + 1/2*sin(2*sqrt(x))

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2)))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] sqrt(x) + 1/2*sin(2*sqrt(x))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sin(2\sqrt{x})}{2} + \sqrt{x}$$

[In] int(cos(x^(1/2)))^2/x^(1/2),x)

[Out] sin(2*x^(1/2))/2 + x^(1/2)

3.46 $\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	250
Rubi [A] (verified)	250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Maple [A] (verified)	251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 8

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] 2*sin(x^(1/2))

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2717}

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] Int[Cos[Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[x],x]

[Out] 2*Sin[Sqrt[x]]

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
&& (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
```

m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= 2 \sin(\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[x], x]

[Out] 2*Sin[Sqrt[x]]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	$2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$	7
default	$2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$	7
meijerg	$2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$	7

[In] int(cos(x^(1/2))/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 2*sin(x^(1/2))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))/x^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 2*sin(sqrt(x))

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/2))/x**(1/2),x)

[Out] 2*sin(sqrt(x))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 2*sin(sqrt(x))

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 2*sin(sqrt(x))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] int(cos(x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x)

[Out] 2*sin(x^(1/2))

3.47 $\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx$

Optimal result	253
Rubi [A] (verified)	253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	254
Maple [A] (verified)	254
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] 2*cos(x^(1/2))+2*sin(x^(1/2))*x^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3443, 3377, 2718}

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] Int[Cos[Sqrt[x]],x]

[Out] 2*Cos[Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[x]*Sin[Sqrt[x]]

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3443

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(x) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(x) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= 2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[Sqrt[x]], x]
```

```
[Out] 2*Cos[Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[x]*Sin[Sqrt[x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \sin(\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}$	17
default	$2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \sin(\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}$	17
meijerg	$4\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \right)$	33

```
[In] int(cos(x^(1/2)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2*cos(x^(1/2))+2*sin(x^(1/2))*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 2*sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x)) + 2*cos(sqrt(x))

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/2)),x)

[Out] 2*sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x)) + 2*cos(sqrt(x))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 2*sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x)) + 2*cos(sqrt(x))

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 2*sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x)) + 2*cos(sqrt(x))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos(\sqrt{x}) dx = 2 \cos(\sqrt{x}) + 2\sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] `int(cos(x^(1/2)),x)`

[Out] `2*cos(x^(1/2)) + 2*x^(1/2)*sin(x^(1/2))`

3.48 $\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx$

Optimal result	257
Rubi [A] (verified)	257
Mathematica [A] (verified)	258
Maple [A] (verified)	258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	260

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] 1/2*x+1/2*cos(x^(1/2))^2+cos(x^(1/2))*sin(x^(1/2))*x^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec), antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3443, 3391, 30}

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) \cos(\sqrt{x})$$

[In] Int[Cos[Sqrt[x]]^2,x]

[Out] x/2 + Cos[Sqrt[x]]^2/2 + Sqrt[x]*Cos[Sqrt[x]]*Sin[Sqrt[x]]

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3391

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]

]

Rule 3443

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos^2(x) dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \text{Subst}\left(\int x dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\ &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{4}(\cos(2\sqrt{x}) + 2(x + \sqrt{x} \sin(2\sqrt{x})))$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[Sqrt[x]]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] (Cos[2*Sqrt[x]] + 2*(x + Sqrt[x]*Sin[2*Sqrt[x]]))/4
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{\cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} \right) - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{(\sin^2(\sqrt{x}))}{2}$	34
default	$2\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{\cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} \right) - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{(\sin^2(\sqrt{x}))}{2}$	34

```
[In] int(cos(x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2*x^(1/2)*(1/2*cos(x^(1/2))*sin(x^(1/2))+1/2*x^(1/2))-1/2*x-1/2*sin(x^(1/2))^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \sqrt{x} \cos(\sqrt{x}) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\sqrt{x})^2 + \frac{1}{2} x$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] sqrt(x)*cos(sqrt(x))*sin(sqrt(x)) + 1/2*cos(sqrt(x))^2 + 1/2*x

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \sqrt{x} \sin(\sqrt{x}) \cos(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{x \sin^2(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{x \cos^2(\sqrt{x})}{2} - \frac{\sin^2(\sqrt{x})}{2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/2))**2,x)

[Out] sqrt(x)*sin(sqrt(x))*cos(sqrt(x)) + x*sin(sqrt(x))**2/2 + x*cos(sqrt(x))**2/2 - sin(sqrt(x))**2/2

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sin(2\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{4} \cos(2\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*sqrt(x)*sin(2*sqrt(x)) + 1/2*x + 1/4*cos(2*sqrt(x))

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sin(2\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{4} \cos(2\sqrt{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/2*sqrt(x)*sin(2*sqrt(x)) + 1/2*x + 1/4*cos(2*sqrt(x))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \cos^2(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin(\sqrt{x})^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sin(2\sqrt{x})}{2}$$

[In] int(cos(x^(1/2))^2,x)

[Out] x/2 - sin(x^(1/2))^2/2 + (x^(1/2)*sin(2*x^(1/2)))/2

3.49 $\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	261
Rubi [A] (verified)	261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	265
Maple [A] (verified)	265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	267
Sympy [F]	267
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	268
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	268
Mupad [F(-1)]	269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^{15/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{64b^{15/2}} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7}$$

$$+ \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}$$

```
[Out] -3861/8*x^(7/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^4+39/2*x^(11/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^2-405
405/64*x^(1/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^7+27027/16*x^(5/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^5-4
29/4*x^(3/2)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3+3*x^(13/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b+405405/128*
cos(a)*FresnelS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(15/2)
+405405/128*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1
/2)/b^(15/2)+135135/32*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/2)/b^6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used

= {3497, 3377, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^{15/2}} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^{15/2}} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}$$

[In] Int[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (135135*sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(32*b^6) - (3861*x^(7/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(8*b^4) + (39*x^(11/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(2*b^2) + (405405*sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]/(64*b^(15/2)) + (405405*sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a]/(64*b^(15/2)) - (405405*x^(1/6)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(64*b^7) + (27027*x^(5/6)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(16*b^5) - (429*x^(3/2)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(4*b^3) + (3*x^(13/6)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/b

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3387

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3497

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^{(k*(m + 1) - 1)}*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)]]^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{13/2} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{39\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{11/2} \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2b} \\
 &= \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{429\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{9/2} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{4b^2} \\
 &= \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{3861\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{7/2} \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8b^3} \\
 &= -\frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{27027\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{5/2} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^4} \\
 &= -\frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
 &\quad + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{135135\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{3/2} \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32b^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
&+ \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
&+ \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{405405 \text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{64b^6} \\
&= \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
&- \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
&+ \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{405405 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(ax)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{128b^7} \\
&= \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
&- \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
&+ \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{(405405 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(ax)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{128b^7} \\
&+ \frac{(405405 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(ax)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{128b^7} \\
&= \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
&- \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
&+ \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{(405405 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(ax^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^7} \\
&+ \frac{(405405 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(ax^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^7} \\
&= \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} \\
&+ \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{64b^{15/2}} \\
&+ \frac{405405\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{64b^{15/2}} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{64b^7} \\
&+ \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{16b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{405405\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) + 405405\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a) + 6\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x} \left(3465bx^{1/3} - 396b^3x + 16b^5x^{5/3}\right) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + (-135135 + 36036b^2x^{2/3} - 2288b^4x^{4/3} + 64b^6x^2) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^{15/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (405405*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] + 405405*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] + 6*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*(26*(3465*b*x^(1/3) - 396*b^3*x + 16*b^5*x^(5/3))*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + (-135135 + 36036*b^2*x^(2/3) - 2288*b^4*x^(4/3) + 64*b^6*x^2)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])) / (128*b^(15/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{13}{6}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b} - \left(\frac{39}{99} \left[-\frac{x^{\frac{11}{6}} \cos\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{11x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}} \cos\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{7x^{\frac{5}{6}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \frac{35}{b} \sqrt{\dots} \right) \right] \right)$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{13}{6}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b} - \left(\frac{39}{99} \left[-\frac{x^{\frac{11}{6}} \cos\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{11x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}} \cos\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{7x^{\frac{5}{6}} \sin\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \frac{35}{b} \sqrt{\dots} \right) \right] \right)$
meijerg	$192\sqrt{2} \cos(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{15}{4}} \left(3120x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^4 - 77220x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 675675 \right) \cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{61440\sqrt{\pi}b^6} - \frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{15}{4}} \left(-960x^2b^6 + 34320x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^4 - 540540 \right)}{122880\sqrt{\pi}b^7} \right) (b^2)^{\frac{15}{4}}$

[In] `int(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $3*x^{13/6}*\sin(a+b*x^{1/3})/b-39/b*(-1/2/b*x^{11/6}*\cos(a+b*x^{1/3}))+11/2/b*(1/2/b*x^{3/2}*\sin(a+b*x^{1/3}))-9/2/b*(-1/2/b*x^{7/6}*\cos(a+b*x^{1/3}))+7/2/b*(1/2/b*x^{5/6}*\sin(a+b*x^{1/3}))-5/2/b*(-1/2/b*x^{1/2}*\cos(a+b*x^{1/3}))+3/2/b*(1/2*x^{1/6}*\sin(a+b*x^{1/3}))/b-1/4/b^{3/2}*2^{1/2}*Pi^{1/2}*(\cos(a)*FresnelS(x^{1/6}*b^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}))+\sin(a)*FresnelC(x^{1/6}*b^{1/2}*2^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3 \left(135135 \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2x^{1/6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + 135135 \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{2x^{1/6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) + 52 \left(16b^6 x^{11/6} - 396b^4 x^{7/6} + 3465b^2 \sqrt{x} \right) \cos(bx^{1/3} + a) - 2 \left(2288b^5 x^{3/2} - 36036b^3 x^{5/6} - (64b^7 x^2 - 135135b) x^{1/6} \right) \sin(bx^{1/3} + a) \right)}{b^8}$$

[In] `integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $3/128*(135135*\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\cos(a)*fresnel_sin(\sqrt{2}*x^{1/6}*\sqrt{b/\pi}) + 135135*\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\cos(a)*fresnel_cos(\sqrt{2}*x^{1/6}*\sqrt{b/\pi}))*\sin(a) + 52*(16*b^6*x^{11/6} - 396*b^4*x^{7/6} + 3465*b^2*\sqrt{x})*\cos(b*x^{1/3} + a) - 2*(2288*b^5*x^{3/2} - 36036*b^3*x^{5/6} - (64*b^7*x^2 - 135135*b)*x^{1/6})*\sin(b*x^{1/3} + a))/b^8$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x**(3/2)*cos(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**(3/2)*cos(a + b*x**(1/3)), x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3 \left(135135 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(((i+1) \cos(a) - (i-1) \sin(a)) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{i} b x^{1/6} \right) + (-(i-1) \cos(a) + (i+1) \sin(a)) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{-i} b x^{1/6} \right) \right) + 208 (16 b^7 x^{11/6} - 396 b^5 x^{7/6} + 3465 b^3 \sqrt{x}) \cos(b x^{1/3} + a) + 8 (64 b^8 x^{13/6} - 2288 b^6 x^{3/2} + 36036 b^4 x^{5/6} - 135135 b^2 x^{1/6}) \sin(b x^{1/3} + a) \right)}{b^9}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 3/512*(135135*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(((I + 1)*cos(a) - (I - 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(I*b)*x^(1/6)) + (-(I - 1)*cos(a) + (I + 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(-I*b)*x^(1/6))))*b^(3/2) + 208*(16*b^7*x^(11/6) - 396*b^5*x^(7/6) + 3465*b^3*sqrt(x))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 8*(64*b^8*x^(13/6) - 2288*b^6*x^(3/2) + 36036*b^4*x^(5/6) - 135135*b^2*x^(1/6))*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^9

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3 \left(64i b^6 x^{13/6} - 416 b^5 x^{11/6} - 2288i b^4 x^{3/2} + 10296 b^3 x^{7/6} + 36036i b^2 x^{5/6} - 90090 b \sqrt{x} - 135135i x^{1/6} \right) e^{(i b x^{1/3} + i a)}}{128 b^7} + \frac{3 \left(-64i b^6 x^{13/6} - 416 b^5 x^{11/6} + 2288i b^4 x^{3/2} + 10296 b^3 x^{7/6} - 36036i b^2 x^{5/6} - 90090 b \sqrt{x} + 135135i x^{1/6} \right) e^{(-i b x^{1/3} - i a)}}{128 b^7} + \frac{405405 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{2} x^{1/6} \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{(i a)}}{256 b^7 \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}} + \frac{405405 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{2} x^{1/6} \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{(-i a)}}{256 b^7 \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -3/128*(64*I*b^6*x^(13/6) - 416*b^5*x^(11/6) - 2288*I*b^4*x^(3/2) + 10296*b^3*x^(7/6) + 36036*I*b^2*x^(5/6) - 90090*b*sqrt(x) - 135135*I*x^(1/6))*e^(I*b*x^(1/3) + I*a)/b^7 - 3/128*(-64*I*b^6*x^(13/6) - 416*b^5*x^(11/6) + 2288*I*b^4*x^(3/2) + 10296*b^3*x^(7/6) - 36036*I*b^2*x^(5/6) - 90090*b*sqrt(x))

```
+ 135135*I*x^(1/6))*e^(-I*b*x^(1/3) - I*a)/b^7 + 405405/256*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)
)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(I*a)/(b^7*(I
*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) + 405405/256*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)
)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(-I*a)/(b^7*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*s
qrt(abs(b)))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^{1/3}) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3)), x)
```

3.50 $\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	270
Rubi [A] (verified)	270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	273
Maple [A] (verified)	274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	274
Sympy [F]	275
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	275
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	275
Mupad [F(-1)]	276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = -\frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{8b^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{8b^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}$$

[Out] $-315/8*x^{(1/6)}*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/b^4+21/2*x^{(5/6)}*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/b^2+3*x^{(7/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/b+315/16*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/2)}-315/16*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\sin(a)*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/2)}-105/4*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})*x^{(1/2)}/b^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used

= {3497, 3377, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{8b^{9/2}} - \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{8b^{9/2}} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}$$

[In] Int[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (-315*x^(1/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(8*b^4) + (21*x^(5/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(2*b^2) + (315*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]/(8*b^(9/2)) - (315*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a])/(8*b^(9/2)) - (105*Sqrt[x]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(4*b^3) + (3*x^(7/6)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3387

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))²], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3497

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{7/2} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{21\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{5/2} \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2b} \\
 &= \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{105\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{4b^2} \\
 &= \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{315\text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8b^3} \\
 &= -\frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{315\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^4} \\
 &= -\frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} \\
 &\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(315 \cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^4} - \frac{(315 \sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} + \frac{(315 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x})}{8b^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{(315 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x})}{8b^4} \\
&= -\frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^2} + \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{8b^{9/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{315\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{8b^{9/2}} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{4b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$= \frac{315\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) - 315\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a) + 6\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}(7(-15 + 4b^2x^2))}{16b^{9/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (315*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] - 315*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] + 6*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*(7*(-15 + 4*b^2*x^(2/3))*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 2*b*(-35 + 4*b^2*x^(2/3))*x^(1/3)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]))/(16*b^(9/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{7}{6}} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b} - \frac{21 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cos(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2b} + \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} - \frac{15 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \cos(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{3}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b}$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{7}{6}} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b} - \frac{21 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cos(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2b} + \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} - \frac{15 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \cos(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{3}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b}$
meijerg	$\frac{24\sqrt{2} \cos(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}(-252x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2+945)\cos(bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{1152\sqrt{\pi}b^4} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}(-36x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2+315)\sin(bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{576\sqrt{\pi}b^3} + \frac{105(b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128b^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)}{(b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}}$

```
[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 3*x^(7/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b-21/b*(-1/2/b*x^(5/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))+5/2/b*(1/2/b*x^(1/2)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))-3/2/b*(-1/2/b*x^(1/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))+1/4/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-sin(a)*FresnelS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3 \left(105 \sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) C\left(\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - 105 \sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) + 14 \left(4b^3x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 15bx^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \cos(bx^{\frac{1}{3}}) \right)}{16b^5}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 3/16*(105*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi)) - 105*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) + 14*(4*b^3*x^(5/6) - 15*b*x^(1/6))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 4*(4*b^4*x^(7/6) - 35*b^2*sqrt(x))*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^5
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(1/2)*cos(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x)*cos(a + b*x**(1/3)), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3 \left(105 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(-(i-1) \cos(a) - (i+1) \sin(a) \right) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) + ((i+1) \cos(a) + (i-1) \sin(a)) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{-i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \right)}{64 b^6}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 3/64*(105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((-I - 1)*cos(a) - (I + 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(I*b)*x^(1/6)) + ((I + 1)*cos(a) + (I - 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(-I*b)*x^(1/6)))*b^(3/2) + 56*(4*b^4*x^(5/6) - 15*b^2*x^(1/6))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 16*(4*b^5*x^(7/6) - 35*b^3*sqrt(x))*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^6
```

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = -\frac{3 \left(8i b^3 x^{\frac{7}{6}} - 28 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 70i b \sqrt{x} + 105 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) e^{(i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + i a)}}{16 b^4} - \frac{3 \left(-8i b^3 x^{\frac{7}{6}} - 28 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 70i b \sqrt{x} + 105 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) e^{(-i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - i a)}}{16 b^4} + \frac{315i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{(i a)}}{32 b^4 \left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{315i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{(-i a)}}{32 b^4 \left(-\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}}$$

[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -3/16*(8*I*b^3*x^(7/6) - 28*b^2*x^(5/6) - 70*I*b*sqrt(x) + 105*x^(1/6))*e^(I*b*x^(1/3) + I*a)/b^4 - 3/16*(-8*I*b^3*x^(7/6) - 28*b^2*x^(5/6) + 70*I*b*sqrt(x) + 105*x^(1/6))*e^(-I*b*x^(1/3) - I*a)/b^4 + 315/32*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(I*a)/(b^4*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 315/32*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(-I*a)/(b^4*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b x^{1/3}) dx$$

[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)

[Out] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3)), x)

$$3.51 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	277
Rubi [A] (verified)	277
Mathematica [A] (verified)	279
Maple [A] (verified)	279
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	280
Sympy [F]	280
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	281
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	281
Mupad [F(-1)]	282

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{b}$$

[Out] $3*x^{(1/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/b-3/2*\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}-3/2*\operatorname{FresnelC}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*\sin(a)*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3497, 3377, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sin(a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{b}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a+b*x^{(1/3)}]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[x],x]$

[Out] $(-3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*x^{(1/6)}])/b^{(3/2)} - (3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*x^{(1/6)}]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/b^{(3/2)} + (3*x^{(1/6)}*\operatorname{Sin}[a+b*x^{(1/3)}])/b$

Rule 3377

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3385

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := D
ist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d
, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d
*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2b} \\
&= \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{(3 \cos(a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2b} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3 \sin(a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2b} \\
&= \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b} - \frac{(3 \cos(a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3 \sin(a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3\left(\sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a) - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/Sqrt[x], x]

[Out] (-3*(Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] - 2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(2*b^(3/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sin(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) S\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(a) C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{3 \cos(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{2}(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} \sin(bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2\sqrt{\pi}b} - \frac{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} S\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{3 \sin(a)\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \cos(bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{C\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2} \right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
[In] int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 3*x^(1/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b-3/2/b^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(a)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3 \left(\sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S\left(\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(a) - 2bx^{\frac{1}{6}} \sin\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) \right)}{2b^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -3/2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi)) + sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(a) - 2*b*x^(1/6)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))/sqrt(x), x)
```


Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3 \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(-(i+1) \cos(a) + (i-1) \sin(a) \right) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) + \left((i-1) \cos(a) - (i+1) \sin(a) \right) \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{-i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \right)}{8b^3}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 3/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((-I + 1)*cos(a) + (I - 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(I*b)*x^(1/6)) + ((I - 1)*cos(a) - (I + 1)*sin(a))*erf(sqrt(-I*b)*x^(1/6)))*b^(3/2) + 8*b^2*x^(1/6)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^3

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{ia}}{4b \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|} \right) e^{-ia}}{4b \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{3ix^{\frac{1}{6}} e^{ibx^{\frac{1}{3}} + ia}}{2b} + \frac{3ix^{\frac{1}{6}} e^{-ibx^{\frac{1}{3}} - ia}}{2b}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -3/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(I*a)/(b*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 3/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b)))*e^(-I*a)/(b*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1)*sqrt(abs(b))) - 3/2*I*x^(1/6)*e^(I*b*x^(1/3) + I*a)/b + 3/2*I*x^(1/6)*e^(-I*b*x^(1/3) - I*a)/b

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^{1/3})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2), x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2), x)
```

$$3.52 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	283
Rubi [A] (verified)	283
Mathematica [A] (verified)	285
Maple [A] (verified)	286
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	286
Sympy [F]	287
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	287
Giac [F]	287
Mupad [F(-1)]	288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\ + 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a) + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

[Out] 4*b*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/6)-4*b^(3/2)*cos(a)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+4*b^(3/2)*FresnelS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3497, 3378, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = -4\sqrt{2\pi}b^{3/2}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\ + 4\sqrt{2\pi}b^{3/2}\sin(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/Sqrt[x] - 4*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] + 4*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] + (4*b*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(1/6))

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
]
```

Rule 3385

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := D
ist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d
, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d
*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d,
e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - (2b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - (4b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - (4b^2\cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&\quad + (4b^2\sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - (8b^2\cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&\quad + (8b^2\sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&\quad + 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a) + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&\quad + 4b^{3/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a) + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)])/Sqrt[x] - 4*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] + 4*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] + (4*b*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/x^(1/6)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \cos(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b \left(-\frac{\sin(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) - \sin(a) S \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{2 \cos(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b \left(-\frac{\sin(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(a) C \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) - \sin(a) S \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right) \right)$
meijerg	$\frac{3 \cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{2} \cos(b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{16\sqrt{2} b \sin(b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{1}{6}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{32b^{\frac{3}{2}} C \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{3(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right) - 3 \sin(a) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} b^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{16\sqrt{2} \cos(b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{1}{6}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} + \frac{16\sqrt{2} b \sin(b x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{1}{6}} (b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{32b^{\frac{3}{2}} S \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{3(b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right)}{8}$

[In] int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] -2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2)-4*b*(-1/x^(1/6)*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))+b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(a)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-sin(a)*Fresne
lS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2\sqrt{2}\pi b x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) C \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) - 2\sqrt{2}\pi b x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) \sin(a) - 2b x^{\frac{5}{6}} \sin \left(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + \sqrt{x} \cos \left(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) \right)}{x}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] -2*(2*sqrt(2)*pi*b*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(a)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/p
i)) - 2*sqrt(2)*pi*b*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*s
in(a) - 2*b*x^(5/6)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a) + sqrt(x)*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**(3/2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))/x**(3/2), x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3 \left(\left((i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - (i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \right) \cos(a) + \left((i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - (i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \right) \sin(a) \right) \sqrt{b x^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{4 x^{\frac{5}{6}}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -3/4*(((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, I*b*x^(1/3)) - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, -I*b*x^(1/3)))*cos(a) + ((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, I*b*x^(1/3)) - (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, -I*b*x^(1/3)))*sin(a))*sqrt(b*x^(1/3))*b/x^(1/6)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)/x^(3/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^{1/3})}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2), x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2), x)
```


3.53 $\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	289
Rubi [A] (verified)	289
Mathematica [A] (verified)	292
Maple [A] (verified)	292
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	294
Sympy [F]	294
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	294
Giac [F]	295
Mupad [F(-1)]	295

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{32}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{32}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a) + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}}$$

```
[Out] -2/3*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2)+8/105*b^2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/6)-32/315*b^4
*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/6)+4/21*b*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/6)-32/315*b^(9/2)*co
s(a)*FresnelS(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-32/315*b^(
9/2)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-16/
315*b^3*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3497, 3378, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{32}{315}\sqrt{2\pi}b^{9/2}\sin(a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{32}{315}\sqrt{2\pi}b^{9/2}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}}$$

```
[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(5/2), x]
```

```
[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(3*x^(3/2)) + (8*b^2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(105*x^(5/6)) - (32*b^4*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(315*x^(1/6)) - (32*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]/315 - (32*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a])/315 + (4*b*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(21*x^(7/6)) - (16*b^3*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(315*Sqrt[x]))
```

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3385

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_)]*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
```

&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3}(2b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{1}{21}(4b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{105}(8b^3)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{315}(16b^4)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{315}(32b^5)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(32b^5\cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{315}(32b^5\sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(64b^5\cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{315}(64b^5\sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{32}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{32}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a) + \frac{4b\sin(a)}{21x^{7/6}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(105 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) - 12b^2 x^{2/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 16b^4 x^{4/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 16b^{9/2} \sqrt{2\pi} x^{3/2} \cos(a) \operatorname{FresnelS} \right.$$

315

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(5/2),x]

[Out] (-2*(105*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] - 12*b^2*x^(2/3)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 16*b^4*x^(4/3)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 16*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x^(3/2)*Cos[a]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] + 16*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x^(3/2)*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] - 30*b*x^(1/3)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 8*b^3*x*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]))/(315*x^(3/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$ \frac{2 \cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4b}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}} + \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}} \left(\frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \left(-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right) \right) $
default	$ \frac{2 \cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4b}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}} + \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}} \left(\frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \left(-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right) \right) $
meijerg	$ 3 \cos(a) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} (b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}} \left(-\frac{64\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{16x^{\frac{4}{3}} b^4}{105} - \frac{4x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2}{35} + 1 \right) \cos\left(b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{3}{2}} (b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}} + \frac{128\sqrt{2} b \left(-4x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + 15 \right) \sin\left(b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{945\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{7}{6}} (b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}} - \frac{2048b^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{945 (b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}}} \right) $

[In] `int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-2/3*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(3/2)}-4/3*b*(-1/7/x^{(7/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})+2/7*b*(-1/5*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(5/6)}-2/5*b*(-1/3/x^{(1/2)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})+2/3*b*(-1/x^{(1/6)}*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})-b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*Pi^{(1/2)}*(\cos(a)*\text{FresnelS}(x^{(1/6)})*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/Pi^{(1/2)})+\sin(a)*\text{FresnelC}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/Pi^{(1/2)})))))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(16 \sqrt{2} \pi b^4 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) S \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) + 16 \sqrt{2} \pi b^4 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) \sin(a) + \left(16 b^4 x^{\frac{11}{6}} - 12 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{6}} + 105 \sqrt{x} \right) \cos(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) + 2 \left(4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15 b x^{\frac{5}{6}} \right) \sin(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) \right)}{315 x^2}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-2/315*(16*\text{sqrt}(2)*\pi*b^4*x^2*\text{sqrt}(b/\pi)*\cos(a)*\text{fresnel_sin}(\text{sqrt}(2)*x^{(1/6)}*\text{sqrt}(b/\pi)) + 16*\text{sqrt}(2)*\pi*b^4*x^2*\text{sqrt}(b/\pi)*\text{fresnel_cos}(\text{sqrt}(2)*x^{(1/6)}*\text{sqrt}(b/\pi))*\sin(a) + (16*b^4*x^{(11/6)} - 12*b^2*x^{(7/6)} + 105*\text{sqrt}(x))*\cos(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 2*(4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 15*b*x^{(5/6)})*\sin(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/x^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**(5/2),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3 \left(\left(-(i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{9}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + (i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{9}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \cos(a) + \left((i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{9}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - (i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{9}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \sin(a) \right)}{4 x^{\frac{1}{6}}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $\frac{3}{4} * ((-1 + i) * \sqrt{2} * \Gamma(-9/2, i * b * x^{1/3}) + (1 - i) * \sqrt{2} * \Gamma(-9/2, -i * b * x^{1/3})) * \cos(a) + ((1 - i) * \sqrt{2} * \Gamma(-9/2, i * b * x^{1/3}) - (1 + i) * \sqrt{2} * \Gamma(-9/2, -i * b * x^{1/3})) * \sin(a) * \sqrt{b * x^{1/3}} * b^4 / x^{1/6}$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)/x^(5/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^{1/3})}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2), x)

$$3.54 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	296
Rubi [A] (verified)	297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	300
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Sympy [F]	302
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	302
Giac [F]	303
Mupad [F(-1)]	303

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 250

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = & -\frac{2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} \\ & + \frac{128b^6\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{256b^{15/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} \\ & - \frac{256b^{15/2}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)\sin(a)}{675675} + \frac{4b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\ & - \frac{16b^3\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{256b^7\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -2/5*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/2)+8/715*b^2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(11/6)-32/45045*
b^4*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/6)+4/65*b*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(13/6)-16/6435*b^3*s
in(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2)+64/225225*b^5*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(5/6)-256/675675*b
^7*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/6)+256/675675*b^(15/2)*cos(a)*FresnelC(x^(1/6)*b^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-256/675675*b^(15/2)*FresnelS(x^(1/6
))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(a)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+128/675675*b^6*cos(a+b*
x^(1/3))/x^(1/2)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3497, 3378, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{256\sqrt{2\pi}b^{15/2} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} - \frac{256\sqrt{2\pi}b^{15/2} \sin(a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} - \frac{256b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(7/2),x]

[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(5*x^(5/2)) + (8*b^2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(715*x^(11/6)) - (32*b^4*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(45045*x^(7/6)) + (128*b^6*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(675675*Sqrt[x]) + (256*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]/675675 - (256*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a])/675675 + (4*b*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(65*x^(13/6)) - (16*b^3*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(6435*x^(3/2)) + (64*b^5*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(225225*x^(5/6)) - (256*b^7*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]/(675675*x^(1/6)))

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 3385

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d
*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d,
e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_)]*(b_.))(p_.)*(x_)(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x(k*n)]]p, x], x, x(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{5}(2b) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{1}{65}(4b^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{715}(8b^3) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{(16b^4) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a + bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right)}{6435} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} - \frac{(32b^5) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a + bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right)}{45045}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{(64b^6) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{225225} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} + \frac{(128b^7) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{256b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{(256b^8) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{256b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(256b^8 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} - \frac{(256b^8 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{256b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{(512b^8 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&\quad - \frac{(512b^8 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{32b^4 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{128b^6 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{256b^{15/2} \sqrt{2\pi} \cos(a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} - \frac{256b^{15/2} \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \sin(a)}{675675} \\
&\quad + \frac{4b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{16b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{64b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{256b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-135135 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 3780b^2x^{2/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) - 240b^4x^{4/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 64b^6x^{2/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 128b^{15/2} \sqrt{2\pi} x^{5/2} \cos[a] \operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} x^{1/6}] - 128b^{15/2} \sqrt{2\pi} x^{5/2} \operatorname{FresnelS}[\sqrt{b} \sqrt{2\pi} x^{1/6}] \sin[a] + 20790b^{1/3} \sin[a + b\sqrt[3]{x}] - 840b^3x \sin[a + b\sqrt[3]{x}] + 96b^5x^{5/3} \sin[a + b\sqrt[3]{x}] - 128b^7x^{7/3} \sin[a + b\sqrt[3]{x}]\right)}{(675675x^{5/2})}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]/x^(7/2),x]

[Out] (2*(-135135*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 3780*b^2*x^(2/3)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] - 240*b^4*x^(4/3)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 64*b^6*x^2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 128*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x^(5/2)*Cos[a]*FresnelC[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)] - 128*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[2*Pi]*x^(5/2)*FresnelS[Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2/Pi]*x^(1/6)]*Sin[a] + 20790*b*x^(1/3)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)] - 840*b^3*x*Ssin[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 96*b^5*x^(5/3)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)] - 128*b^7*x^(7/3)*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)]))/(675675*x^(5/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
	$2b - \frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}}$ $2b - \frac{\sin\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{9x^{\frac{9}{6}}} +$ $2b - \frac{\sin\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}}$ $2b - \frac{\cos\left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{11x^{\frac{11}{6}}}$

[In] `int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-2/5*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(5/2)}-4/5*b*(-1/13/x^{(13/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})+2/13*b*(-1/11*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(11/6)}-2/11*b*(-1/9/x^{(3/2)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)}))+2/9*b*(-1/7/x^{(7/6)}*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})-2/7*b*(-1/5/x^{(5/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)}))+2/5*b*(-1/3*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(1/2)}-2/3*b*(-1/x^{(1/6)}*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)}))+b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*Pi^{(1/2)}*(\cos(a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/Pi^{(1/2)})-\sin(a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/Pi^{(1/2)}))))))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(128 \sqrt{2} \pi b^7 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(a) C \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) - 128 \sqrt{2} \pi b^7 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S \left(\sqrt{2} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) \sin(a) - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $2/675675*(128*\sqrt{2}*\pi*b^7*x^3*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\cos(a)*\operatorname{fresnel_cos}(\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)}*\sqrt{b/\pi}) - 128*\sqrt{2}*\pi*b^7*x^3*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\operatorname{fresnel_sin}(\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)}*\sqrt{b/\pi}))*\sin(a) - (240*b^4*x^{(11/6)} - 3780*b^2*x^{(7/6)} - (64*b^6*x^2 - 135135)*\sqrt{x})*\cos(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 2*(48*b^5*x^{(13/6)} - 420*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - (64*b^7*x^2 - 10395*b)*x^{(5/6)})*\sin(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/x^3$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**(7/2),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))/x**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3 \left(\left((i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{15}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - (i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{15}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \cos(a) + \left((i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{15}{2}, i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - (i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma \left(-\frac{15}{2}, -i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \sin(a) \right)}{4 x^{\frac{1}{6}}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $\frac{3}{4} * ((I - 1) * \sqrt{2} * \text{gamma}(-15/2, I * b * x^{1/3}) - (I + 1) * \sqrt{2} * \text{gamma}(-15/2, -I * b * x^{1/3})) * \cos(a) + ((I + 1) * \sqrt{2} * \text{gamma}(-15/2, I * b * x^{1/3}) - (I - 1) * \sqrt{2} * \text{gamma}(-15/2, -I * b * x^{1/3})) * \sin(a) * \sqrt{b * x^{1/3}} * b^7 / x^{1/6}$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)/x^(7/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^{1/3})}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^(7/2), x)

3.55 $\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	304
Rubi [A] (verified)	305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	309
Maple [A] (verified)	310
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	312
Sympy [F]	312
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	313
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	313
Mupad [F(-1)]	314

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 310

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = & -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} \\ & + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\ & + \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32768b^{15/2}} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{32768b^{15/2}} \\ & + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} \\ & + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7} \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] 3861/256*x^(7/6)/b^4-39/16*x^(11/6)/b^2+1/5*x^(5/2)-3861/128*x^(7/6)*cos(a+
b*x^(1/3))^2/b^4+39/8*x^(11/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/b^2+27027/512*x^(5/6)*cos
(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^5-429/32*x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*
x^(1/3))/b^3+3/2*x^(13/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b-405405/16384*
x^(1/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))/b^7+405405/32768*cos(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b
^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(15/2)+405405/32768*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/
Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(15/2)-135135/4096*x^(1/2)/b^6+135135/2048*co
s(a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^(1/2)/b^6
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3497, 3392, 30, 3393, 3377, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32768b^{15/2}} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32768b^{15/2}} - \frac{405405\sqrt[3]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} - \frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5}$$

[In] Int[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2,x]

[Out] (-135135*sqrt[x])/(4096*b^6) + (3861*x^(7/6))/(256*b^4) - (39*x^(11/6))/(16*b^2) + x^(5/2)/5 + (135135*sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(2048*b^6) - (3861*x^(7/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(128*b^4) + (39*x^(11/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(8*b^2) + (405405*sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/sqrt[Pi]])/(32768*b^(15/2)) + (405405*sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/(32768*b^(15/2)) + (27027*x^(5/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(512*b^5) - (429*x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(32*b^3) + (3*x^(13/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(2*b) - (405405*x^(1/6)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))])/(16384*b^7)

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3385

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3392

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Rule 3393

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_))*((b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
```

$b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^{(k*n)}]^{p}, x, x^{(1/k)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x]$
 $\&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{13/2} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{3}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{13/2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{429\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{9/2} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^2} \\
&= \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{27027\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{5/2} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{256b^4} - \frac{429\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{9/2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32b^2} \\
&= -\frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad - \frac{405405\text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{4096b^6} + \frac{27027\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{5/2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{512b^4} \\
&= \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad - \frac{405405\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x} \cos(2a + 2bx)\right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{4096b^6}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} \\
&\quad + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad - \frac{405405 \text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos(2a + 2bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8192b^6} \\
&= -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} \\
&\quad + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad - \frac{405405 \sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7} + \frac{405405 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32768b^7} \\
&= -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} \\
&\quad - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} - \frac{405405 \sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7} \\
&\quad + \frac{(405405 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32768b^7} \\
&\quad + \frac{(405405 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32768b^7}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} \\
&\quad - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7} \\
&\quad + \frac{(405405 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}(\int \sin(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x})}{16384b^7} \\
&\quad + \frac{(405405 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}(\int \cos(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x})}{16384b^7} \\
&= -\frac{135135\sqrt{x}}{4096b^6} + \frac{3861x^{7/6}}{256b^4} - \frac{39x^{11/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{135135\sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2048b^6} \\
&\quad - \frac{3861x^{7/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{39x^{11/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32768b^{15/2}} + \frac{405405\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{32768b^{15/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{27027x^{5/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{512b^5} - \frac{429x^{3/2} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3x^{13/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} - \frac{405405\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{16384b^7}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{2027025\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 2027025\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{163840b^{15/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(3/2)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2,x]

[Out] (2027025*sqrt(Pi)*Cos[2*a]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/sqrt(Pi)] + 2027025*sqrt(Pi)*FresnelC[(2*sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/sqrt(Pi)]*Sin[2*a] + 2*sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*(16384*b^7*x^(7/3) + 780*(3465*b*x^(1/3) - 1584*b^3*x + 256*b^5*x^(5/3))*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 15*(-135135 + 144144*b^2*x^(2/3) - 36608*b^4*x^(4/3) + 4096*b^6*x^2)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))])/ (163840*b^(15/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
derivatividevides	$\frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3x^{\frac{13}{6}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{11}{6}} \cos\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} + \frac{11x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{16b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}} \cos\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} + \frac{7x^{\frac{5}{6}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{99} \right) \right)$
default	$\frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3x^{\frac{13}{6}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{11}{6}} \cos\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} + \frac{11x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{16b} - \left(\frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}} \cos\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{4b} + \frac{7x^{\frac{5}{6}} \sin\left(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{99} \right) \right)$

[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] 1/5*x^(5/2)+3/4/b*x^(13/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-39/4/b*(-1/4/b*x^(11/6)*cos
(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+11/4/b*(1/4/b*x^(3/2)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-9/4/b*(-1/4/b*
x^(7/6)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+7/4/b*(1/4/b*x^(5/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-5/4/
b*(-1/4/b*x^(1/2)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+3/4/b*(1/4*x^(1/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/
3)))/b-1/8/b^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+s
in(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx =$$

$$\frac{399360 b^6 x^{11/6} - 2471040 b^4 x^{7/6} - 2027025 \pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) S\left(2 x^{1/6} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - 2027025 \pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(2 x^{1/6} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{1}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/163840*(399360*b^6*x^(11/6) - 2471040*b^4*x^(7/6) - 2027025*pi*sqrt(b/pi)
)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_sin(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi)) - 2027025*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresne
l_cos(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2*a) - 3120*(256*b^6*x^(11/6) - 1584*b^4*x^
(7/6) + 3465*b^2*sqrt(x))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2 + 60*(36608*b^5*x^(3/2) - 14
4144*b^3*x^(5/6) - (4096*b^7*x^2 - 135135*b)*x^(1/6))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)*si
n(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 8*(4096*b^8*x^2 - 675675*b^2)*sqrt(x))/b^8
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(3/2)*cos(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(3/2)*cos(a + b*x**(1/3))**2, x)
```


Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{262144 b^9 x^{5/2} + 2027025 \cdot 4^{1/4} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(((i+1) \cos(2a) - (i-1) \sin(2a)) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2i} b x^{1/6}\right) + (-i + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \right)}{b^9}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/1310720*(262144*b^9*x^(5/2) + 2027025*4^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(((I + 1)*cos(2*a) - (I - 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(2*I*b)*x^(1/6)) + (-I - 1)*cos(2*a) + (I + 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(-2*I*b)*x^(1/6)))*b^(3/2) + 12480*(256*b^7*x^(11/6) - 1584*b^5*x^(7/6) + 3465*b^3*sqrt(x))*cos(2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a) + 240*(4096*b^8*x^(13/6) - 36608*b^6*x^(3/2) + 144144*b^4*x^(5/6) - 135135*b^2*x^(1/6))*sin(2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a))/b^9

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{1}{5} x^{5/2} - \frac{3 \left(4096i b^6 x^{13/6} - 13312 b^5 x^{11/6} - 36608i b^4 x^{3/2} + 82368 b^3 x^{7/6} + 144144i b^2 x^{5/6} - 180180 b \sqrt{x} - 135135i x^{1/6} \right) e^{(2ia)}}{32768 b^7} - \frac{3 \left(-4096i b^6 x^{13/6} - 13312 b^5 x^{11/6} + 36608i b^4 x^{3/2} + 82368 b^3 x^{7/6} - 144144i b^2 x^{5/6} - 180180 b \sqrt{x} + 135135i x^{1/6} \right) e^{(-2ia)}}{32768 b^7} + \frac{405405 \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-i \sqrt{b} x^{1/6} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(2ia)}}{65536 b^{15/2} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} + \frac{405405 \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(i \sqrt{b} x^{1/6} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(-2ia)}}{65536 b^{15/2} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

[In] integrate(x^(3/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/5*x^(5/2) - 3/32768*(4096*I*b^6*x^(13/6) - 13312*b^5*x^(11/6) - 36608*I*b^4*x^(3/2) + 82368*b^3*x^(7/6) + 144144*I*b^2*x^(5/6) - 180180*b*sqrt(x) - 135135*I*x^(1/6))*e^(2*I*b*x^(1/3) + 2*I*a)/b^7 - 3/32768*(-4096*I*b^6*x^(13/6) - 13312*b^5*x^(11/6) + 36608*I*b^4*x^(3/2) + 82368*b^3*x^(7/6) - 144144*I*b^2*x^(5/6) - 180180*b*sqrt(x) + 135135*I*x^(1/6))*e^(-2*I*b*x^(1/3) - 2*I*a)/b^7 + 405405/65536*sqrt(pi)*erf(-I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(2*I*a)/(b^(15/2)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) + 405405/65536*sqrt(pi)*erf(I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-2*I*a)/(b^(15/2)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int x^{3/2} \cos(a + bx^{1/3})^2 dx$$

```
[In] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^(3/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2, x)
```

3.56 $\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	315
Rubi [A] (verified)	316
Mathematica [A] (verified)	319
Maple [A] (verified)	319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Sympy [F]	320
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	320
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	321
Mupad [F(-1)]	321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{512b^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b}$$

```
[Out] 315/256*x^(1/6)/b^4-21/16*x^(5/6)/b^2+1/3*x^(3/2)-315/128*x^(1/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/b^4+21/8*x^(5/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/b^2+3/2*x^(7/6)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/b+315/512*cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(9/2)-315/512*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(9/2)-105/32*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/2)/b^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3497, 3392, 30, 3393, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}} - \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} + \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3}$$

[In] Int[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2,x]

[Out] (315*x^(1/6))/(256*b^4) - (21*x^(5/6))/(16*b^2) + x^(3/2)/3 - (315*x^(1/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(128*b^4) + (21*x^(5/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(8*b^2) + (315*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]])/(512*b^(9/2)) - (315*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/(512*b^(9/2)) - (105*Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(32*b^3) + (3*x^(7/6)*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(2*b)

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3387

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d

*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3392

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]

Rule 3393

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3497

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{7/2} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\ &= \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\ &\quad + \frac{3}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{7/2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{105\text{Subst}\left(\int x^{3/2} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{16b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{315 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{256b^4} - \frac{105 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^{3/2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{32b^2} \\
&= -\frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{315 \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{256b^4} \\
&= \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} + \frac{315 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{512b^4} \\
&= \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{(315 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{512b^4} - \frac{(315 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{512b^4} \\
&= \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b} \\
&\quad + \frac{(315 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{256b^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{(315 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{256b^4} \\
&= \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x}}{256b^4} - \frac{21x^{5/6}}{16b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{315\sqrt[6]{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{128b^4} + \frac{21x^{5/6} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{8b^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}} - \frac{315\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{512b^{9/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{105\sqrt{x} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{32b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/6} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$= \frac{945\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 945\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}(63(-15 + 16b^2x^{2/3}))}{1536b^{9/2}}$$

`[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2,x]`

```
[Out] (945*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]] - 945*Sqrt[Pi]
]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a] + 2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*(63*(
-15 + 16*b^2*x^(2/3))*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 4*b*x^(1/3)*(64*b^3*x + 9*(-
35 + 16*b^2*x^(2/3))*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))])))/(1536*b^(9/2))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{6}} \sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} - \frac{21 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} + \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{16b} - \frac{15 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a)}{b} \right)}{16} \right)}{4b}$
default	$\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{6}} \sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} - \frac{21 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} + \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{16b} - \frac{15 \left(-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}} \cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a)}{b} \right)}{16} \right)}{4b}$

`[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] 1/3*x^(3/2)+3/4/b*x^(7/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-21/4/b*(-1/4/b*x^(5/6)*cos(2
*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+5/4/b*(1/4/b*x^(1/2)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-3/4/b*(-1/4/b*x^(
1/6)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+1/8/b^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)
*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-sin(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$= \frac{512 b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2016 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 945 \pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) C\left(2 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - 945 \pi \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(2 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 252 \left(16 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 15 b^2 x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) \cos(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) \sin(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) + 1890 b x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{1536 b^5}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/1536*(512*b^5*x^(3/2) - 2016*b^3*x^(5/6) + 945*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_cos(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi)) - 945*pi*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2*a) + 252*(16*b^3*x^(5/6) - 15*b*x^(1/6))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 1890*b*x^(1/6))/b^5
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(1/2)*cos(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x)*cos(a + b*x**(1/3))**2, x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$= \frac{4096 b^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 945 \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left((-i - 1) \cos(2a) - (i + 1) \sin(2a) \right) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) + ((i + 1) \cos(2a) + (i - 1) \sin(2a)) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{-2i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)}{12288 b^6}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/12288*(4096*b^6*x^(3/2) + 945*4^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((-I - 1)*cos(2*a) - (I + 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(2*I*b)*x^(1/6)) + ((I + 1)*cos(2*a) + (I - 1)*sin(2*a))*erf(sqrt(-2*I*b)*x^(1/6))*b^(3/2) + 1008*(16*b^4*x^(5/6) - 15*b^2*x^(1/6))*cos(2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a) + 576*(16*b^5*x^(7/6) - 35*b^3*sqrt(x))*sin(2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a))/b^6
```


Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{1}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3 \left(64i b^3 x^{\frac{7}{6}} - 112 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 140i b \sqrt{x} + 105 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) e^{(2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2i a)}}{512 b^4} \\ - \frac{3 \left(-64i b^3 x^{\frac{7}{6}} - 112 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{6}} + 140i b \sqrt{x} + 105 x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) e^{(-2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2i a)}}{512 b^4} \\ + \frac{315i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-i \sqrt{b} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \right) e^{(2i a)}}{1024 b^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right)} \\ - \frac{315i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(i \sqrt{b} x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right) \right) e^{(-2i a)}}{1024 b^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right)}$$

[In] integrate(x^(1/2)*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 1/3*x^(3/2) - 3/512*(64*I*b^3*x^(7/6) - 112*b^2*x^(5/6) - 140*I*b*sqrt(x) + 105*x^(1/6))*e^(2*I*b*x^(1/3) + 2*I*a)/b^4 - 3/512*(-64*I*b^3*x^(7/6) - 112*b^2*x^(5/6) + 140*I*b*sqrt(x) + 105*x^(1/6))*e^(-2*I*b*x^(1/3) - 2*I*a)/b^4 + 315/1024*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(2*I*a)/(b^(9/2)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) - 315/1024*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-2*I*a)/(b^(9/2)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \int \sqrt{x} \cos(a + b x^{1/3})^2 dx$$

[In] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)

[Out] int(x^(1/2)*cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2, x)

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{\cos^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	322
Rubi [A] (verified)	322
Mathematica [A] (verified)	325
Maple [A] (verified)	325
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	325
Sympy [F]	326
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	326
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	326
Mupad [F(-1)]	327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{8b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b}$$

[Out] $3/4*x^{(1/6)}*\sin(2*a+2*b*x^{(1/3)})/b-3/8*\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}-3/8*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*\sin(2*a)*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}+x^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {3497, 3393, 3377, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b} + \sqrt{x}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Cos}[a+b*x^{(1/3)}]^2/\operatorname{Sqrt}[x],x]$

[Out] $\sqrt{x} - (3\sqrt{\pi}\cos[2a]\text{FresnelS}[(2\sqrt{b}x^{1/6})/\sqrt{\pi}])/(8b^{3/2}) - (3\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}[(2\sqrt{b}x^{1/6})/\sqrt{\pi}]\sin[2a])/(8b^{3/2}) + (3x^{1/6}\sin[2(a + bx^{1/3})])/(4b)$

Rule 3377

$\text{Int}[(c + d(x))^{m_1}\sin[e + f(x)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c + d(x))^m(\cos[e + f(x)]/f), x] + \text{Dist}[d(m/f), \text{Int}[(c + d(x))^{m-1}\cos[e + f(x)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

Rule 3385

$\text{Int}[\sin[\pi/2 + (e + f(x))/\sqrt{c + d(x)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[2/d, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\cos[f(x^2/d)], x], x, \sqrt{c + d(x)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3386

$\text{Int}[\sin[(e + f(x))/\sqrt{c + d(x)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[2/d, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sin[f(x^2/d)], x], x, \sqrt{c + d(x)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3387

$\text{Int}[\sin[(e + f(x))/\sqrt{c + d(x)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[\cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], \text{Int}[\sin[c*(f/d) + f(x)]/\sqrt{c + d(x)}, x], x] + \text{Dist}[\sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], \text{Int}[\cos[c*(f/d) + f(x)]/\sqrt{c + d(x)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

Rule 3393

$\text{Int}[(c + d(x))^{m_1}\sin[e + f(x)]^{n_1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d(x))^m, \sin[e + f(x)]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (!\text{RationalQ}[m] \mid\mid (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, 1]))$

Rule 3432

$\text{Int}[\sin[(d + (e + f(x))^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\pi}/2)/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f(x))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

Rule 3433

$\text{Int}[\cos[(d + (e + f(x))^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\pi}/2)/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f(x))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

Rule 3497

```

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)]]^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]

```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos^2(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x} \cos(2a + 2bx)\right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{x} \cos(2a + 2bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b} - \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8b} \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b} - \frac{(3 \cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8b} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3 \sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{8b} \\
&= \sqrt{x} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b} - \frac{(3 \cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{4b} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3 \sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{4b} \\
&= \sqrt{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a)}{8b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt[6]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}(4b\sqrt[3]{x} + 3\sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})))}{8b^{3/2}}$$

`[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/Sqrt[x], x]`

```
[Out] (-3*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]] - 3*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a] + 2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6)*(4*b*x^(1/3) + 3*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))]))/(8*b^(3/2))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\sqrt{x} + \frac{3x^{1/6} \sin(2a + 2bx^{1/3})}{4b} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(2a) S\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(2a) C\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{8b^{3/2}}$	67
default	$\sqrt{x} + \frac{3x^{1/6} \sin(2a + 2bx^{1/3})}{4b} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \left(\cos(2a) S\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sin(2a) C\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{8b^{3/2}}$	67

`[In] int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] x^(1/2)+3/4*x^(1/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))/b-3/8/b^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) S\left(2x^{1/6}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) + 3\pi\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} C\left(2x^{1/6}\sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) - 12bx^{1/6} \cos\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right) \sin\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right) - 8\sin(2a)}{8b^2}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $-1/8*(3*\pi*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\cos(2*a)*\text{fresnel_sin}(2*x^{1/6}*\sqrt{b/\pi})) + 3*\pi*\sqrt{b/\pi}*\text{fresnel_cos}(2*x^{1/6}*\sqrt{b/\pi})*\sin(2*a) - 12*b*x^{1/6}*\cos(b*x^{1/3} + a)*\sin(b*x^{1/3} + a) - 8*b^2*\sqrt{x})/b^2$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**(1/2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))**2/sqrt(x), x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3 \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left((i+1) \cos(2a) - (i-1) \sin(2a) \right) \text{erf}\left(\sqrt{2i} b x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) + (-i-1) \cos(2a) + (i+1) \sin(2a)}{64 b^3}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-1/64*(3*4^{1/4}*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*((I + 1)*\cos(2*a) - (I - 1)*\sin(2*a))*\text{erf}(\sqrt{2*I*b}*x^{1/6}) + (-I - 1)*\cos(2*a) + (I + 1)*\sin(2*a))*\text{erf}(\sqrt{-2*I*b}*x^{1/6}))*b^{3/2} - 64*b^3*\sqrt{x} - 48*b^2*x^{1/6}*\sin(2*b*x^{1/3} + 2*a))/b^3$

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} - \frac{3i x^{\frac{1}{6}} e^{(2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2i a)}}{8b} + \frac{3i x^{\frac{1}{6}} e^{(-2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2i a)}}{8b} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \text{erf}\left(-i\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(2ia)}}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \text{erf}\left(i\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{1}{6}}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)\right) e^{(-2ia)}}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] sqrt(x) - 3/8*I*x^(1/6)*e^(2*I*b*x^(1/3) + 2*I*a)/b + 3/8*I*x^(1/6)*e^(-2*I*b*x^(1/3) - 2*I*a)/b - 3/16*sqrt(pi)*erf(-I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(2*I*a)/(b^(3/2)*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) - 3/16*sqrt(pi)*erf(I*sqrt(b)*x^(1/6)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))*e^(-2*I*a)/(b^(3/2)*(-I*b/abs(b) + 1))

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^{1/3})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2), x)

$$3.58 \quad \int \frac{\cos^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	328
Rubi [A] (verified)	328
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Maple [A] (verified)	331
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	332
Sympy [F]	332
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	332
Giac [F]	333
Mupad [F(-1)]	333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - 8b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos(2a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 8b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin(2a) + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

[Out] 8*b*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/6)-8*b^(3/2)*cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)+8*b^(3/2)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a)*Pi^(1/2)-2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3497, 3395, 30, 3393, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = -8\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}\cos(2a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 8\sqrt{\pi}b^{3/2}\sin(2a)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] (-2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/Sqrt[x] - 8*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]] + 8*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a] + (8*b*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/x^(1/6)

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3387

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3393

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))

Rule 3395

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (Dist[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]

Rule 3432

Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad + (8b^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) - (16b^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= 16b^2 \sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - (16b^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx)}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - (8b^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - (8b^2 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&\quad + (8b^2 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - (16b^2 \cos(2a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \cos(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x} \right) \\
&\quad + (16b^2 \sin(2a)) \text{Subst} \left(\int \sin(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} - 8b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \\ + 8b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = -8b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \\ -1 - \cos(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})) + 8b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + 4b\sqrt[3]{x} \sin(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})) \\ + \frac{\quad}{\sqrt{x}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(3/2), x]

[Out] $-8*b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi}*\cos[2*a]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[(2*\sqrt{b}*x^{(1/6)})/\sqrt{\pi}] + (-1 - \cos[2*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})] + 8*b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi}*\sqrt{x}*\operatorname{FresnelS}[(2*\sqrt{b}*x^{(1/6)})/\sqrt{\pi}]*\sin[2*a] + 4*b*x^{(1/3)}*\sin[2*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})])/\sqrt{x}$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b\left(-\frac{\sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(2a)C\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(2a)S\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)\right)$
default	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\cos(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{\sqrt{x}} - 4b\left(-\frac{\sin(2a+2bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\cos(2a)C\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sin(2a)S\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)\right)$

[In] int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $-1/x^{(1/2)}-1/x^{(1/2)}*\cos(2*a+2*b*x^{(1/3)})-4*b*(-1/x^{(1/6)}*\sin(2*a+2*b*x^{(1/3)})+2*b^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}*(\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})-\sin(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(4\pi b x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) C\left(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) - 4\pi b x \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S\left(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) - 4bx^{\frac{5}{6}} \cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) \sin\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) \right)}{x}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -2*(4*pi*b*x*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_cos(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi)) - 4*pi*b*x*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2*a) - 4*b*x^(5/6)*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a) + sqrt(x)*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**(3/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))**2/x**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2} \left(\left(-(i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + (i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \right) \cos(2a) + \left(-(i-1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - (i+1) \sqrt{2} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -2i b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \right) \sin(2a) \right)}{4\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(3*sqrt(2)*((-1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) + (1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3)))*cos(2*a) + (-1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) + (1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-3/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3))*sin(2*a))*sqrt(b*x^(1/3))*b*x^(1/3) - 4/sqrt(x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^{1/3} + a)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2/x^(3/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^{1/3})^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(3/2), x)

$$3.59 \quad \int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	334
Rubi [A] (verified)	334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	338
Maple [A] (verified)	338
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	340
Sympy [F]	340
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	341
Giac [F]	341
Mupad [F(-1)]	341

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32b^2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{512b^4 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

$$- \frac{512}{315} b^{9/2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{512}{315} b^{9/2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin(2a) + \frac{8b \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}}$$

[Out] $-16/105*b^2/x^{(5/6)}+256/315*b^4/x^{(1/6)}-2/3*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(3/2)}+32/105*b^2*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(5/6)}-512/315*b^4*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})^2/x^{(1/6)}+8/21*b*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(7/6)}-512/315*b^{(9/2)}*\cos(2*a)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*\pi^{(1/2)}-512/315*b^{(9/2)}*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*x^{(1/6)}*b^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)})*\sin(2*a)*\pi^{(1/2)}-128/315*b^3*\cos(a+b*x^{(1/3)})*\sin(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/x^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3497, 3395, 30, 3394, 12, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{512}{315} \sqrt{\pi} b^{9/2} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)$$

$$- \frac{512}{315} \sqrt{\pi} b^{9/2} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{512b^4 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{128b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} + \frac{32b^2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(5/2), x]

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & (-16*b^2)/(105*x^{5/6}) + (256*b^4)/(315*x^{1/6}) - (2*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^{1/3}]^2) \\ &)/(3*x^{3/2}) + (32*b^2*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^{1/3}]^2)/(105*x^{5/6}) - (512*b^4*\text{Cos}[\\ & a + b*x^{1/3}]^2)/(315*x^{1/6}) - (512*b^{9/2}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{Cos}[2*a]*\text{FresnelS}[(\\ & 2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{1/6})/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]])/315 - (512*b^{9/2}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & b]*x^{1/6})/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]]*\text{Sin}[2*a])/315 + (8*b*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^{1/3}]*\text{Sin}[a + b*x^{1/3}]) \\ &)/(21*x^{7/6}) - (128*b^3*\text{Cos}[a + b*x^{1/3}]*\text{Sin}[a + b*x^{1/3}])/(315* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[x]) \end{aligned}$$

Rule 12

Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[u, (b_)*(v_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3387

Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3394

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^(n)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))), Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]

Rule 3395

```
Int[((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(m._)*((b._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)])^(n._), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (Dist[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[SIN[(d._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[COS[(d._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a._) + Cos[(c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)]*(b._))^(p._)*(x._)^(m._), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*COS[c + d*x^(k*n)])^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8b\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{21}(8b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{21}(16b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{8b\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(128b^4)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) + \frac{1}{315}(256b^4)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{315}(1024b^5)\text{Subst}\left(\int -\frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(512b^5)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(512b^5\cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{315}(512b^5\sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{315}(1024b^5\cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{315}(1024b^5\sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(2bx^2) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{105x^{5/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{105x^{5/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{315\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{512}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos(2a)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{512}{315}b^{9/2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin(2a) + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{21x^{7/6}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-105 - 105 \cos(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})) + 48b^2x^{2/3} \cos(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})) - 256b^4x^{4/3} \cos(2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}))}{315x^{3/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(5/2),x]

[Out] (-105 - 105*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 48*b^2*x^(2/3)*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 256*b^4*x^(4/3)*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 512*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x^(3/2)*Cos[2*a]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]] - 512*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x^(3/2)*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a] + 60*b*x^(1/3)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 64*b^3*x*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))])/(315*x^(3/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
	$4b \frac{\sin\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}} + \left(4b \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}} - \left(4b \frac{\sin\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x}} + \left(4b \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
	$4b \frac{\sin\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}} + \left(4b \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}} - \left(4b \frac{\sin\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x}} + \left(4b \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right) \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{1}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\cos\left(2a+2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{18\sqrt{2}\left(\left((i+1)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{9}{2}, 2i bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - (i-1)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{9}{2}, -2i bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)\cos(2a) + \left(-(i-1)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{9}{2}, 2i bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)\sin(2a)\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/3*(18*sqrt(2)*(((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-9/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) - (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-9/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3)))*cos(2*a) + (-(I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-9/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-9/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3)))*sin(2*a))*sqrt(b*x^(1/3))*b^4*x^(4/3) + 1)/x^(3/2)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2/x^(5/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^{1/3})^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(5/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(5/2), x)

$$3.60 \quad \int \frac{\cos^2\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	342
Rubi [A] (verified)	343
Mathematica [A] (verified)	347
Maple [A] (verified)	348
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	350
Sympy [F]	350
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	351
Giac [F]	351
Mupad [F(-1)]	351

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 328

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = & -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\ & - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} \\ & + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{32768b^{15/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos(2a)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{675675} \\ & - \frac{32768b^{15/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin(2a)}{675675} \\ & + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -16/715*b^2/x^(11/6)+256/45045*b^4/x^(7/6)-2/5*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(5/2)+3
2/715*b^2*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(11/6)-512/45045*b^4*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7
/6)+8/65*b*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(13/6)-128/6435*b^3*cos(a+b*
x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(3/2)+2048/225225*b^5*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*
x^(1/3))/x^(5/6)-32768/675675*b^7*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))*sin(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^(1/6)
+32768/675675*b^(15/2)*cos(2*a)*FresnelC(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/
2)-32768/675675*b^(15/2)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a)*Pi^(
1/2)-4096/675675*b^6/x^(1/2)+8192/675675*b^6*cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3497, 3395, 30, 3393, 3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{32768\sqrt{\pi}b^{15/2} \cos(2a) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{675675} - \frac{32768\sqrt{\pi}b^{15/2} \sin(2a) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{675675} - \frac{32768b^7 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{8192b^6 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2048b^5 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{512b^4 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{128b^3 \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{2 \cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(7/2), x]

[Out] (-16*b^2)/(715*x^(11/6)) + (256*b^4)/(45045*x^(7/6)) - (4096*b^6)/(675675*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(5*x^(5/2)) + (32*b^2*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(715*x^(11/6)) - (512*b^4*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(45045*x^(7/6)) + (8192*b^6*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2)/(675675*Sqrt[x]) + (32768*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]])/675675 - (32768*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a])/675675 + (8*b*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(65*x^(13/6)) - (128*b^3*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(6435*x^(3/2)) + (2048*b^5*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(225225*x^(5/6)) - (32768*b^7*Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*x^(1/3)])/(675675*x^(1/6))

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 3385

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3386

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[2/d
, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d
*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d,
e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3393

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

Rule 3395

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (Dist[b
^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e +
f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), Int[(c + d*x)
^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e +
f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c,
d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3497

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_)]*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^{(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Module[{k = Denominator[n]}, Dist[k, Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a +
b*Cos[c + d*x^(k*n)]]^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& IntegerQ[p] && FractionQ[n]
```


Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{65}(8b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{13/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{1}{65}(16b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{(128b^4)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{9/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{6435} + \frac{(256b^4)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{6435} \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&\quad - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(2048b^6)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{225225} - \frac{(4096b^6)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{225225} \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{(32768b^8)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} + \frac{(65536b^8)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{65536b^8\sqrt[6]{x}}{675675} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&+ \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&+ \frac{(65536b^8)\text{Subst}\left(\int\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} \\
&- \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} \\
&- \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} + \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} \\
&- \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{(32768b^8)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{x}}dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&+ \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&+ \frac{(32768b^8\cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}}dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&- \frac{(32768b^8\sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin(2bx)}{\sqrt{x}}dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{675675}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} + \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} \\
&+ \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}} \\
&+ \frac{(65536b^8\cos(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int\cos(2bx^2)dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&- \frac{(65536b^8\sin(2a))\text{Subst}\left(\int\sin(2bx^2)dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{675675} \\
&= -\frac{16b^2}{715x^{11/6}} + \frac{256b^4}{45045x^{7/6}} - \frac{4096b^6}{675675\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{5x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{32b^2\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{715x^{11/6}} - \frac{512b^4\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{45045x^{7/6}} \\
&+ \frac{8192b^6\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt{x}} + \frac{32768b^{15/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos(2a)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{675675} \\
&- \frac{32768b^{15/2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin(2a)}{675675} \\
&+ \frac{8b\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{65x^{13/6}} - \frac{128b^3\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{6435x^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2048b^5\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{225225x^{5/6}} - \frac{32768b^7\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{675675\sqrt[6]{x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-135135 - 135135\cos(2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})) + 15120b^2x^{2/3}\cos(2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})) - 3840b^4x^{4/3}}{x^{7/2}}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^(1/3)]^2/x^(7/2), x]

[Out] (-135135 - 135135*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 15120*b^2*x^(2/3)*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 3840*b^4*x^(4/3)*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 4096*b^6*x^2*Cos[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 32768*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x^(5/2)*Cos[2*a]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]] - 32768*b^(15/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x^(5/2)*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[b]*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[Pi]]*Sin[2*a] + 41580*b*x^(1/3)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 6720*b^3*x*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] + 3072*b^5*x^(5/3)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))] - 16384*b^7*x^(7/3)*Sin[2*(a + b*x^(1/3))])/(675675*x^(5/2))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
	$4b - \frac{\cos\left(2a + 2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}}$ $4b - \frac{\sin\left(2a + 2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{9x^{\frac{3}{2}}} +$ $4b - \frac{\cos\left(2a + 2b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{11x^{\frac{11}{6}}}$

```
[In] int(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/5/x^(5/2)-1/5/x^(5/2)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-4/5*b*(-1/13/x^(13/6)*sin(2*a
+2*b*x^(1/3))+4/13*b*(-1/11/x^(11/6)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-4/11*b*(-1/9/x^(3
/2)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+4/9*b*(-1/7/x^(7/6)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-4/7*b*(-1
/5/x^(5/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+4/5*b*(-1/3/x^(1/2)*cos(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))-4/
3*b*(-1/x^(1/6)*sin(2*a+2*b*x^(1/3))+2*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(2*a)*FresnelC(
2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-sin(2*a)*FresnelS(2*x^(1/6)*b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))))
)))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(16384 \pi b^7 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \cos(2a) C \left(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) - 16384 \pi b^7 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} S \left(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right) \sin(2a) - \right.}{\left. \right)}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 2/675675*(16384*pi*b^7*x^3*sqrt(b/pi)*cos(2*a)*fresnel_cos(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b
/pi)) - 16384*pi*b^7*x^3*sqrt(b/pi)*fresnel_sin(2*x^(1/6)*sqrt(b/pi))*sin(2
*a) - 2048*b^6*x^(5/2) + 1920*b^4*x^(11/6) - 7560*b^2*x^(7/6) - (3840*b^4*x
^(11/6) - 15120*b^2*x^(7/6) - (4096*b^6*x^2 - 135135)*sqrt(x))*cos(b*x^(1/3
) + a)^2 + 4*(768*b^5*x^(13/6) - 1680*b^3*x^(3/2) - (4096*b^7*x^2 - 10395*b
)*x^(5/6))*cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)*sin(b*x^(1/3) + a))/x^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**(7/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**(1/3))**2/x**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{240\sqrt{2}\left(\left(-i-1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{15}{2}, 2ibx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \left(i+1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{15}{2}, -2ibx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)\cos(2a) + \left(-i+1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{15}{2}, 2ibx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\sin(2a) + \left(i-1\right)\sqrt{2}\Gamma\left(-\frac{15}{2}, -2ibx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\sin(2a)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/5*(240*sqrt(2)*((-I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-15/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-15/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3)))*cos(2*a) + (-I + 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-15/2, 2*I*b*x^(1/3)) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*gamma(-15/2, -2*I*b*x^(1/3))*sin(2*a))*sqrt(b*x^(1/3))*b^7*x^(7/3) + 1)/x^(5/2)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2/x^(7/2), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^{1/3})^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^(7/2), x)

3.61 $\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	352
Rubi [A] (verified)	352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	354
Maple [A] (verified)	354
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	354
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	355
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	357
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	357
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	358

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = 4\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{14}{3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 2x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + x^{2/3} \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{9} \sin^3(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

[Out] $4*x^{(1/3)}*\cos(x^{(1/3)})+2/3*x^{(1/3)}*\cos(x^{(1/3)})^3-14/3*\sin(x^{(1/3)})+2*x^{(2/3)}*\sin(x^{(1/3)})+x^{(2/3)}*\cos(x^{(1/3)})^2*\sin(x^{(1/3)})+2/9*\sin(x^{(1/3)})^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3443, 3392, 3377, 2717, 2713}

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = 2x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{9} \sin^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{14}{3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{3} \sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 4\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

[In] Int[Cos[x^(1/3)]^3,x]

[Out] $4*x^{(1/3)}*\cos[x^{(1/3)}] + (2*x^{(1/3)}*\cos[x^{(1/3)}]^3)/3 - (14*\sin[x^{(1/3)}])/3 + 2*x^{(2/3)}*\sin[x^{(1/3)}] + x^{(2/3)}*\cos[x^{(1/3)}]^2*\sin[x^{(1/3)}] + (2*\sin[x^{(1/3)}]^3)/9$

Rule 2713

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[Expand[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

&& IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]

Rule 2717

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3392

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (Dist
[b^2*((n - 1)/n), Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Dist[d
^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
- Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x]) /;
FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]

Rule 3443

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_S
ymbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x
, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[1/n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= 3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos^3(x) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) + x^{2/3} \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) \\
 &\quad - \frac{2}{3}\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos^3(x) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(x) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 2x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + x^{2/3} \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) \\
 &\quad + \frac{2}{3}\text{Subst}\left(\int (1 - x^2) dx, x, -\sin(\sqrt[3]{x})\right) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int x \sin(x) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right) \\
 &= 4\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{2}{3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 2x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) \\
 &\quad + x^{2/3} \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{9} \sin^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{x}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 4\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{14}{3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) \\ + 2x^{2/3} \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + x^{2/3} \cos^2(\sqrt[3]{x}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2}{9} \sin^3(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{1}{36} (162\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 6\sqrt[3]{x} \cos(3\sqrt[3]{x}) \\ + 81(-2 + x^{2/3}) \sin(\sqrt[3]{x}) + (-2 + 9x^{2/3}) \sin(3\sqrt[3]{x}))$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[x^(1/3)]^3,x]

[Out] (162*x^(1/3)*Cos[x^(1/3)] + 6*x^(1/3)*Cos[3*x^(1/3)] + 81*(-2 + x^(2/3))*Sin[x^(1/3)] + (-2 + 9*x^(2/3))*Sin[3*x^(1/3)])/36

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
derivativedivides	$x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(2 + \cos^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \sin \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - 4 \sin \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \frac{2x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\cos^3 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{3} - \frac{2 \left(2 + \cos^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{9}$
default	$x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(2 + \cos^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right) \sin \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) - 4 \sin \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \frac{2x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\cos^3 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{3} - \frac{2 \left(2 + \cos^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{9}$

[In] int(cos(x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] x^(2/3)*(2+cos(x^(1/3))^2)*sin(x^(1/3))-4*sin(x^(1/3))+4*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3))+2/3*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3))^3-2/9*(2+cos(x^(1/3))^2)*sin(x^(1/3))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^3 + \frac{1}{9} \left(\left(9x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2 \right) \cos \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2 + 18x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 40 \right) \sin \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \\ + 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

```
[Out] 2/3*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3))^3 + 1/9*((9*x^(2/3) - 2)*cos(x^(1/3))^2 + 18*x^(2/3) - 40)*sin(x^(1/3)) + 4*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 513 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = & \frac{54x^{\frac{2}{3}} \tan^5\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & + \frac{36x^{\frac{2}{3}} \tan^3\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & + \frac{54x^{\frac{2}{3}} \tan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & - \frac{42\sqrt[3]{x} \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & - \frac{18\sqrt[3]{x} \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & + \frac{18\sqrt[3]{x} \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & + \frac{42\sqrt[3]{x}}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & - \frac{84 \tan^5\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & - \frac{152 \tan^3\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9} \\
 & - \frac{84 \tan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right)}{9 \tan^6\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^4\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 27 \tan^2\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2}\right) + 9}
 \end{aligned}$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/3))**3,x)

[Out] $54x^{2/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^5/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) + 36x^{2/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^3/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) + 54x^{2/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) - 42x^{1/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) - 18x^{1/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) + 18x^{1/3}\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) + 42x^{1/3}/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) - 84\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^5/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) - 152\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^3/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9) - 84\tan(x^{1/3}/2)/(9\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^6 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^4 + 27\tan(x^{1/3}/2)^2 + 9)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{1}{36} \left(9x^{2/3} - 2 \right) \sin \left(3x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{9}{4} \left(x^{2/3} - 2 \right) \sin \left(x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x^{1/3} \cos \left(3x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{9}{2} x^{1/3} \cos \left(x^{1/3} \right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $1/36*(9*x^{2/3} - 2)*\sin(3*x^{1/3}) + 9/4*(x^{2/3} - 2)*\sin(x^{1/3}) + 1/6*x^{1/3}*\cos(3*x^{1/3}) + 9/2*x^{1/3}*\cos(x^{1/3})$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{1}{36} \left(9x^{2/3} - 2 \right) \sin \left(3x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{9}{4} \left(x^{2/3} - 2 \right) \sin \left(x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x^{1/3} \cos \left(3x^{1/3} \right) + \frac{9}{2} x^{1/3} \cos \left(x^{1/3} \right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $1/36*(9*x^{2/3} - 2)*\sin(3*x^{1/3}) + 9/4*(x^{2/3} - 2)*\sin(x^{1/3}) + 1/6*x^{1/3}*\cos(3*x^{1/3}) + 9/2*x^{1/3}*\cos(x^{1/3})$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \cos^3(\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = 4x^{1/3} \cos(x^{1/3}) - \frac{2 \cos(x^{1/3})^2 \sin(x^{1/3})}{9} - \frac{40 \sin(x^{1/3})}{9} \\ + 2x^{2/3} \sin(x^{1/3}) + \frac{2x^{1/3} \cos(x^{1/3})^3}{3} + x^{2/3} \cos(x^{1/3})^2 \sin(x^{1/3})$$

[In] int(cos(x^(1/3))^3,x)

[Out] 4*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3)) - (2*cos(x^(1/3))^2*sin(x^(1/3)))/9 - (40*sin(x^(1/3)))/9 + 2*x^(2/3)*sin(x^(1/3)) + (2*x^(1/3)*cos(x^(1/3))^3)/3 + x^(2/3)*cos(x^(1/3))^2*sin(x^(1/3))

$$3.62 \quad \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx$$

Optimal result	359
Rubi [A] (verified)	359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	360
Maple [A] (verified)	360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 8

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin(\sqrt[6]{x})$$

[Out] 6*sin(x^(1/6))

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3461, 2717}

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin(\sqrt[6]{x})$$

[In] Int[Cos[x^(1/6)]/x^(5/6),x]

[Out] 6*Sin[x^(1/6)]

Rule 2717

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(

```
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x) dx, x, \sqrt[6]{x}\right) \\ &= 6 \sin\left(\sqrt[6]{x}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(\sqrt[6]{x}\right)}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin\left(\sqrt[6]{x}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[x^(1/6)]/x^(5/6), x]
```

```
[Out] 6*Sin[x^(1/6)]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$6 \sin\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	7
default	$6 \sin\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	7
meijerg	$6 \sin\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	7

```
[In] int(cos(x^(1/6))/x^(5/6), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 6*sin(x^(1/6))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin\left(x^{1/6}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/6))/x^(5/6),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 6*sin(x^(1/6))

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin(\sqrt[6]{x})$$

[In] integrate(cos(x**(1/6))/x**(5/6),x)

[Out] 6*sin(x**(1/6))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin\left(x^{1/6}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/6))/x^(5/6),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 6*sin(x^(1/6))

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin\left(x^{1/6}\right)$$

[In] integrate(cos(x^(1/6))/x^(5/6),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 6*sin(x^(1/6))

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[6]{x})}{x^{5/6}} dx = 6 \sin(x^{1/6})$$

[In] `int(cos(x^(1/6))/x^(5/6),x)`

[Out] `6*sin(x^(1/6))`

3.63 $\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	363
Rubi [N/A]	363
Mathematica [N/A]	364
Maple [N/A] (verified)	364
Fricas [N/A]	364
Sympy [N/A]	364
Maxima [N/A]	365
Giac [N/A]	365
Mupad [N/A]	365

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \text{Int}((ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p, x)$$

[Out] Unintegrable((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Int[(e*x)^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Defer[Int] [(e*x)^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Integrate[(e*x)^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p (ex)^m dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**m*(b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p*(e*x)**m, x)

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)

3.64 $\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	366
Rubi [N/A]	366
Mathematica [N/A]	367
Maple [N/A] (verified)	367
Fricas [N/A]	367
Sympy [N/A]	367
Maxima [N/A]	368
Giac [N/A]	368
Mupad [N/A]	368

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \text{Int}((ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p, x)$$

[Out] Unintegrable((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Defer[Int] [(e*x)^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 27.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((e*x)**m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p, x)

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^m*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^m (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^m*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)

3.65 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	369
Rubi [A] (verified)	369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	370
Maple [F]	371
Fricas [F]	371
Sympy [F]	371
Maxima [F]	371
Giac [F]	372
Mupad [F(-1)]	372

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (b \cos(c + dx^n))^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+p}{2}, \frac{3+p}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx^n)\right) \sin(c + dx^n)}{bden(1+p)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx^n)}}$$

[Out] $-(e*x)^n*(b*\cos(c+d*x^n))^{p+1}*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 1/2+1/2*p], [3/2+1/2*p], \cos(c+d*x^n)^2)*\sin(c+d*x^n)/b/d/e/n/(p+1)/(x^n)/(\sin(c+d*x^n)^2)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3463, 3461, 2722}

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n \sin(c + dx^n) (b \cos(c + dx^n))^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{p+1}{2}, \frac{p+3}{2}, \cos^2(dx^n + c)\right)}{bden(p+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx^n)}}$$

[In] $\text{Int}[(e*x)^{-1+n}*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p, x]$

[Out] $-(((e*x)^n*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^{1+p}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+p)/2, (3+p)/2, \text{Cos}[c + d*x^n]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x^n])/(b*d*e*n*(1+p)*x^n*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x^n]^2]))$

Rule 2722

$\text{Int}[(b_*)*\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)]^{(n_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2}$

F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rule 3463

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[e^IntPart[m]*((e*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]), Int[x^m*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{(x^{-n}(ex)^n) \int x^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx}{e} \\ &= \frac{(x^{-n}(ex)^n) \text{Subst}(\int (b \cos(c + dx))^p dx, x, x^n)}{en} \\ &= \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (b \cos(c + dx^n))^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+p}{2}, \frac{3+p}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx^n)\right) \sin(c + dx^n)}{bden(1+p)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx^n)}} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p \cot(c + dx^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+p}{2}, \frac{3+p}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx^n)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx^n)}}{dn(1+p)}$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] -((x^(1 - n)*(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p*Cot[c + d*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + p)/2, (3 + p)/2, Cos[c + d*x^n]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x^n]^2])/(d*n*(1 + p))

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p*(e*x)**(n - 1), x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)

3.66 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	373
Rubi [N/A]	373
Mathematica [N/A]	374
Maple [N/A] (verified)	374
Fricas [N/A]	374
Sympy [N/A]	374
Maxima [N/A]	375
Giac [N/A]	375
Mupad [N/A]	375

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \text{Int}(x^{-1+2n}(b \cos(c + dx^n))^p, x)}{e}$$

[Out] $(e*x)^{(2*n)}*Unintegrable(x^{(-1+2*n)}*(b*\cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)/e/(x^{(2*n)})$

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] $\text{Int}[(e*x)^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p,x]$

[Out] $((e*x)^{(2*n)}*Defer[\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p, x]])/(e*x^{(2*n)})$

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{(x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}) \int x^{-1+2n}(b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx}{e}$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p*(e*x)**(2*n - 1), x)

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c))^p, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)

3.67 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	376
Rubi [A] (verified)	376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	378
Maple [F]	378
Fricas [F]	379
Sympy [F]	379
Maxima [F]	379
Giac [F]	379
Mupad [F(-1)]	380

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}x^{-n}(ex)^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx^n)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx^n))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c + dx^n)}{a+b}\right)}{\operatorname{den} \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx^n)}}$$

[Out] (e*x)^n*AppellF1(1/2, -p, 1/2, 3/2, b*(1-cos(c+d*x^n))/(a+b), 1/2-1/2*cos(c+d*x^n))*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p*sin(c+d*x^n)*2^(1/2)/d/e/n/(x^n)/(((a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))/(a+b))^p)/(1+cos(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {3463, 3461, 2744, 144, 143}

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}x^{-n}(ex)^n \sin(c + dx^n) (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c + dx^n)}{a+b}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(dx^n + c))\right)}{\operatorname{den} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx^n) + 1}}$$

[In] Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] (Sqrt[2]*(e*x)^n*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x^n])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x^n]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p*Sin[c + d*x^n])/(d*e*n*x^n*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x^n]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n]))/(a + b))^p)

Rule 143

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n*(b
/(b*e - a*f))^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d
)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d)
, 0] && GtQ[b/(b*e - a*f), 0] && !(GtQ[d/(d*a - c*b), 0] && GtQ[d/(d*e - c
*f), 0] && SimplrQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[f/(f*a - e*b), 0] && GtQ[f
/(f*c - e*d), 0] && SimplrQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

Rule 144

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_Symbol] := Dist[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/((b/(b*e - a*f))^IntPart[p]*
(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]), Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(b*(e
/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[b/(b
*c - a*d), 0] && !GtQ[b/(b*e - a*f), 0]
```

Rule 2744

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c +
d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)
^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_) + Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol
] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3463

```
Int[((a_) + Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_
Symbol] := Dist[e^IntPart[m]*((e*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]), Int[x^m*(a
+ b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{(x^{-n}(ex)^n) \int x^{-1+n}(a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx}{e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{(x^{-n}(ex)^n) \text{Subst}\left(\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^p dx, x, x^n\right)}{en} \\
&= \frac{(x^{-n}(ex)^n \sin(c + dx^n)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a+bx)^p}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \cos(c + dx^n)\right)}{den\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx^n)}\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx^n)}} \\
&= \frac{\left(x^{-n}(ex)^n (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx^n)}{-a-b}\right)^{-p} \sin(c + dx^n)\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\left(-\frac{a}{-a-b} - \frac{bx}{-a-b}\right)^p}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \cos(c + dx^n)\right)}{den\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx^n)}\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx^n)}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{2}x^{-n}(ex)^n \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx^n)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c+dx^n))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx^n)}{a-b}\right)^{-p}}{den\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx^n)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2 + p, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx^n)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx^n)}{a+b}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{b(-1+\cos(c+dx^n))}{a+b}} \sqrt{\frac{b(1+\cos(c+dx^n))}{-a+b}} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p}{bden(1 + p)}$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] -(((e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + p, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + p, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x^n]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x^n]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^(1 + p)*Csc[c + d*x^n])/(b*d*e*n*(1 + p)*x^n)

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((e*x)**(n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

```
[In] int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)
```

```
[Out] int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)
```

3.68 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	381
Rubi [N/A]	381
Mathematica [N/A]	382
Maple [N/A] (verified)	382
Fricas [N/A]	382
Sympy [N/A]	382
Maxima [N/A]	383
Giac [N/A]	383
Mupad [N/A]	383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \text{Int}(x^{-1+2n}(a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p, x)}{e}$$

[Out] $(e*x)^{(2*n)}*Unintegrable(x^{(-1+2*n)}*(a+b*\cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)/e/(x^{(2*n)})$

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] $\text{Int}[(e*x)^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p,x]$

[Out] $((e*x)^{(2*n)}*Defer[\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x^n])^p, x]])/(e*x^{(2*n)})$

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{(x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}) \int x^{-1+2n}(a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx}{e}$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p,x]

[Out] Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x]

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x)

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x**n))**p,x)

[Out] Integral((e*x)**(2*n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x**n))**p, x)

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (b \cos(dx^n + c) + a)^p dx$$

[In] integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*cos(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(b*cos(d*x^n + c) + a)^p, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b \cos(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

[In] int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p,x)

[Out] int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x^n))^p, x)

3.69 $\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	384
Rubi [A] (verified)	384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	385
Maple [A] (verified)	385
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	386
Sympy [F]	386
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	386
Giac [F]	387
Mupad [F(-1)]	387

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{\sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n}$$

[Out] Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a)/n-Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)/n

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec), antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{\sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]/x, x]

[Out] (Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n])/n - (Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n])/n

Rule 3456

Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3457

Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3459


```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \cos(a) \int \frac{\cos(bx^n)}{x} dx - \sin(a) \int \frac{\sin(bx^n)}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{\sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n) - \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{n}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]/x,x]
```

```
[Out] (Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n] - Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n])/n
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\text{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a) + \text{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{n}$	25
default	$\frac{-\text{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a) + \text{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{n}$	25
risch	$\frac{ie^{-ia\pi} \text{csgn}(bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{ie^{-ia} \text{Si}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{e^{-ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)}{2n} - \frac{e^{ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)}{2n}$	75
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2\gamma + 2n \ln(x) + \ln(b^2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\gamma}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2 \ln(2)}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2 \ln\left(\frac{bx^n}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{2 \text{Ci}(bx^n)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \cos(a)}{2n} - \frac{\text{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a)}{n}$	79

```
[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/n*(-Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)+Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^n) - \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] (cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^n) - sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n))/n

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)/x, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}(i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(i b e^{(n \log(x))}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-i b e^{(n \log(x))}\right) \right) \cos(a) + \left(i \operatorname{Ei}(i bx^n) - i \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^n) + \right)}{4n}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/4*((Ei(I*b*x^n) + Ei(-I*b*x^n) + Ei(I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + Ei(-I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*cos(a) + (I*Ei(I*b*x^n) - I*Ei(-I*b*x^n) + I*Ei(I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) - I*Ei(-I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*sin(a))/n

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^n + a)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^n)}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x, x)

3.70 $\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	388
Rubi [A] (verified)	388
Mathematica [A] (verified)	389
Maple [A] (verified)	389
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	390
Sympy [F]	390
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	390
Giac [F]	391
Mupad [F(-1)]	391

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{\sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n}$$

[Out] 1/2*Ci(2*b*x^n)*cos(2*a)/n+1/2*ln(x)-1/2*Si(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a)/n

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3507, 3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{\sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\log(x)}{2}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^2/x,x]

[Out] (Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(2*n) + Log[x]/2 - (Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(2*n)

Rule 3456

Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3457

Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x
^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x
]
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_) + Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^n)}{2x} \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a) \int \frac{\cos(2bx^n)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2a) \int \frac{\sin(2bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &= \frac{\cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{\sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) + n \log(x) - \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]^2/x, x]
```

```
[Out] (Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n] + n*Log[x] - Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n])/
(2*n)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(2b x^n) \sin(2a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2b x^n) \cos(2a)}{2} + \frac{\ln(b x^n)}{2}}{n}$	40
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(2b x^n) \sin(2a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2b x^n) \cos(2a)}{2} + \frac{\ln(b x^n)}{2}}{n}$	40
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} + \frac{ie^{-2ia} \pi \text{csgn}(b x^n)}{4n} - \frac{ie^{-2ia} \text{Si}(2b x^n)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-2ia} \text{Ei}_1(-2ib x^n)}{4n} - \frac{e^{2ia} \text{Ei}_1(-2ib x^n)}{4n}$	80

[In] `int(cos(a+b*x^n)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/n * (-1/2 * \text{Si}(2*b*x^n) * \sin(2*a) + 1/2 * \text{Ci}(2*b*x^n) * \cos(2*a) + 1/2 * \ln(b*x^n))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \text{Ci}(2bx^n) + n \log(x) - \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/2 * (\cos(2*a) * \cos_integral(2*b*x^n) + n * \log(x) - \sin(2*a) * \sin_integral(2*b*x^n)) / n$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)**2/x,x)`

[Out] `Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)**2/x, x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\left(\text{Ei}(2i bx^n) + \text{Ei}(-2i bx^n) + \text{Ei}\left(2i b e^{\left(\frac{n \log(x)}{x}\right)}\right) + \text{Ei}\left(-2i b e^{\left(\frac{n \log(x)}{x}\right)}\right) \right) \cos(2a) + 4n \log(x) + \left(i \text{Ei}(2i b x^n) - i \text{Ei}(-2i b x^n) \right) \sin(2a)}{8n}$$

8n

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $\frac{1}{8} \left(\left(\operatorname{Ei}(2I*b*x^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-2I*b*x^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(2I*b*e^{(n*\operatorname{conjugate}(\log(x)))}) + \operatorname{Ei}(-2I*b*e^{(n*\operatorname{conjugate}(\log(x)))}) \right) \right) \cos(2*a) + 4*n*\log(x) + \left(I*\operatorname{Ei}(2I*b*x^n) - I*\operatorname{Ei}(-2I*b*x^n) + I*\operatorname{Ei}(2I*b*e^{(n*\operatorname{conjugate}(\log(x)))}) - I*\operatorname{Ei}(-2I*b*e^{(n*\operatorname{conjugate}(\log(x)))}) \right) \sin(2*a) \right) / n$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^n + a)^2}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^2/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x, x)

3.71 $\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	392
Rubi [A] (verified)	392
Mathematica [A] (verified)	393
Maple [A] (verified)	394
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	394
Sympy [F]	394
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	395
Giac [F]	395
Mupad [F(-1)]	395

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{3 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{4n} + \frac{\cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{\sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}$$

[Out] $3/4 \operatorname{Ci}(b*x^n) \cos(a)/n + 1/4 \operatorname{Ci}(3*b*x^n) \cos(3*a)/n - 3/4 \operatorname{Si}(b*x^n) \sin(a)/n - 1/4 \operatorname{Si}(3*b*x^n) \sin(3*a)/n$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec), antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3507, 3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{3 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{4n} + \frac{\cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{\sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^3/x, x]`

[Out] $(3 \operatorname{Cos}[a] \operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^n])/(4*n) + (\operatorname{Cos}[3*a] \operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*b*x^n])/(4*n) - (3 \operatorname{Sin}[a] \operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^n])/(4*n) - (\operatorname{Sin}[3*a] \operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*b*x^n])/(4*n)$

Rule 3456

`Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]`

Rule 3457

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] /
; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]
```

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x]
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3 \cos(a + bx^n)}{4x} + \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^n)}{4x} \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos(3a + 3bx^n)}{x} dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} (3 \cos(a)) \int \frac{\cos(bx^n)}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3a) \int \frac{\cos(3bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{4} (3 \sin(a)) \int \frac{\sin(bx^n)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{4} \sin(3a) \int \frac{\sin(3bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &= \frac{3 \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{4n} + \frac{\cos(3a) \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3 \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{\sin(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 &= \frac{3 \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n) + \cos(3a) \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^n) - 3 \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^n) - \sin(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]^3/x,x]
```

```
[Out] (3*Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n] + Cos[3*a]*CosIntegral[3*b*x^n] - 3*Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n] - Sin[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^n])/(4*n)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(3bx^n)\sin(3a)}{4} + \frac{\text{Ci}(3bx^n)\cos(3a)}{4} - \frac{3\text{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a)}{4} + \frac{3\text{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{4}}{n}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(3bx^n)\sin(3a)}{4} + \frac{\text{Ci}(3bx^n)\cos(3a)}{4} - \frac{3\text{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a)}{4} + \frac{3\text{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{4}}{n}$
risch	$\frac{ie^{-3ia}\pi\text{csgn}(bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{ie^{-3ia}\text{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{e^{-3ia}\text{Ei}_1(-3ibx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3ie^{-ia}\pi\text{csgn}(bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{3ie^{-ia}\text{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}\text{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)}{8n}$

[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/n*(-1/4*Si(3*b*x^n)*sin(3*a)+1/4*Ci(3*b*x^n)*cos(3*a)-3/4*Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)+3/4*Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(3a)\text{Ci}(3bx^n) + 3\cos(a)\text{Ci}(bx^n) - \sin(3a)\text{Si}(3bx^n) - 3\sin(a)\text{Si}(bx^n)}{4n}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/4*(cos(3*a)*cos_integral(3*b*x^n) + 3*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^n) - sin(3*a)*sin_integral(3*b*x^n) - 3*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n))/n

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)**3/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)**3/x, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}(3i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-3i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(3i b e^{\left(\frac{n \log(x)}{x}\right)}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-3i b e^{\left(\frac{n \log(x)}{x}\right)}\right) \right) \cos(3a) + 3 \left(\operatorname{Ei}(i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-i bx^n) \right)}{n}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/16*((Ei(3*I*b*x^n) + Ei(-3*I*b*x^n) + Ei(3*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + Ei(-3*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*cos(3*a) + 3*(Ei(I*b*x^n) + Ei(-I*b*x^n) + Ei(I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + Ei(-I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*cos(a) + (I*Ei(3*I*b*x^n) - I*Ei(-3*I*b*x^n) + I*Ei(3*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) - I*Ei(-3*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*sin(3*a) - 3*(-I*Ei(I*b*x^n) + I*Ei(-I*b*x^n) - I*Ei(I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + I*Ei(-I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*sin(a))/n

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^n + a)^3}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^3/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b x^n)^3}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3/x, x)

3.72 $\int \frac{\cos^4(a+bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	396
Rubi [A] (verified)	396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	397
Maple [A] (verified)	398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	398
Sympy [F]	398
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	399
Giac [F]	399
Mupad [F(-1)]	399

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\cos(4a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(4bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3 \log(x)}{8} - \frac{\sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{\sin(4a) \operatorname{Si}(4bx^n)}{8n}$$

[Out] 1/2*Ci(2*b*x^n)*cos(2*a)/n+1/8*Ci(4*b*x^n)*cos(4*a)/n+3/8*ln(x)-1/2*Si(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a)/n-1/8*Si(4*b*x^n)*sin(4*a)/n

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3507, 3459, 3457, 3456}

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a+bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\cos(4a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(4bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{\sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{\sin(4a) \operatorname{Si}(4bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3 \log(x)}{8}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^4/x,x]

[Out] (Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(2*n) + (Cos[4*a]*CosIntegral[4*b*x^n])/(8*n) + (3*Log[x])/8 - (Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(2*n) - (Sin[4*a]*SinIntegral[4*b*x^n])/(8*n)

Rule 3456

Int[Sin[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] / ; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]

Rule 3457

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[d*x^n]/n, x] /
; FreeQ[{d, n}, x]
```

Rule 3459

```
Int[Cos[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[c], Int[Cos[d*x^n]/x, x], x] - Dist[Sin[c], Int[Sin[d*x^n]/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, n}, x]
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{8x} + \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^n)}{2x} + \frac{\cos(4a + 4bx^n)}{8x} \right) dx \\
&= \frac{3 \log(x)}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\cos(4a + 4bx^n)}{x} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(2a + 2bx^n)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{3 \log(x)}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a) \int \frac{\cos(2bx^n)}{x} dx + \frac{1}{8} \cos(4a) \int \frac{\cos(4bx^n)}{x} dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2a) \int \frac{\sin(2bx^n)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{8} \sin(4a) \int \frac{\sin(4bx^n)}{x} dx \\
&= \frac{\cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{\cos(4a) \text{CosIntegral}(4bx^n)}{8n} \\
&\quad + \frac{3 \log(x)}{8} - \frac{\sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{\sin(4a) \text{Si}(4bx^n)}{8n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{3 \log(x)}{8} + \frac{4 \cos(2a) \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) + \cos(4a) \text{CosIntegral}(4bx^n) - 4 \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n) - \sin(4a) \text{Si}(4bx^n)}{8n}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]^4/x, x]
```

```
[Out] (3*Log[x])/8 + (4*Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n] + Cos[4*a]*CosIntegral[4*b*x^n] - 4*Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n] - Sin[4*a]*SinIntegral[4*b*x^n])/(8*n)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(4b x^n) \sin(4a)}{8} + \frac{\text{Ci}(4b x^n) \cos(4a)}{8} - \frac{\text{Si}(2b x^n) \sin(2a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2b x^n) \cos(2a)}{2} + \frac{3 \ln(b x^n)}{8}}{n}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(4b x^n) \sin(4a)}{8} + \frac{\text{Ci}(4b x^n) \cos(4a)}{8} - \frac{\text{Si}(2b x^n) \sin(2a)}{2} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2b x^n) \cos(2a)}{2} + \frac{3 \ln(b x^n)}{8}}{n}$
risch	$\frac{3 \ln(x)}{8} + \frac{i e^{-4ia} \pi \text{csgn}(b x^n)}{16n} - \frac{i e^{-4ia} \text{Si}(4b x^n)}{8n} - \frac{e^{-4ia} \text{Ei}_1(-4ib x^n)}{16n} + \frac{i e^{-2ia} \pi \text{csgn}(b x^n)}{4n} - \frac{i e^{-2ia} \text{Si}(2b x^n)}{2n}$

[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^4/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/n*(-1/8*Si(4*b*x^n)*sin(4*a)+1/8*Ci(4*b*x^n)*cos(4*a)-1/2*Si(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a)+1/2*Ci(2*b*x^n)*cos(2*a)+3/8*ln(b*x^n))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\cos(4a) \text{Ci}(4bx^n) + 4 \cos(2a) \text{Ci}(2bx^n) + 3n \log(x) - \sin(4a) \text{Si}(4bx^n) - 4 \sin(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{8n}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^4/x,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 1/8*(cos(4*a)*cos_integral(4*b*x^n) + 4*cos(2*a)*cos_integral(2*b*x^n) + 3*n*log(x) - sin(4*a)*sin_integral(4*b*x^n) - 4*sin(2*a)*sin_integral(2*b*x^n))/n

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)**4/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)**4/x, x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}(4i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-4i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(4i be^{(n\log(x))}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-4i be^{(n\log(x))}\right) \right) \cos(4a) + 4 \left(\operatorname{Ei}(2i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}(-2i bx^n) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(2i be^{(n\log(x))}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-2i be^{(n\log(x))}\right) \right) \cos(2a) + 12n \log(x) + (I \operatorname{Ei}(4I b x^n) - I \operatorname{Ei}(-4I b x^n) + I \operatorname{Ei}(4I b e^{(n \log(x))}) - I \operatorname{Ei}(-4I b e^{(n \log(x))})) \sin(4a) - 4(-I \operatorname{Ei}(2I b x^n) + I \operatorname{Ei}(-2I b x^n) - I \operatorname{Ei}(2I b e^{(n \log(x))}) + I \operatorname{Ei}(-2I b e^{(n \log(x))})) \sin(2a) / n$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^4/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/32*((Ei(4*I*b*x^n) + Ei(-4*I*b*x^n) + Ei(4*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + Ei(-4*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*cos(4*a) + 4*(Ei(2*I*b*x^n) + Ei(-2*I*b*x^n) + Ei(2*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + Ei(-2*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*cos(2*a) + 12*n*log(x) + (I*Ei(4*I*b*x^n) - I*Ei(-4*I*b*x^n) + I*Ei(4*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) - I*Ei(-4*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*sin(4*a) - 4*(-I*Ei(2*I*b*x^n) + I*Ei(-2*I*b*x^n) - I*Ei(2*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))) + I*Ei(-2*I*b*e^(n*conjugate(log(x)))))*sin(2*a))/n

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(bx^n + a)^4}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^4/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^4/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(a + bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^4}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^4/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^4/x, x)

3.73 $\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	400
Rubi [A] (verified)	400
Mathematica [A] (verified)	401
Maple [C] (verified)	401
Fricas [F]	402
Sympy [F]	402
Maxima [F]	402
Giac [F]	402
Mupad [F(-1)]	403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\exp(I*a)*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, -I*b*x^n)/n/((-I*b*x^n)^(1/n)) - 1/2*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, I*b*x^n)/\exp(I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^(1/n))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec), antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3447, 2239}

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n], x]

[Out] $-1/2*(E^{I*a}*x*\text{Gamma}[n^{-1}, (-I)*b*x^n])/(n*((-I)*b*x^n)^{n^{-1}}) - (x*\text{Gamma}[n^{-1}, I*b*x^n])/(2*E^{I*a}*n*(I*b*x^n)^{n^{-1}})$

Rule 2239

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]))^(1/n)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2/n]

Rule 3447


```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2, Int[E^((-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[E^(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, n}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-ia-ibx^n} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{ia+ibx^n} dx \\ &= -\frac{e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x(b^2x^{2n})^{-1/n} \left((-ibx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n\right) (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) + (ibx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n\right) (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \right)}{2n}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n], x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(x*((( -I)*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), I*b*x^n]*(Cos[a] - I*Sin[a]) + (I*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), (-I)*b*x^n]*(Cos[a] + I*Sin[a]))) / (n*(b^2*x^(2*n))^n^(-1))
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
meijerg	$x {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2n}; \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}; -\frac{x^{2n}b^2}{4}\right) \cos(a) - \frac{b x^{1+n} {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}; -\frac{x^{2n}b^2}{4}\right) \sin(a)}{1+n}$	75

```
[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] x*hypergeom([1/2/n], [1/2, 1+1/2/n], -1/4*x^(2*n)*b^2)*cos(a)-b/(1+n)*x^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2+1/2/n], [3/2, 3/2+1/2/n], -1/4*x^(2*n)*b^2)*sin(a)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral(cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n),x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n), x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n),x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n), x)
```

3.74 $\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	404
Rubi [A] (verified)	404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Maple [F]	406
Fricas [F]	406
Sympy [F]	406
Maxima [F]	406
Giac [F]	407
Mupad [F(-1)]	407

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{2^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} e^{2ia} x (-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -2ibx^n)}{n} - \frac{2^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} e^{-2ia} x (ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 2ibx^n)}{n}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}x - 2^{(-2-1/n)} \exp(2Ia) x \text{GAMMA}(1/n, -2Ib x^n) / n / ((-Ib x^n)^{(1/n)}) - 2^{(-2-1/n)} x \text{GAMMA}(1/n, 2Ib x^n) / \exp(2Ia) / n / (Ib x^n)^{(1/n)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {3449, 3447, 2239}

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{2ia} 2^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} x (-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -2ibx^n)}{n} - \frac{e^{-2ia} 2^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} x (ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 2ibx^n)}{n} + \frac{x}{2}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^2,x]

[Out] $x/2 - (2^{(-2-n^{-1})} E^{((2I)a) x} \text{Gamma}[n^{-1}, (-2I)b x^n]) / (n ((-I)b x^n)^{n^{-1}}) - (2^{(-2-n^{-1})} x \text{Gamma}[n^{-1}, (2I)b x^n]) / (E^{((2I)a) x} n (Ib x^n)^{n^{-1}})$

Rule 2239

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log

$[F]^{(1/n)}), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[2/n]$

Rule 3447

$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[1/2, \text{Int}[E^{(-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n}, x], x] + \text{Dist}[1/2, \text{Int}[E^{(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

Rule 3449

$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{Cos}[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^n]*(b_.))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*(e + f*x)^n])^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 1]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2a + 2bx^n) \right) dx \\ &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos(2a + 2bx^n) dx \\ &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2ia - 2ibx^n} dx + \frac{1}{4} \int e^{2ia + 2ibx^n} dx \\ &= \frac{x}{2} - \frac{2^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} e^{2ia} x (-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -2ibx^n\right)}{n} - \frac{2^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} e^{-2ia} x (ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, 2ibx^n\right)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx \\ &= - \frac{x \left(-2n + 2^{-1/n} e^{2ia} (-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, -2ibx^n\right) + 2^{-1/n} e^{-2ia} (ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}, 2ibx^n\right) \right)}{4n} \end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]^2,x]

[Out] $-1/4*(x*(-2*n + (E^{((2*I)*a)}*\text{Gamma}[n^{(-1)}, (-2*I)*b*x^n]))/(2^n^{(-1)}*((-I)*b*x^n)^{(-1)}) + \text{Gamma}[n^{(-1)}, (2*I)*b*x^n]/(2^n^{(-1)}*E^{((2*I)*a)}*(I*b*x^n)^{(-1)})))/n$

Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^2(a + bx^n)) dx$$

[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x)

[Out] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x)

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral(cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)**2, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*x + 1/2*integrate(cos(2*b*x^n + 2*a), x)

Giac [**F**]

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)

Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2, x)

3.75 $\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	408
Rubi [A] (verified)	408
Mathematica [A] (verified)	409
Maple [F]	410
Fricas [F]	410
Sympy [F]	410
Maxima [F]	410
Giac [F]	411
Mupad [F(-1)]	411

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n)}{8n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n)}{8n}$$

$$- \frac{3^{-1/n}e^{3ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -3ibx^n)}{8n}$$

$$- \frac{3^{-1/n}e^{-3ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 3ibx^n)}{8n}$$

[Out] $-3/8*\exp(I*a)*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, -I*b*x^n)/n/((-I*b*x^n)^(1/n))-3/8*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, I*b*x^n)/\exp(I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^(1/n))-1/8*\exp(3*I*a)*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, -3*I*b*x^n)/(3^(1/n))/n/((-I*b*x^n)^(1/n))-1/8*x*\text{GAMMA}(1/n, 3*I*b*x^n)/(3^(1/n))/\exp(3*I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^(1/n))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {3449, 3447, 2239}

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n)}{8n} - \frac{e^{3ia}3^{-1/n}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -3ibx^n)}{8n}$$

$$- \frac{3e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n)}{8n} - \frac{e^{-3ia}3^{-1/n}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 3ibx^n)}{8n}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*x^n]^3, x]

[Out] $(-3*E^(I*a)*x*\text{Gamma}[n^(-1), (-I)*b*x^n])/(8*n*((-I)*b*x^n)^n^(-1)) - (3*x*\text{Gamma}[n^(-1), I*b*x^n])/(8*E^(I*a)*n*(I*b*x^n)^n^(-1)) - (E^((3*I)*a)*x*\text{Gamma}$

$a[n^{(-1)}, (-3*I)*b*x^n]/(8*3^n^{(-1)}*n*((-I)*b*x^n)^{n^{(-1)}}) - (x*Gamma[n^{(-1)}, (3*I)*b*x^n]/(8*3^n^{(-1)}*E^((3*I)*a)*n*(I*b*x^n)^{n^{(-1)}})$

Rule 2239

`Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*(c + d*x)*(Gamma[1/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]]/(d*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^(1/n))), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2/n]`

Rule 3447

`Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2, Int[E^((-c)*I - d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[E^(c*I + d*I*(e + f*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

Rule 3449

`Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(a + b*Cos[c + d*(e + f*x)^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 1]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{4} \cos(a + bx^n) + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3a + 3bx^n) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int \cos(3a + 3bx^n) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int \cos(a + bx^n) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} \int e^{-3ia-3ibx^n} dx + \frac{1}{8} \int e^{3ia+3ibx^n} dx + \frac{3}{8} \int e^{-ia-ibx^n} dx + \frac{3}{8} \int e^{ia+ibx^n} dx \\
 &= -\frac{3e^{ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n)}{8n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n)}{8n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{3^{-1/n}e^{3ia}x(-ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -3ibx^n)}{8n} - \frac{3^{-1/n}e^{-3ia}x(ibx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 3ibx^n)}{8n}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3^{-1/n}e^{-3ia}x(b^2x^{2n})^{-1/n} \left(3^{1+\frac{1}{n}}e^{4ia}(ibx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, -ibx^n) + 3^{1+\frac{1}{n}}e^{2ia}(-ibx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, ibx^n) + e^{6ia}(ibx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}, 3ibx^n) \right)}{8n}$$

`[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*x^n]^3, x]`

```
[Out] -1/8*(x*(3^(1 + n^(-1))*E^((4*I)*a)*(I*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), (-I)*b*x^n] + 3^(1 + n^(-1))*E^((2*I)*a)*((-I)*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), I*b*x^n] + E^((6*I)*a)*(I*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), (-3*I)*b*x^n] + ((-I)*b*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[n^(-1), (3*I)*b*x^n]))/(3^n^(-1)*E^((3*I)*a)*n*(b^2*x^(2*n))^n^(-1))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (\cos^3(a + bx^n)) dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] integral(cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*x**n)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \cos(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3, x)

3.76 $\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	412
Rubi [A] (verified)	412
Mathematica [A] (verified)	413
Maple [C] (verified)	413
Fricas [F]	414
Sympy [F]	414
Maxima [F]	414
Giac [F]	414
Mupad [F(-1)]	415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{ia} x^{1+m} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{1+m} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\exp(I*a)*x^{(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n, -I*b*x^n)/n/((-I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))-1/2*x^{(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n, I*b*x^n)/\exp(I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3505, 2250}

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{ia} x^{m+1} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{m+1} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n}$$

[In] Int[x^m*Cos[a + b*x^n], x]

[Out] $-1/2*(E^{(I*a)*x^{(1+m)*Gamma[(1+m)/n, (-I)*b*x^n]})/(n*((-I)*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n)) - (x^{(1+m)*Gamma[(1+m)/n, I*b*x^n]})/(2*E^{(I*a)*n*(I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n)})$

Rule 2250

```
Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]))^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3505

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I + d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m, n}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-ia-ibx^n} x^m dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{ia+ibx^n} x^m dx \\ &= -\frac{e^{ia} x^{1+m} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{2n} - \frac{e^{-ia} x^{1+m} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{2n} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m} (b^2 x^{2n})^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \left((-ibx^n)^{\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right) (\cos(a) - i \sin(a)) + (ibx^n)^{\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right) (\cos(a) + i \sin(a)) \right)}{2n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^m*Cos[a + b*x^n],x]

[Out] -1/2*(x^(1 + m)*((-I)*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, I*b*x^n]*(Cos[a] - I*Sin[a]) + (I*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (-I)*b*x^n]*(Cos[a] + I*Sin[a]))/(n*(b^2*x^(2*n))^((1 + m)/n))

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{1+m} {}_1F_2\left(\frac{m}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n}; \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n}; -\frac{x^{2n} b^2}{4}\right) \cos(a) - b x^{1+m+n} {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n}; -\frac{x^{2n} b^2}{4}\right) \sin(a)}{1+m}$	111

[In] `int(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{(1+m)}x^{(1+m)}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+1/2/n\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1+1/2/n\right], -\frac{1}{4}x^{(2n)}b^2\right)\cos(a) - \frac{b}{(1+m+n)}x^{(1+m+n)}\text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+1/2/n\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}+1/2/n\right], -\frac{1}{4}x^{(2n)}b^2\right)\sin(a)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `integral(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x**m*cos(a+b*x**n),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**m*cos(a + b*x**n), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `integrate(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] `integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n), x)
```

3.77 $\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	416
Rubi [A] (verified)	416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	417
Maple [F]	418
Fricas [F]	418
Sympy [F]	418
Maxima [F]	418
Giac [F]	419
Mupad [F(-1)]	419

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} - \frac{2^{-\frac{1+m+2n}{n}} e^{2ia} x^{1+m} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -2ibx^n\right)}{n} - \frac{2^{-\frac{1+m+2n}{n}} e^{-2ia} x^{1+m} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, 2ibx^n\right)}{n}$$

[Out] $1/2*x^{(1+m)/(1+m)} - \exp(2*I*a)*x^{(1+m)}*GAMMA((1+m)/n, -2*I*b*x^n)/(2^{((1+m+2*n)/n)}/n)/((-I*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)} - x^{(1+m)}*GAMMA((1+m)/n, 2*I*b*x^n)/(2^{((1+m+2*n)/n)}/n))/\exp(2*I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3507, 3505, 2250}

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{e^{2ia} 2^{-\frac{m+2n+1}{n}} x^{m+1} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -2ibx^n\right)}{n} - \frac{e^{-2ia} 2^{-\frac{m+2n+1}{n}} x^{m+1} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, 2ibx^n\right)}{n} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2(m+1)}$$

[In] Int[x^m * Cos[a + b*x^n]^2, x]

[Out] $x^{(1+m)/(2*(1+m))} - (E^{((2*I)*a)}*x^{(1+m)}*Gamma[(1+m)/n, (-2*I)*b*x^n])/ (2^{((1+m+2*n)/n)*n}*((-I)*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)}) - (x^{(1+m)}*Gamma[(1+m)/n, (2*I)*b*x^n])/ (2^{((1+m+2*n)/n)*n}*E^{((2*I)*a)}*n*(I*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)})$

Rule 2250

```
Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[
F])^(m + 1)/n))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F
, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3505

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/2,
Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I +
d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m, n}, x]
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^p)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x
_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{x^m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} x^m \cos(2a + 2bx^n) \right) dx \\
&= \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} + \frac{1}{2} \int x^m \cos(2a + 2bx^n) dx \\
&= \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} + \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2ia-2ibx^n} x^m dx + \frac{1}{4} \int e^{2ia+2ibx^n} x^m dx \\
&= \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} - \frac{2^{-\frac{1+m+2n}{n}} e^{2ia} x^{1+m} (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -2ibx^n\right)}{n} \\
&\quad - \frac{2^{-\frac{1+m+2n}{n}} e^{-2ia} x^{1+m} (ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, 2ibx^n\right)}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \left(-2n + 2^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{2ia} (1+m) (-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -2ibx^n\right) + 2^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{-2ia} (1+m) (ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, 2ibx^n\right) \right)}{4(1+m)n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^m*Cos[a + b*x^n]^2,x]

```
[Out] -1/4*(x^(1 + m)*(-2*n + (E^((2*I)*a))*(1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (-2*I)*b*x^n]
)/(2^((1 + m)/n)*((-I)*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)) + ((1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (2*I
)*b*x^n])/(2^((1 + m)/n)*E^((2*I)*a)*(I*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)))/((1 + m)*n)
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^m (\cos^2(a + b x^n)) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + b x^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] integral(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + b x^n) dx = \int x^m \cos^2(a + b x^n) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**m*cos(a+b*x**n)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**m*cos(a + b*x**n)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + b x^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(x*x^m + (m + 1)*integrate(x^m*cos(2*b*x^n + 2*a), x))/(m + 1)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

[In] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n)^2,x)

[Out] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n)^2, x)

3.78 $\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	420
Rubi [A] (verified)	420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	422
Maple [F]	422
Fricas [F]	422
Sympy [F]	423
Maxima [F]	423
Giac [F]	423
Mupad [F(-1)]	423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3e^{ia}x^{1+m}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}x^{1+m}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{3^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{3ia}x^{1+m}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -3ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{3^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{-3ia}x^{1+m}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, 3ibx^n\right)}{8n}$$

```
[Out] -3/8*exp(I*a)*x^(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n,-I*b*x^n)/n/((-I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))-3/8*x^(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n,I*b*x^n)/exp(I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))-1/8*exp(3*I*a)*x^(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n,-3*I*b*x^n)/(3^((1+m)/n))/n/((-I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))-1/8*x^(1+m)*GAMMA((1+m)/n,3*I*b*x^n)/(3^((1+m)/n))/exp(3*I*a)/n/((I*b*x^n)^((1+m)/n))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used

= {3507, 3505, 2250}

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3e^{ia}x^{m+1}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}x^{m+1}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{e^{3ia}3^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}x^{m+1}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -3ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{e^{-3ia}3^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}x^{m+1}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, 3ibx^n\right)}{8n}$$

[In] Int[x^m*Cos[a + b*x^n]^3,x]

[Out] (-3*E^(I*a)*x^(1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (-I)*b*x^n])/(8*n*((-I)*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)) - (3*x^(1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, I*b*x^n])/(8*E^(I*a)*n*(I*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)) - (E^((3*I)*a)*x^(1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (-3*I)*b*x^n])/(8*3^((1 + m)/n)*n*((-I)*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)) - (x^(1 + m)*Gamma[(1 + m)/n, (3*I)*b*x^n])/(8*3^((1 + m)/n)*E^((3*I)*a)*n*(I*b*x^n)^((1 + m)/n))

Rule 2250

Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-F^a)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*n*((-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F])^((m + 1)/n)))*Gamma[(m + 1)/n, (-b)*(c + d*x)^n*Log[F]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3505

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^((-c)*I - d*I*x^n), x], x] + Dist[1/2, Int[(e*x)^m*E^(c*I + d*I*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, m, n}, x]

Rule 3507

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^((p_.))*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{4}x^m \cos(a + bx^n) + \frac{1}{4}x^m \cos(3a + 3bx^n) \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int x^m \cos(3a + 3bx^n) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int x^m \cos(a + bx^n) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{8} \int e^{-3ia-3ibx^n} x^m dx + \frac{1}{8} \int e^{3ia+3ibx^n} x^m dx + \frac{3}{8} \int e^{-ia-ibx^n} x^m dx + \frac{3}{8} \int e^{ia+ibx^n} x^m dx \\
&= -\frac{3e^{ia}x^{1+m}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{3e^{-ia}x^{1+m}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right)}{8n} \\
&\quad - \frac{3^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{3ia}x^{1+m}(-ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -3ibx^n\right)}{8n} \\
&\quad - \frac{3^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{-3ia}x^{1+m}(ibx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, 3ibx^n\right)}{8n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} e^{-3ia} x^{1+m} (b^2 x^{2n})^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \left(3^{\frac{1+m+n}{n}} e^{4ia} (ibx^n)^{\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -ibx^n\right) + 3^{\frac{1+m+n}{n}} e^{2ia} (-ibx^n)^{\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, ibx^n\right) \right)}{8n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^m*Cos[a + b*x^n]^3,x]

[Out] $-1/8*(x^{(1+m)}*(3^{((1+m+n)/n)}*E^{((4*I)*a)}*(I*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)}*\Gamma[(1+m)/n, (-I)*b*x^n] + 3^{((1+m+n)/n)}*E^{((2*I)*a)}*((-I)*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)}*\Gamma[(1+m)/n, I*b*x^n] + E^{((6*I)*a)}*(I*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)}*\Gamma[(1+m)/n, (-3*I)*b*x^n] + ((-I)*b*x^n)^{((1+m)/n)}*\Gamma[(1+m)/n, (3*I)*b*x^n]))/(3^{((1+m)/n)}*E^{((3*I)*a)}*n*(b^2*x^{(2*n)})^{((1+m)/n)})$

Maple [F]

$$\int x^m (\cos^3(a + bx^n)) dx$$

[In] int(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x)

[Out] int(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x)

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**m*cos(a+b*x**n)**3,x)

[Out] Integral(x**m*cos(a + b*x**n)**3, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^m*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^m*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^m \cos(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

[In] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n)^3,x)

[Out] int(x^m*cos(a + b*x^n)^3, x)

3.79 $\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	424
Rubi [A] (verified)	424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	426
Maple [A] (verified)	426
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	426
Sympy [F]	427
Maxima [F]	427
Giac [F]	427
Mupad [F(-1)]	427

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{n} - \frac{b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n}$$

[Out] $-\cos(a + b*x^n)/n/(x^n) - b*\cos(a)*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^n)/n - b*\operatorname{Ci}(b*x^n)*\sin(a)/n$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec), antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{b \sin(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{n}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1 - n)}*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n], x]$

[Out] $-(\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n]/(n*x^n)) - (b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^n]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/n - (b*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^n])/n$

Rule 3378

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
]
```

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]

Rule 3384

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{n} - \frac{b \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{n} - \frac{(b \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(b \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{n} - \frac{b \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-n}(\cos(a + bx^n) + bx^n \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a) + bx^n \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n))}{n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*Cos[a + b*x^n],x]

[Out] -((Cos[a + b*x^n] + b*x^n*CosIntegral[b*x^n]*Sin[a] + b*x^n*Cos[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n]))/(n*x^n)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b \left(-\frac{\cos(a+bx^n)x^{-n}}{b} - \operatorname{Si}(bx^n) \cos(a) - \operatorname{Ci}(bx^n) \sin(a) \right)}{n}$	45
risch	$\frac{b e^{-ia} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{b e^{-ia} \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{n} + \frac{i b e^{-ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)}{2n} - \frac{i b e^{ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)}{2n} - \frac{\cos(a+bx^n)x^{-n}}{n}$	97

[In] int(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 1/n*b*(-cos(a+b*x^n)/b/(x^n)-Si(b*x^n)*cos(a)-Ci(b*x^n)*sin(a))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{bx^n \operatorname{Ci}(bx^n) \sin(a) + bx^n \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n) + \cos(bx^n + a)}{nx^n}$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -(b*x^n*cos_integral(b*x^n)*sin(a) + b*x^n*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n) + cos(b*x^n + a))/(n*x^n)

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x**n),x)

[Out] Integral(x**(-n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n), x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(x^(-n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^(-n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x^{n+1}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x^(n + 1),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x^(n + 1), x)

3.80 $\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	428
Rubi [A] (verified)	428
Mathematica [A] (verified)	430
Maple [A] (verified)	430
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	431
Sympy [F]	431
Maxima [F]	431
Giac [F]	431
Mupad [F(-1)]	432

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) \sin(2a)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{n}$$

[Out] $-1/2/n/(x^n)^{-1/2} \cos(2a+2b*x^n)/n/(x^n) - b \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2b*x^n)/n - b \operatorname{Ci}(2b*x^n) \sin(2a)/n$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec), antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3507, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{b \sin(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{x^{-n}}{2n}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1-n)} \operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n]^2, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*1/(n*x^n) - \operatorname{Cos}[2*(a + b*x^n)]/(2*n*x^n) - (b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*b*x^n]*\operatorname{Sin}[2*a])/n - (b*\operatorname{Cos}[2*a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*b*x^n])/n$

Rule 3378

$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^m \sin[e + f*x], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} (\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x] / (d*(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[f / (d*(m+1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} \operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$

]

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{x^{-1-n}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} x^{-1-n} \cos(2a + 2bx^n) \right) dx \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \int x^{-1-n} \cos(2a + 2bx^n) dx \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{b \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{(b \cos(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(b \sin(2a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{b \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) \sin(2a)}{n} - \frac{b \cos(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n)}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx \\
&= \frac{x^{-n} (\cos^2(a + bx^n) + bx^n \text{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) \sin(2a) + bx^n \cos(2a) \text{Si}(2bx^n))}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*Cos[a + b*x^n]^2,x]

[Out] -((Cos[a + b*x^n]^2 + b*x^n*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n]*Sin[2*a] + b*x^n*Cos[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(n*x^n))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{\cos(2a+2bx^n)x^{-n}}{2b} - \text{Si}(2bx^n) \cos(2a) - \text{Ci}(2bx^n) \sin(2a) \right)}{n}$	65
risch	$\frac{(be^{-2ia}\pi \text{csgn}(bx^n)x^n + ibe^{-2ia} \text{Ei}_1(-2ibx^n)x^n - ibe^{2ia} \text{Ei}_1(-2ibx^n)x^n - 2be^{-2ia} \text{Si}(2bx^n)x^n - \cos(2a+2bx^n) - 1)x^{-n}}{2n}$	103

[In] int(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/2/n/(x^n)+1/n*b*(-1/2*cos(2*a+2*b*x^n)/(x^n)/b-Si(2*b*x^n)*cos(2*a)-Ci(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$= -\frac{bx^n \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^n) \sin(2a) + bx^n \cos(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n) + \cos(bx^n + a)^2}{nx^n}$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] -(b*x^n*cos_integral(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a) + b*x^n*cos(2*a)*sin_integral(2*b*x^n) + cos(b*x^n + a)^2)/(n*x^n)

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x**n)**2,x)

[Out] Integral(x**(-n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n)**2, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/2*(n*x^n*integrate(cos(2*b*x^n + 2*a)/(x*x^n), x) - 1)/(n*x^n)

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^(-n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^2}{x^{n+1}} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x^(n + 1), x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x^(n + 1), x)
```


3.81 $\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	433
Rubi [A] (verified)	433
Mathematica [A] (verified)	435
Maple [A] (verified)	436
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	436
Sympy [F]	436
Maxima [F]	437
Giac [F]	437
Mupad [F(-1)]	437

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{3b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a)}{4n} - \frac{3b \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n) \sin(3a)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}$$

[Out] $-3/4*\cos(a+b*x^n)/n/(x^n)-1/4*\cos(3*a+3*b*x^n)/n/(x^n)-3/4*b*\cos(a)*\operatorname{Si}(b*x^n)/n-3/4*b*\cos(3*a)*\operatorname{Si}(3*b*x^n)/n-3/4*b*\operatorname{Ci}(b*x^n)*\sin(a)/n-3/4*b*\operatorname{Ci}(3*b*x^n)*\sin(3*a)/n$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3507, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3b \sin(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3b \sin(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{4n}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1-n)}*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n]^3,x]$

[Out] $(-3*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n])/(4*n*x^n) - \operatorname{Cos}[3*(a + b*x^n)]/(4*n*x^n) - (3*b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^n]*\operatorname{Sin}[a])/(4*n) - (3*b*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*b*x^n]*\operatorname{Sin}[3*a])/(4*n) - (3*$

$b \cos[a] \operatorname{SinIntegral}[b x^n] / (4 n) - (3 b \cos[3 a] \operatorname{SinIntegral}[3 b x^n]) / (4 n)$

Rule 3378

$\operatorname{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(m_)} \sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d x)^{(m+1)} (\sin[e + f x] / (d(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[f / (d(m+1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c + d x)^{(m+1)} \cos[e + f x], x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 3380

$\operatorname{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)] / ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{SinIntegral}[e + f x] / d, x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[d e - c f, 0]$

Rule 3383

$\operatorname{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)] / ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{CosIntegral}[e - \pi/2 + f x] / d, x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[d(e - \pi/2) - c f, 0]$

Rule 3384

$\operatorname{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)] / ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[\cos[(d e - c f) / d], \operatorname{Int}[\sin[c(f/d) + f x] / (c + d x), x], x] + \operatorname{Dist}[\sin[(d e - c f) / d], \operatorname{Int}[\cos[c(f/d) + f x] / (c + d x), x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[d e - c f, 0]$

Rule 3461

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + \cos[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}] (b_.)]^{(p_.)} (x_)^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/n, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(\operatorname{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)} (a + b \cos[c + d x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n-1] \ || \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[(m+1)/n], 0]))$

Rule 3507

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + \cos[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}] (b_.)]^{(p_.)} ((e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandTrigReduce}[(e x)^m, (a + b \cos[c + d x^n])^p, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int \left(\frac{3}{4} x^{-1-n} \cos(a + b x^n) + \frac{1}{4} x^{-1-n} \cos(3a + 3b x^n) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{4} \int x^{-1-n} \cos(3a + 3bx^n) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int x^{-1-n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx \\
&= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(3a+3bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} + \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} \\
&= -\frac{3x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{4n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} - \frac{(3b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(3a+3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} \\
&= -\frac{3x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{4n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3b \cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} - \frac{(3b \cos(3a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(3b \sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} - \frac{(3b \sin(3a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} \\
&= -\frac{3x^{-n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{3b \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a)}{4n} \\
&\quad - \frac{3b \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^n) \sin(3a)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{4n} - \frac{3b \cos(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^n)}{4n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-n}(3 \cos(a + bx^n) + \cos(3(a + bx^n))) + 3bx^n \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n) \sin(a) + 3bx^n \text{CosIntegral}(3bx^n) \sin(3a)}{4n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*Cos[a + b*x^n]^3,x]

[Out] -1/4*(3*Cos[a + b*x^n] + Cos[3*(a + b*x^n)]) + 3*b*x^n*CosIntegral[b*x^n]*Sin[a] + 3*b*x^n*CosIntegral[3*b*x^n]*Sin[3*a] + 3*b*x^n*Cos[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n] + 3*b*x^n*Cos[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^n]/(n*x^n)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$\frac{3b \left(-\frac{\cos(a+bx^n)x^{-n}}{b} - \text{Si}(bx^n) \cos(a) - \text{Ci}(bx^n) \sin(a) \right)}{4n} + \frac{3b \left(-\frac{\cos(3a+3bx^n)x^{-n}}{3b} - \text{Si}(3bx^n) \cos(3a) - \text{Ci}(3bx^n) \sin(3a) \right)}{4n}$
risch	$-\frac{(-3be^{-3ia}\pi \text{csgn}(bx^n)x^n - 3be^{-ia}\pi \text{csgn}(bx^n)x^n - 3ibe^{-3ia} \text{Ei}_1(-3ibx^n)x^n - 3ibe^{-ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)x^n + 3ibe^{ia} \text{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)x^n + 3ibe^{3ia} \text{Ei}_1(3ibx^n)x^n)}{8n}$

```
[In] int(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 3/4/n*b*(-cos(a+b*x^n)/b/(x^n)-Si(b*x^n)*cos(a)-Ci(b*x^n)*sin(a))+3/4/n*b*(-1/3*cos(3*a+3*b*x^n)/(x^n)/b-Si(3*b*x^n)*cos(3*a)-Ci(3*b*x^n)*sin(3*a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3bx^n \text{Ci}(3bx^n) \sin(3a) + 3bx^n \text{Ci}(bx^n) \sin(a) + 3bx^n \cos(3a) \text{Si}(3bx^n) + 3bx^n \cos(a) \text{Si}(bx^n) + 4 \cos(3a) \cos(a)}{4nx^n}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/4*(3*b*x^n*cos_integral(3*b*x^n)*sin(3*a) + 3*b*x^n*cos_integral(b*x^n)*sin(a) + 3*b*x^n*cos(3*a)*sin_integral(3*b*x^n) + 3*b*x^n*cos(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n) + 4*cos(b*x^n + a)^3)/(n*x^n)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(-n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(x^(-n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^(-n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^3}{x^{n+1}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3/x^(n + 1),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^3/x^(n + 1), x)

3.82 $\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	438
Rubi [A] (verified)	438
Mathematica [A] (verified)	440
Maple [A] (verified)	440
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Sympy [F]	441
Maxima [F]	441
Giac [F]	441
Mupad [F(-1)]	441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{2n}$$

[Out] $-1/2*b^2*Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a)/n-1/2*cos(a+b*x^n)/n/(x^{(2*n)})+1/2*b^2*Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)/n+1/2*b*sin(a+b*x^n)/n/(x^n)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)}*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n], x]$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n]/(n*x^{(2*n)}) - (b^2*\operatorname{Cos}[a]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[b*x^n])/(2*n) + (b*\operatorname{Sin}[a + b*x^n])/(2*n*x^n) + (b^2*\operatorname{Sin}[a]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[b*x^n])/(2*n)$

Rule 3378

$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * \sin[e + f*x], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * (\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x] / (d*(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[f / (d*(m+1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * \operatorname{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$

]

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^3} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{b \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{b^2 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{2n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(b^2 \cos(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} + \frac{(b^2 \sin(a)) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{2n} - \frac{b^2 \cos(a) \text{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(a) \text{Si}(bx^n)}{2n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(\cos(a + bx^n) + b^2 x^{2n} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n) - bx^n \sin(a + bx^n) - b^2 x^{2n} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n))}{2n}$$

`[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Cos[a + b*x^n], x]`

```
[Out] -1/2*(Cos[a + b*x^n] + b^2*x^(2*n)*Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n] - b*x^n*Sin[a + b*x^n] - b^2*x^(2*n)*Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n])/(n*x^(2*n))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
default	$b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(a+bx^n)x^{-2n}}{2b^2} + \frac{\sin(a+bx^n)x^{-n}}{2b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{2} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{(ib^2e^{-ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^n)x^{2n} - 2ib^2e^{-ia}\operatorname{Si}(bx^n)x^{2n} - b^2e^{-ia}\operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)x^{2n} - b^2e^{ia}\operatorname{Ei}_1(-ibx^n)x^{2n} - 2\sin(a+bx^n)x^n b + 2\cos(a+bx^n))}{4n}$
meijerg	$b^2\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{x^{2\left(\frac{-1-2n}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n}\right)n} 2^{-\frac{-1-2n}{n} - \frac{1}{n}}}{\sqrt{\pi} b^2} + \frac{(-1)^{-\frac{-1-2n}{2n} - \frac{1}{2n}} \left(-\Psi\left(1 - \frac{-1-2n}{2n} - \frac{1}{2n}\right) - \Psi\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{-1-2n}{2n} - \frac{1}{2n}\right) + 2n \ln(x) - 2 \ln(2) + \ln(b^2) \right) \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma\left(-\frac{-1-2n}{n} - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \right)$

`[In] int(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] 1/n*b^2*(-1/2*cos(a+b*x^n)/b^2/(x^n)^2+1/2*sin(a+b*x^n)/b/(x^n)+1/2*Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)-1/2*Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^n) - b^2 x^{2n} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n) - bx^n \sin(bx^n + a) + \cos(bx^n + a)}{2nx^{2n}}$$

`[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
[Out] -1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n)*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^n) - b^2*x^(2*n)*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n) - b*x^n*sin(b*x^n + a) + cos(b*x^n + a))/(n*x^(2*n))
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(a + bx^n) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x**n),x)

[Out] Integral(x**(-2*n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n), x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a) dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a), x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)}{x^{2n+1}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x^(2*n + 1),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)/x^(2*n + 1), x)

3.83 $\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	442
Rubi [A] (verified)	442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	444
Maple [A] (verified)	444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Sympy [F]	445
Maxima [F]	445
Giac [F]	446
Mupad [F(-1)]	446

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{b^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{n}$$

[Out] $-1/4/n/(x^{(2*n)}) - b^2 * \operatorname{Ci}(2*b*x^n) * \cos(2*a)/n - 1/4 * \cos(2*a + 2*b*x^n)/n/(x^{(2*n)}) + b^2 * \operatorname{Si}(2*b*x^n) * \sin(2*a)/n + 1/2 * b * \sin(2*a + 2*b*x^n)/n/(x^n)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec), antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3507, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{b^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{4n}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)} * \operatorname{Cos}[a + b*x^n]^2, x]$

[Out] $-1/4 * 1/(n*x^{(2*n)}) - \operatorname{Cos}[2*(a + b*x^n)]/(4*n*x^{(2*n)}) - (b^2 * \operatorname{Cos}[2*a] * \operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*b*x^n])/n + (b * \operatorname{Sin}[2*(a + b*x^n)])/(2*n*x^n) + (b^2 * \operatorname{Sin}[2*a] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*b*x^n])/n$

Rule 3378

$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * \sin[e + f*x], x_Symbol] := \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * (\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x]/(d*(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[f/(d*(m+1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c$

+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]

Rule 3384

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] :> Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))

Rule 3507

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{-1-2n} + \frac{1}{2}x^{-1-2n} \cos(2a + 2bx^n) \right) dx \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} + \frac{1}{2} \int x^{-1-2n} \cos(2a + 2bx^n) dx \\
 &= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{x^3} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{b \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2a+2bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{2n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2a+2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} \\
&\quad - \frac{(b^2 \cos(2a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} + \frac{(b^2 \sin(2a)) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(2bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(2(a + bx^n))}{4n} - \frac{b^2 \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n)}{n} \\
&\quad + \frac{bx^{-n} \sin(2(a + bx^n))}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(1 + \cos(2(a + bx^n))) + 4b^2 x^{2n} \cos(2a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2bx^n) - 2bx^n \sin(2(a + bx^n)) - 4b^2 x^{2n} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)}{4n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Cos[a + b*x^n]^2,x]

[Out] -1/4*(1 + Cos[2*(a + b*x^n)] + 4*b^2*x^(2*n)*Cos[2*a]*CosIntegral[2*b*x^n] - 2*b*x^n*Sin[2*(a + b*x^n)] - 4*b^2*x^(2*n)*Sin[2*a]*SinIntegral[2*b*x^n])/(n*x^(2*n))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} + \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(2a+2bx^n)x^{-2n}}{8b^2} + \frac{\sin(2a+2bx^n)x^{-n}}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2bx^n) \sin(2a)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(2bx^n) \cos(2a)}{2} \right)}{n}$
risch	$\frac{(-2ib^2e^{-2ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^n)x^{2n} + 4ib^2e^{-2ia} \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n)x^{2n} + 2b^2e^{2ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-2ibx^n)x^{2n} + 2b^2e^{-2ia} \operatorname{Ei}_1(-2ibx^n)x^{2n} + 2b \sin(2a+2bx^n)x^n - \cos(2(a+bx^n))x^{-2n}}{4n}$

[In] int(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] -1/4/(x^n)^2/n+2/n*b^2*(-1/8*cos(2*a+2*b*x^n)/(x^n)^2/b^2+1/4*sin(2*a+2*b*x^n)/(x^n)/b+1/2*Si(2*b*x^n)*sin(2*a)-1/2*Ci(2*b*x^n)*cos(2*a))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{2b^2x^{2n} \cos(2a) \operatorname{Ci}(2bx^n) - 2b^2x^{2n} \sin(2a) \operatorname{Si}(2bx^n) - 2bx^n \cos(bx^n + a) \sin(bx^n + a) + \cos(bx^n + a)^2}{2nx^{2n}}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(2*b^2*x^(2*n)*cos(2*a)*cos_integral(2*b*x^n) - 2*b^2*x^(2*n)*sin(2*a)*sin_integral(2*b*x^n) - 2*b*x^n*cos(b*x^n + a)*sin(b*x^n + a) + cos(b*x^n + a)^2)/(n*x^(2*n))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x**n)**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(-2*n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(2*n*x^(2*n)*integrate(cos(2*b*x^n + 2*a)/(x*x^(2*n)), x) - 1)/(n*x^(2*n))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^2 dx$$

[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a)^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^2(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^2}{x^{2n+1}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x^(2*n + 1),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x^n)^2/x^(2*n + 1), x)

3.84 $\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	447
Rubi [A] (verified)	447
Mathematica [A] (verified)	450
Maple [A] (verified)	450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Sympy [F]	451
Maxima [F]	451
Giac [F]	452
Mupad [F(-1)]	452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} - \frac{3b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{9b^2 \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} + \frac{3b^2 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{9b^2 \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{8n}$$

[Out] $-3/8*b^2*Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a)/n-9/8*b^2*Ci(3*b*x^n)*cos(3*a)/n-3/8*cos(a+b*x^n)/n/(x^(2*n))-1/8*cos(3*a+3*b*x^n)/n/(x^(2*n))+3/8*b^2*Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)/n+9/8*b^2*Si(3*b*x^n)*sin(3*a)/n+3/8*b*sin(a+b*x^n)/n/(x^n)+3/8*b*sin(3*a+3*b*x^n)/n/(x^n)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used

= {3507, 3461, 3378, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a+bx^n) dx = -\frac{3b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{9b^2 \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{8n} \\ + \frac{3b^2 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{9b^2 \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{8n} \\ + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(a+bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a+bx^n))}{8n} \\ - \frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a+bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a+bx^n))}{8n}$$

[In] Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Cos[a + b*x^n]^3,x]

[Out] (-3*Cos[a + b*x^n])/(8*n*x^(2*n)) - Cos[3*(a + b*x^n)]/(8*n*x^(2*n)) - (3*b^2*Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n])/(8*n) - (9*b^2*Cos[3*a]*CosIntegral[3*b*x^n])/(8*n) + (3*b*Sin[a + b*x^n])/(8*n*x^n) + (3*b*Sin[3*(a + b*x^n)])/(8*n*x^n) + (3*b^2*Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n])/(8*n) + (9*b^2*Sin[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^n])/(8*n)

Rule 3378

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[f/(d*(m + 1)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]

Rule 3384

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3461

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p


```
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3507

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(e*x)^m, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x^n])^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \int \left(\frac{3}{4} x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) + \frac{1}{4} x^{-1-2n} \cos(3a + 3bx^n) \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int x^{-1-2n} \cos(3a + 3bx^n) dx + \frac{3}{4} \int x^{-1-2n} \cos(a + bx^n) dx \\
 &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(3a+3bx)}{x^3} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} + \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x^3} dx, x, x^n\right)}{4n} \\
 &= -\frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(3b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{(3b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(3a+3bx)}{x^2} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} \\
 &= -\frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(3b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} - \frac{(9b^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(3a+3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} \\
 &= -\frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{8n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} - \frac{(3b^2 \cos(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(9b^2 \cos(3a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(3b^2 \sin(a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n} + \frac{(9b^2 \sin(3a))\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(3bx)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{8n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{3x^{-2n} \cos(a + bx^n)}{8n} - \frac{x^{-2n} \cos(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} - \frac{3b^2 \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n)}{8n} \\ - \frac{9b^2 \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n)}{8n} \\ + \frac{3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a + bx^n))}{8n} + \frac{3b^2 \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n)}{8n} + \frac{9b^2 \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{8n}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(3 \cos(a + bx^n) + \cos(3(a + bx^n))) + 3b^2 x^{2n} \cos(a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(bx^n) + 9b^2 x^{2n} \cos(3a) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3bx^n) - 3bx^{-n} \sin(a + bx^n) - 3bx^{-n} \sin(3(a + bx^n)) - 3b^2 x^{2n} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n) - 9b^2 x^{2n} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)}{8n}$$

[In] Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Cos[a + b*x^n]^3,x]

[Out] -1/8*(3*Cos[a + b*x^n] + Cos[3*(a + b*x^n)] + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)*Cos[a]*CosIntegral[b*x^n] + 9*b^2*x^(2*n)*Cos[3*a]*CosIntegral[3*b*x^n] - 3*b*x^n*Sin[a + b*x^n] - 3*b*x^n*Sin[3*(a + b*x^n)] - 3*b^2*x^(2*n)*Sin[a]*SinIntegral[b*x^n] - 9*b^2*x^(2*n)*Sin[3*a]*SinIntegral[3*b*x^n])/(n*x^(2*n))

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
default	$3b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(a+bx^n)x^{-2n}}{2b^2} + \frac{\sin(a+bx^n)x^{-n}}{2b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(bx^n)\sin(a)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(bx^n)\cos(a)}{2} \right) + \frac{9b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(3a+3bx^n)x^{-2n}}{18b^2} + \frac{\sin(3a+3bx^n)x^{-n}}{6b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)\sin(3a)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(3bx^n)\cos(3a)}{2} \right)}{4n}$
risch	$-\frac{(9ib^2e^{-3ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^n)x^{2n} + 3ib^2e^{-ia}\pi \operatorname{csgn}(bx^n)x^{2n} - 18ib^2e^{-3ia}\operatorname{Si}(3bx^n)x^{2n} - 6ib^2e^{-ia}\operatorname{Si}(bx^n)x^{2n} - 9b^2e^{-3ia}\operatorname{Ei}_1(-3ibx^n)x^{2n} - 3bx^{-n}\sin(a+bx^n) - 3bx^{-n}\sin(3(a+bx^n)) - 3b^2x^{2n}\sin(a)\operatorname{Si}(bx^n) - 9b^2x^{2n}\sin(3a)\operatorname{Si}(3bx^n))}{8n}$

[In] int(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] 3/4/n*b^2*(-1/2*cos(a+b*x^n)/b^2/(x^n)^2+1/2*sin(a+b*x^n)/b/(x^n)+1/2*Si(b*x^n)*sin(a)-1/2*Ci(b*x^n)*cos(a))+9/4/n*b^2*(-1/18*cos(3*a+3*b*x^n)/(x^n)^2/b^2+1/6*sin(3*a+3*b*x^n)/(x^n)/b+1/2*Si(3*b*x^n)*sin(3*a)-1/2*Ci(3*b*x^n)*cos(3*a))

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{9b^2x^{2n} \cos(3a) \operatorname{Ci}(3bx^n) + 3b^2x^{2n} \cos(a) \operatorname{Ci}(bx^n) - 12bx^n \cos(bx^n + a)^2 \sin(bx^n + a) - 9b^2x^{2n} \sin(3a) \operatorname{Si}(3bx^n) - 3b^2x^{2n} \sin(a) \operatorname{Si}(bx^n) + 4 \cos(bx^n + a)^3}{8nx^{2n}}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/8*(9*b^2*x^(2*n)*cos(3*a)*cos_integral(3*b*x^n) + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)*cos(a)*cos_integral(b*x^n) - 12*b*x^n*cos(b*x^n + a)^2*sin(b*x^n + a) - 9*b^2*x^(2*n)*sin(3*a)*sin_integral(3*b*x^n) - 3*b^2*x^(2*n)*sin(a)*sin_integral(b*x^n) + 4*cos(b*x^n + a)^3)/(n*x^(2*n))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x**(-2*n - 1)*cos(a + b*x**n)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)*cos(b*x^n + a)^3, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int x^{-2n-1} \cos(bx^n + a)^3 dx$$

[In] integrate(x[^](-1-2*n)*cos(a+b*x[^]n)[^]3,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x[^](-2*n - 1)*cos(b*x[^]n + a)[^]3, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \cos^3(a + bx^n) dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + bx^n)^3}{x^{2n+1}} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*x[^]n)[^]3/x[^](2*n + 1),x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*x[^]n)[^]3/x[^](2*n + 1), x)

3.85 $\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$

Optimal result	453
Rubi [A] (verified)	453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	455
Maple [A] (verified)	456
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Sympy [F]	457
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	457
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{a \sin((a + bx)^2)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx) \sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^3}$$

[Out] $-a*\sin((b*x+a)^2)/b^3+1/2*(b*x+a)*\sin((b*x+a)^2)/b^3+1/2*a^2*\operatorname{FresnelC}((b*x+a)*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^3-1/4*\operatorname{FresnelS}((b*x+a)*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3515, 3433, 3461, 2717, 3467, 3432}

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} a^2 \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{a \sin((a + bx)^2)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx) \sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^3}$$

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^2*\operatorname{Cos}[(a + b*x)^2], x]$

[Out] $(a^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*(a + b*x)])/b^3 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{Pi}/2]*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\operatorname{Pi}]*(a + b*x)])/(2*b^3) - (a*\operatorname{Sin}[(a + b*x)^2])/b^3 + ((a + b*x)*\operatorname{Sin}[(a + b*x)^2])/(2*b^3)$

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_)]*(b_.))(p_.)*(x_)(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])p
, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3467

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_)]*((e_.)*(x_))(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e(n
- 1)*(e*x)(m - n + 1)*Sin[c + d*xn]/(d*n), x] - Dist[en*(m - n + 1)/
(d*n), Int[(e*x)(m - n)*Sin[c + d*xn], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] &&
IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[n, m + 1]
```

Rule 3515

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(n_)]*(b_.))(p_.)*((g_
.) + (h_.)*(x_))(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = If[FractionQ[n], Denominat
or[n], 1]}, Dist[k/f(m + 1), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x
(k*n)])p, x(k - 1)*(f*g - e*h + h*xk)m, x], x], x, (e + f*x)(1/k)], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int (a^2 \cos(x^2) - 2ax \cos(x^2) + x^2 \cos(x^2)) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^3} \\ &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(x^2) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^3} - \frac{(2a)\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(x^2) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^3} \\ &\quad + \frac{a^2 \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x^2) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a+bx)\right)}{b^3} + \frac{(a+bx) \sin((a+bx)^2)}{2b^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \sin(x^2) dx, x, a+bx\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{a \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x) dx, x, (a+bx)^2\right)}{b^3} \\
&= \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a+bx)\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a+bx)\right)}{2b^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{a \sin((a+bx)^2)}{b^3} + \frac{(a+bx) \sin((a+bx)^2)}{2b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int x^2 \cos((a+bx)^2) dx = \\
&\quad - \frac{-2a^2 \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a+bx)\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a+bx)\right) + 2(a-bx) \sin((a+bx)^2)}{4b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[(a + b*x)^2],x]

[Out] -1/4*(-2*a^2*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*(a + b*x)] + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*(a + b*x)] + 2*(a - b*x)*Sin[(a + b*x)^2])/b^3

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{x \sin(x^2 b^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\sin(x^2 b^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2 x + ab)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b \sqrt{b^2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2 x + ab)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b^2}}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2 (-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(b(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} a\right)}{4b^3} - \frac{(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(b(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} a\right)}{8b^3} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-b\sqrt{-i} x + \frac{ia}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{4b^3 \sqrt{-i}} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-b\sqrt{-i} x + \frac{ia}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{8b^3 \sqrt{-i}}$
parts	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2 x + ab)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right) x^2}{2\sqrt{b^2}} - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \pi^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} b^2 x}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} ab}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(b) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{csgn}(b) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} b^2 x}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} ab}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right)^2}{2} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} b^2 x}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} ab}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b^2}}\right) \sqrt{2} a \right) \right)$

```
[In] int(x^2*cos((b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2/b^2*x*sin(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)-a/b*(1/2/b^2*sin(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)-1/2*a/b*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*(b^2*x+a*b))-1/4/b^2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*(b^2*x+a*b))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\pi a^2 \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}}}{b}\right) - \sqrt{2}\pi \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}} S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}}}{b}\right) + 2(b^2x - ab) \sin(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{4b^4}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^2*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(2*sqrt(2)*pi*a^2*sqrt(b^2/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(b^2/pi)/b) - sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b^2/pi)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(b^2/pi)/b) + 2*(b^2*x - a*b)*sin(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))/b^4
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \int x^2 \cos(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**2*cos((b*x+a)**2),x)

[Out] Integral(x**2*cos(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2), x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx =$$

$$\frac{4abx \left(-i e^{(ib^2x^2 + 2iabx + ia^2)} + i e^{(-ib^2x^2 - 2iabx - ia^2)} \right) + 4a^2 \left(-i e^{(ib^2x^2 + 2iabx + ia^2)} + i e^{(-ib^2x^2 - 2iabx - ia^2)} \right)}{}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-1/8*(4*a*b*x*(-I*e^{(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2)} + I*e^{(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)}) + 4*a^2*(-I*e^{(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2)} + I*e^{(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)}) - \sqrt{b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2}*((-I - 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2}) - 1) + (I + 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2}) - 1))*a^2 + (I + 1)*\sqrt{2}*\gamma(3/2, I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2) - (I - 1)*\sqrt{2}*\gamma(3/2, -I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)$

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}(2a^2+i)\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)|b\right)}{|b|} + \frac{4\left(ib\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)-2ia\right)e^{(ib^2x^2+2iabx+ia^2)}}{b}$$

$$-\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}(2a^2-i)\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)|b\right)}{|b|} + \frac{4\left(-ib\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)+2ia\right)e^{(-ib^2x^2-2iabx-ia^2)}}{b}$$

$$16b^2$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-1/16*((I + 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(2*a^2 + I)*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*(x + a/b)*\operatorname{abs}(b))/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 4*(I*b*(x + a/b) - 2*I*a)*e^{(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2)/b}/b^2 - 1/16*(-(I - 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(2*a^2 - I)*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*(x + a/b)*\operatorname{abs}(b))/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 4*(-I*b*(x + a/b) + 2*I*a)*e^{(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)/b}/b^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^2 \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{x \sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{2} a^2 \sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2b^3}$$

[In] int(x^2*cos((a + b*x)^2),x)

[Out] $(x*\sin((a + b*x)^2))/(2*b^2) - (a*\sin((a + b*x)^2))/(2*b^3) - (2^{(1/2)}*pi^{(1/2)}*fresnels((2^{(1/2)}*(a + b*x))/pi^{(1/2)}))/(4*b^3) + (2^{(1/2)}*a^2*pi^{(1/2)}*fresnelc((2^{(1/2)}*(a + b*x))/pi^{(1/2)}))/(2*b^3)$

3.86 $\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$

Optimal result	459
Rubi [A] (verified)	459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	460
Maple [A] (verified)	461
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	461
Sympy [F]	461
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	462
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	463

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{\sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2}$$

[Out] $1/2*\sin((b*x+a)^2)/b^2-1/2*a*\operatorname{FresnelC}((b*x+a)*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec), antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3515, 3433, 3461, 2717}

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}a \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^2}$$

[In] `Int[x*Cos[(a + b*x)^2],x]`

[Out] $-\left(\frac{a*\sqrt{\operatorname{Pi}/2}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\operatorname{Pi}}*(a + b*x)]}{b^2}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[(a + b*x)^2]}{(2*b^2)}$

Rule 2717

`Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;`
`FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3461

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p
, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n]] && (EqQ[p, 1] || EqQ[m, n - 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[(
m + 1)/n], 0]))
```

Rule 3515

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_
.) + (h_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{k = If[FractionQ[n], Denominat
or[n], 1]}, Dist[k/f^(m + 1), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x^
(k*n)])^p, x^(k - 1)*(f*g - e*h + h*x^k)^m, x], x], x, (e + f*x)^(1/k)], x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int (-a \cos(x^2) + x \cos(x^2)) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^2} \\
&= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(x^2) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^2} - \frac{a \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x^2) dx, x, a + bx\right)}{b^2} \\
&= -\frac{a \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(x) dx, x, (a + bx)^2\right)}{2b^2} \\
&= -\frac{a \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{\sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{-a \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right) + \sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x*Cos[(a + b*x)^2],x]
```

```
[Out] (-(a*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*(a + b*x)]) + Sin[(a + b*x)^2])/(2*b^2)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(x^2b^2+2abx+a^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2x+ab)}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b\sqrt{b^2}}$	63
risch	$\frac{(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}a\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(b(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x+(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}a\right)}{4b^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-b\sqrt{-i}x+\frac{ia}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{4b^2\sqrt{-i}} + \frac{\sin((bx+a)^2)}{2b^2}$	71
parts	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2x+ab)}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right)x}{2\sqrt{b^2}} - \frac{\pi \left(C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}b^2x}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}ab}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}b^2x}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}ab}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right) - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}b^2x}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}ab}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right)^2}{2}\right)}{\pi} \right)}{2b^2}$	151

```
[In] int(x*cos((b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2/b^2*sin(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2)-1/2*a/b*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*(b^2*x+a*b))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x \cos((a+bx)^2) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi a \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}}}{b}\right) - b \sin(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}{2b^3}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(sqrt(2)*pi*a*sqrt(b^2/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(b^2/pi)/b) - b*sin(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))/b^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \cos((a+bx)^2) dx = \int x \cos(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos((b*x+a)**2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x*cos(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2bx \left(-i e^{(ib^2x^2 + 2iabx + ia^2)} + i e^{(-ib^2x^2 - 2iabx - ia^2)} \right) - \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2} (-(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} (\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{i b^2x^2 + 2iabx + ia^2}) - 1) + (i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} (\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{-i b^2x^2 - 2iabx - ia^2}) - 1))}{b^3x + ab^2}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 1/8*(2*b*x*(-I*e^(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2) + I*e^(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)) - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*(-(I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2)) - 1) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(erf(sqrt(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)) - 1))*a + 2*a*(-I*e^(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2) + I*e^(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)))/(b^3*x + a*b^2)

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = -\frac{\frac{(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2} i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right) |b|}{|b|} + \frac{2i e^{(i b^2 x^2 + 2i abx + ia^2)}}{b}}{8b} - \frac{\frac{(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2} i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right) |b|}{|b|} - \frac{2i e^{(-i b^2 x^2 - 2i abx - ia^2)}}{b}}{8b}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/8*(-(I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(x + a/b)*abs(b))/abs(b) + 2*I*e^(I*b^2*x^2 + 2*I*a*b*x + I*a^2)/b)/b - 1/8*((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(x + a/b)*abs(b))/abs(b) - 2*I*e^(-I*b^2*x^2 - 2*I*a*b*x - I*a^2)/b)/b

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sin((a + bx)^2)}{2b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{2} a \sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2b^2}$$

[In] int(x*cos((a + b*x)^2),x)

[Out] sin((a + b*x)^2)/(2*b^2) - (2^(1/2)*a*pi^(1/2)*fresnelc((2^(1/2)*(a + b*x))/pi^(1/2)))/(2*b^2)

3.87 $\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$

Optimal result	464
Rubi [A] (verified)	464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	465
Maple [A] (verified)	465
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Sympy [F]	466
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	466
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	466
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	467

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b}$$

[Out] $1/2*\operatorname{FresnelC}((b*x+a)*2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {3433}

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b}$$

[In] `Int[Cos[(a + b*x)^2], x]`

[Out] `(Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*(a + b*x)])/b`

Rule 3433

`Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(a + bx)\right)}{b}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[(a + b*x)^2], x]
```

```
[Out] (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*(a + b*x)])/b
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(b^2x+ab)}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b^2}}$	36
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} \operatorname{erf}\left(b(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}a\right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-b\sqrt{-i}x + \frac{ia}{\sqrt{-i}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{-i}}$	56

```
[In] int(cos((b*x+a)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(b^2)^(1/2)*(b^2*x+a*b))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{\pi}}}{b}\right)}{2b^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(b^2/pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(b^2/pi)/b)/b^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)**2),x)

[Out] Integral(cos((a + b*x)**2), x)

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left((i - 1) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf} \left(-(-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} (i bx + i a) \right) - (i + 1) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2}(-i bx - i a) \right) + (i - 1) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2}(i bx + i a) \right) - (i + 1) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2}(i bx + i a) \right) \right)}{16b}$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] -1/16*sqrt(pi)*((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*erf(-(-1)^(3/4)*(I*b*x + I*a)) - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*erf((1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-I*b*x - I*a)) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-I*b*x - I*a)) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*erf((I*b*x + I*a)/sqrt(-I)))/b

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = -\frac{(i + 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right) |b| \right)}{8 |b|} + \frac{(i - 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \left(x + \frac{a}{b}\right) |b| \right)}{8 |b|}$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -(1/8*I + 1/8)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(x + a/b)*abs(b))/abs(b) + (1/8*I - 1/8)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(x + a/b)*abs(b))/abs(b)

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \cos((a + bx)^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} b \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} (a + bx)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}}}{2}$$

[In] `int(cos((a + b*x)^2),x)`

[Out] `(2^(1/2)*pi^(1/2)*fresnelc((2^(1/2)*b*(1/b^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*x))/pi^(1/2))*(1/b^2)^(1/2))/2`

3.88 $\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	468
Rubi [N/A]	468
Mathematica [N/A]	469
Maple [N/A] (verified)	469
Fricas [N/A]	469
Sympy [N/A]	469
Maxima [N/A]	470
Giac [N/A]	470
Mupad [N/A]	470

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x}, x\right)$$

[Out] Unintegrable(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x)

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] Int[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x,x]

[Out] Defer[Int][Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x, x]

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x} dx$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx$$

`[In] Integrate[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x,x]``[Out] Integrate[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x, x]`**Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x} dx$$

`[In] int(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x)``[Out] int(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x} dx$$

`[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")``[Out] integral(cos(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)/x, x)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x} dx$$

`[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)**2)/x,x)``[Out] Integral(cos(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/x, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos((b*x + a)^2)/x, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos((b*x + a)^2)/x, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos((a + b*x)^2)/x,x)

[Out] int(cos((a + b*x)^2)/x, x)

$$3.89 \quad \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	471
Rubi [N/A]	471
Mathematica [N/A]	472
Maple [N/A] (verified)	472
Fricas [N/A]	472
Sympy [N/A]	472
Maxima [N/A]	473
Giac [N/A]	473
Mupad [N/A]	473

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2}, x\right)$$

[Out] Unintegrable(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x)

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 0, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {}

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] Int[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x^2,x]

[Out] Defer[Int][Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x^2, x]

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x^2,x]

[Out] Integrate[Cos[(a + b*x)^2]/x^2, x]

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] int(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x)

[Out] int(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x)

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx + a)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral(cos(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)/x^2, x)

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\cos((a + bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)**2)/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/x**2, x)

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx+a)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos((b*x + a)^2)/x^2, x)

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((bx+a)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos((b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos((b*x + a)^2)/x^2, x)

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos((a+bx)^2)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] int(cos((a + b*x)^2)/x^2,x)

[Out] int(cos((a + b*x)^2)/x^2, x)

3.90 $\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$

Optimal result	474
Rubi [A] (verified)	475
Mathematica [C] (verified)	478
Maple [B] (verified)	478
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	479
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	480
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Mupad [F(-1)]	482

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 346

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = & \frac{240 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^6 d^3} + \frac{24c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{120(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{240\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^5 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
 & - \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
 & + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] 240*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^6/d^3+24*c*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^4/d^3+2*c^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^3-120*(d*x+c)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^4/d^3-12*c*(d*x+c)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^3+10*(d*x+c)^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^3-40*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^3/d^3-4*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b/d^3+2*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b/
```

$d^3+240*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^5/d^3+24*c*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d^3+2*c^2*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3513, 3377, 2718}

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{240 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^6 d^3} + \frac{240\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{120(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{24c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} - \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3}$$

[In] Int[x^2*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

[Out] (240*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^6*d^3) + (24*c*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^4*d^3) + (2*c^2*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^2*d^3) - (120*(c + d*x)*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^4*d^3) - (12*c*(c + d*x)*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^2*d^3) + (10*(c + d*x)^2*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^2*d^3) + (240*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^5*d^3) + (24*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^3*d^3) + (2*c^2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b*d^3) - (40*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^3*d^3) - (4*c*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b*d^3) + (2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b*d^3))

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3513

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int\left(\frac{c^2x\cos(a+bx)}{d^2}-\frac{2cx^3\cos(a+bx)}{d^2}+\frac{x^5\cos(a+bx)}{d^2}\right)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d} \\
 &= \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int x^5\cos(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(4c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^3\cos(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(2c^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int x\cos(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
 &= \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2(c+dx)^{5/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{10\text{Subst}\left(\int x^4\sin(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(12c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2\sin(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{(2c^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
 &= \frac{2c^2\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^3} - \frac{12c(c+dx)\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{10(c+dx)^2\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^3} + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{4c(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{5/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{40\text{Subst}\left(\int x^3\cos(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(24c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x\cos(a+bx)dx,x,\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
&+ \frac{120 \text{Subst}(\int x^2 \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{(24c) \text{Subst}(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&= \frac{24c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{120(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
&- \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} - \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
&+ \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} + \frac{240 \text{Subst}(\int x \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
&= \frac{24c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{120(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} - \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{240\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^5 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} - \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} \\
&+ \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{240 \text{Subst}(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx})}{b^5 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{240 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^6 d^3} + \frac{24c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{2c^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{120(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^3} \\
&- \frac{12c(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{10(c + dx)^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{240\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^5 d^3} + \frac{24c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} - \frac{40(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-i(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \left(120 + 120ib\sqrt{c + dx} + ib^5 d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx} - 4ib^3 \sqrt{c + dx}(2c + 5dx) - 12b^2(4c + 5dx) + b^4 dx(4c + 5dx) \right)}{b^6 d^3}$$

[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

[Out] (120 + (120*I)*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] + I*b^5*d^2*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x] - (4*I)*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2*c + 5*d*x) - 12*b^2*(4*c + 5*d*x) + b^4*d*x*(4*c + 5*d*x) + E^((2*I)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))*(120 - (120*I)*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - I*b^5*d^2*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x] + (4*I)*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2*c + 5*d*x) - 12*b^2*(4*c + 5*d*x) + b^4*d*x*(4*c + 5*d*x)))/(b^6*d^3*E^(I*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])))

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 824 vs. 2(310) = 620.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 825, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-2ac^2 \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + 2c^2 (\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})) + \frac{4a^3 c \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2} - \frac{12a^2 c (\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}))}{b^2}}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{-2ac^2 \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + 2c^2 (\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})) + \frac{4a^3 c \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2} - \frac{12a^2 c (\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}))}{b^2}}{b^2}$
parts	$\frac{2x^2 \sqrt{dx+c} \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{db} + \frac{2x^2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{db^2} - \frac{8 \left(2ac (\sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})) + a^2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \right)}{db^2}$

[In] `int(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{2}{d^3 b^2} (-ac^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + c^2 (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 2/b^2 a^3 c \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 6/b^2 a^2 c (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 6/b^2 a c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 2(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 2/b^2 c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 3(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 6 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 6(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 1/b^4 a^5 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 5/b^4 a^4 (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 10/b^4 a^3 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 2(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 10/b^4 a^2 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 3(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 6 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 6(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 5/b^4 a ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^4 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 4(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^3 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 12(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 24 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 24(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) + 1/b^4 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^5 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 5(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^4 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})) - 20(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) - 60(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 120 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) + 120(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/2}))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

$$= \frac{2((b^5 d^2 x^2 - 20 b^3 dx - 8 b^3 c + 120 b) \sqrt{dx + c} \sin(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) + (5 b^4 d^2 x^2 - 48 b^2 c + 4(b^4 c - 15 b^2) dx - 12 b^3 c + 120 b) \sqrt{dx + c} \cos(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) + (5 b^4 d^2 x^2 - 48 b^2 c + 4(b^4 c - 15 b^2) dx - 12 b^3 c + 120 b) \cos(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) + (5 b^4 d^2 x^2 - 48 b^2 c + 4(b^4 c - 15 b^2) dx - 12 b^3 c + 120 b) \sin(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a))}{b^6 d^3}$$

[In] `integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $2*((b^5*d^2*x^2 - 20*b^3*d*x - 8*b^3*c + 120*b)*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sin(\sqrt{d*x + c})*b + a) + (5*b^4*d^2*x^2 - 48*b^2*c + 4*(b^4*c - 15*b^2)*d*x + 120)*\cos(\sqrt{d*x + c})*b + a)/(b^6*d^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \cos(a)}{3} \\ \frac{x^3 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c})}{3} \\ \frac{2x^2\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd} + \frac{8cx \cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} + \frac{10x^2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d} - \frac{16c\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^3d^3} - \frac{40x\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^3d^2} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(x**2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`

[Out] `Piecewise((x**3*cos(a)/3, Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x**3*cos(a + b*sqrt(c))/3, Eq(d, 0)), (2*x**2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b*d) + 8*c*x*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**2*d**2) + 10*x**2*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**2*d) - 16*c*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**3*d**3) - 40*x*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**3*d**2) - 96*c*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**4*d**3) - 120*x*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**4*d**2) + 240*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**5*d**3) + 240*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**6*d**3), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. 2(310) = 620.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(ac^2 \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - ((\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) + \cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a))c^2 - \frac{2a^3c \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^2} \right)}{b^2}$$

[In] `integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `-2*(a*c^2*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*c^2 - 2*a^3*c*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^2 + 6*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*a^2*c/b^2 + a^5*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^4 - 5*((sqrt(d*x + c)`


```

*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*a^4/b^4 - 6*(2
*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2
- 2)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*a*c/b^2 + 10*(2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*cos(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 - 2)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
)*a^3/b^4 + 2*(3*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 - 2)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + (
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*b - 6*a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
)*c/b^2 - 10*(3*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 - 2)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((
sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*b - 6*a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))
*a^2/b^4 + 5*(4*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*b - 6*a)*cos(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4 - 12*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 +
24)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*a/b^4 - (5*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4 - 12*(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 + 24)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
)^5 - 20*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 + 120*sqrt(d*x + c)*b + 120*a)*sin(sqrt(d*
x + c)*b + a))/b^4)/(b^2*d^3)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x^2 \cos\left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{(b^4 c^2 - 6(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^2 b^2 c + 12(\sqrt{dx+cb+a}) ab^2 c - 6 a^2 b^2 c + 5(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^4 - 20(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^3 a + 30(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^2 a^2 - 20(\sqrt{dx+cb+a}) a^3}{b^4 d^2} \right)}{b^4 d^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```

[Out] 2*((b^4*c^2 - 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*b^2*c + 12*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a*
b^2*c - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4 - 20*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^
3*a + 30*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*a^2 - 20*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3 + 5*a^4
+ 12*b^2*c - 60*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 + 120*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a - 60
*a^2 + 120)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^4*d^2) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^4
*c^2 - a*b^4*c^2 - 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*b^2*c + 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
)^2*a*b^2*c - 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*b^2*c + (sqrt(d*x +
c)*b + a)^5 - 5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*a + 10*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*a^2
- 10*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*a^3 + 5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^4 - a^5 + 12*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^2*c - 12*a*b^2*c - 20*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 + 60*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*a - 60*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2 + 20*a^3 + 120*sqrt
(d*x + c)*b)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^4*d^2))/(b^2*d)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^2*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^2*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.91 $\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$

Optimal result	483
Rubi [A] (verified)	483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	485
Maple [A] (verified)	486
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	486
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	488
Mupad [F(-1)]	488

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = -\frac{12 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^2} - \frac{2c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} + \frac{6(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} - \frac{12\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^2} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^2}$$

[Out] $-12*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b^4/d^2-2*c*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b^2/d^2+6*(d*x+c)*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b^2/d^2+2*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b/d^2-12*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d^2-2*c*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used

= {3513, 3377, 2718}

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = -\frac{12 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4 d^2} - \frac{12\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^3 d^2} + \frac{6(c + dx) \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} - \frac{2c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd^2}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

[Out] (-12*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^4*d^2) - (2*c*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^2*d^2) + (6*(c + d*x)*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^2*d^2) - (12*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b^3*d^2) - (2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b*d^2) + (2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(b*d^2)

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3513

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{2 \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{cx \cos(a+bx)}{d} + \frac{x^3 \cos(a+bx)}{d}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^3 \cos(a+bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{(2c) \text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(a+bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{6\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2\sin(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{(2c)\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&= -\frac{2c\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} + \frac{6(c+dx)\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} - \frac{12\text{Subst}\left(\int x\cos(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} \\
&= -\frac{2c\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} + \frac{6(c+dx)\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{12\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^3d^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} + \frac{12\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} \\
&= -\frac{12\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4d^2} - \frac{2c\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{6(c+dx)\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d^2} - \frac{12\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^3d^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int x\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})dx \\
&= \frac{2((-6+b^2(2c+3dx))\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})+b\sqrt{c+dx}(-6+b^2dx)\sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}))}{b^4d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

[Out] (2*((-6 + b^2*(2*c + 3*d*x))*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]] + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-6 + b^2*d*x)*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]))/(b^4*d^2)

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
parts	$\frac{2x\sqrt{dx+c} \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{db} + \frac{2x \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{db^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + 4 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + 4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b} \right)}{b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2ac \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - 2c(\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})) - \frac{2a^3 \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2} + \frac{6a^2(\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}))}{b^2}}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{2ac \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - 2c(\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})) - \frac{2a^3 \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2} + \frac{6a^2(\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) + (a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}))}{b^2}}{b^2}$

[In] `int(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
[Out] 2/d/b*x*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+2/d/b^2*x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))
-2/d/b^2*(2/d/b^2*(-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))
+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-a*(sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))))
-2*a/d/b^2*(sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+a*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))
+2/d/b^2*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-a*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2((b^3 dx - 6b)\sqrt{dx + c} \sin(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a) + (3b^2 dx + 2b^2 c - 6) \cos(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a))}{b^4 d^2}$$

[In] `integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
[Out] 2*((b^3*d*x - 6*b)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + (3*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 6)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^4*d^2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \cos(a)}{2} \\ \frac{x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c})}{2} \\ \frac{2x\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd} + \frac{4c \cos(a + b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2 d^2} + \frac{6x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2 d} - \frac{12\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^3 d^2} - \frac{12 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4 d^2} \end{cases}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] Piecewise((x**2*cos(a)/2, Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x**2*cos(a +
b*sqrt(c))/2, Eq(d, 0)), (2*x*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b*d)
+ 4*c*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**2*d**2) + 6*x*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(
b**2*d) - 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**3*d**2) - 12*cos(a
+ b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**4*d**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(ac \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - ((\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) + \cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a))c - \frac{a^3 \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^2} \right)}{b^2 d^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 2*(a*c*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*
b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*c - a^3*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^2 + 3
*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
)*a^2/b^2 - 3*(2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*
x + c)*b + a)^2 - 2)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))*a/b^2 + (3*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b
+ a)^2 - 2)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 - 6*sqrt(d
*x + c)*b - 6*a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/b^2/(b^2*d^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right) dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(b^2c - 3(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^2 + 6(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})a - 3a^2 + 6) \cos(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})}{b^2} + \frac{((\sqrt{dx+cb+a})b^2c - ab^2c - (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^3 + 3(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^2a - 3a^3) \sin(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})}{b^2} \right) \frac{1}{b^2 d^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -2*((b^2*c - 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 + 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a - 3*a^2 + 6)*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^2 + ((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^2*c - a*b^2*c - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3 + 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*a - 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2 + a^3 + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*b)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^2/(b^2*d^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right) dx = \int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right) dx$$

```
[In] int(x*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)
```


3.92 $\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx$

Optimal result	489
Rubi [A] (verified)	489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	490
Maple [A] (verified)	490
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	491
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	491
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	491
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	492
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	492

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd}$$

[Out] $2*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b^2/d+2*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)))*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec), antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3443, 3377, 2718}

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

[Out] $(2*\cos[a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}])/(b^2*d) + (2*\sqrt{c + d*x}*\sin[a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}])/(b*d)$

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co

`s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Rule 3443

`Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]`

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx}\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd} - \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx}\right)}{bd} \\ &= \frac{2 \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2d} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{bd} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2(\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) + b\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}))}{b^2d}$$

[In] `Integrate[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

[Out] `(2*(Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]] + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]))/(b^2*d)`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})+2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})-2a \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2d}$	61
default	$\frac{2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})+2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})-2a \sin(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2d}$	61

[In] `int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] `2/d/b^2*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-a*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + cb} \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) + \cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a))}{b^2 d}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^2*d)

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \begin{cases} x \cos(a) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge (b = 0 \vee d = 0) \\ x \cos(a + b\sqrt{c}) & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{bd} + \frac{2 \cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2 d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)

[Out] Piecewise((x*cos(a), Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x*cos(a + b*sqrt(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sin(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b*d) + 2*cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**2*d), True))

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2((\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - a \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) + \cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a))}{b^2 d}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] 2*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - a*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^2*d)

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + cb} \sin(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) + \cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a))}{b^2 d}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b*sin(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^2*d)

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) dx = \frac{2(\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) + b \sin(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) \sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d}$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)

[Out] (2*(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) + b*sin(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))/(b^2*d)

3.93 $\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} dx$

Optimal result	493
Rubi [A] (verified)	493
Mathematica [C] (verified)	495
Maple [B] (verified)	496
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	496
Sympy [F]	497
Maxima [F]	497
Giac [F]	497
Mupad [F(-1)]	497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} dx = \cos(a-b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)\right) \\ + \cos(a+b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx}\right) \\ - \sin(a-b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)\right) \\ + \sin(a+b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx}\right)$$

[Out] Ci(b*(c^(1/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)))*cos(a-b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*cos(a+b*c^(1/2))-Si(b*(c^(1/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2))+Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2))

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {3513, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} dx = \cos(a-b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)\right) \\ + \cos(a+b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx}\right) \\ - \sin(a-b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)\right) \\ + \sin(a+b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx}\right)$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x,x]

```
[Out] Cos[a - b*Sqrt[c]]*CosIntegral[b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] + Cos[a + b*Sqr
t[c]]*CosIntegral[b*Sqrt[c] - b*Sqrt[c + d*x]] - Sin[a - b*Sqrt[c]]*SinInte
gral[b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] + Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c]]*SinIntegral[b*Sqrt[c
] - b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]
```

Rule 3380

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinInte
gral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosInte
gral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) -
c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f
)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] &&
NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3513

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_
.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegran
d[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x],
x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int\left(-\frac{d\cos(a+bx)}{2(\sqrt{c-x})} + \frac{d\cos(a+bx)}{2(\sqrt{c+x})}\right)dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d} \\ &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-x}}dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right) + \text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+x}}dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \cos(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(b\sqrt{c} + bx)}{\sqrt{c} + x} dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\
&\quad - \cos(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(b\sqrt{c} - bx)}{\sqrt{c} - x} dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\
&\quad - \sin(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(b\sqrt{c} + bx)}{\sqrt{c} + x} dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\
&\quad - \sin(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(b\sqrt{c} - bx)}{\sqrt{c} - x} dx, x, \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\
&= \cos(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left(b \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) \\
&\quad + \cos(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\
&\quad - \sin(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si} \left(b \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) + \sin(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si} \left(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{2} e^{-i(a+b\sqrt{c})} \left(\operatorname{ExpIntegralEi} \left(-ib \left(-\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad + e^{2i(a+b\sqrt{c})} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi} \left(ib \left(-\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) \\
&\quad + e^{2ib\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi} \left(-ib \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) \\
&\quad \left. + e^{2ia} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi} \left(ib \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x,x]

[Out] (ExpIntegralEi[(-I)*b*(-Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] + E^((2*I)*(a + b*Sqrt[c]))*ExpIntegralEi[I*b*(-Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] + E^((2*I)*b*Sqrt[c])*ExpIntegralEi[(-I)*b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] + E^((2*I)*a)*ExpIntegralEi[I*b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])])/(2*E^(I*(a + b*Sqrt[c])))

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b(a+b\sqrt{c})(\text{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c})\sin(a+b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c})\cos(a+b\sqrt{c}))}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b(a-b\sqrt{c})(-\text{Si}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\sin(a-b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\cos(a-b\sqrt{c}))}{\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{b(a+b\sqrt{c})(\text{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c})\sin(a+b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c})\cos(a+b\sqrt{c}))}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b(a-b\sqrt{c})(-\text{Si}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\sin(a-b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\cos(a-b\sqrt{c}))}{\sqrt{c}}$

[In] `int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{2}{b^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} b (a+b\sqrt{c}) / c^{1/2} (\text{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c})\sin(a+b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c})\cos(a+b\sqrt{c})) - \frac{1}{2} b (a-b\sqrt{c}) / c^{1/2} (-\text{Si}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\sin(a-b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\cos(a-b\sqrt{c})) \right) - b^2 a \left(\frac{1}{2} b / c^{1/2} (\text{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c})\sin(a+b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c})\cos(a+b\sqrt{c})) - \frac{1}{2} b / c^{1/2} (-\text{Si}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\sin(a-b\sqrt{c})+\text{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}+b\sqrt{c})\cos(a-b\sqrt{c})) \right)$$

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}\left(i\sqrt{dx+cb}-\sqrt{-b^2c}\right) e^{(ia+\sqrt{-b^2c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}\left(i\sqrt{dx+cb}+\sqrt{-b^2c}\right) e^{(ia-\sqrt{-b^2c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}\left(-i\sqrt{dx+cb}-\sqrt{-b^2c}\right) e^{(-ia+\sqrt{-b^2c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}\left(-i\sqrt{dx+cb}+\sqrt{-b^2c}\right) e^{(-ia-\sqrt{-b^2c})}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}(I\sqrt{d*x+c}*b - \sqrt{-b^2*c}) * e^{(I*a + \sqrt{-b^2*c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}(I\sqrt{d*x+c}*b + \sqrt{-b^2*c}) * e^{(I*a - \sqrt{-b^2*c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}(-I\sqrt{d*x+c}*b - \sqrt{-b^2*c}) * e^{(-I*a + \sqrt{-b^2*c})} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Ei}(-I\sqrt{d*x+c}*b + \sqrt{-b^2*c}) * e^{(-I*a - \sqrt{-b^2*c})}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/x, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/x,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/x, x)

3.94 $\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	498
Rubi [A] (verified)	498
Mathematica [C] (verified)	501
Maple [B] (verified)	501
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	502
Sympy [F]	503
Maxima [F]	503
Giac [F]	503
Mupad [F(-1)]	503

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} + \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx})) \sin(a-b\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \cos(a-b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx}))}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \cos(a+b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c+dx})}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

```
[Out] -cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x+1/2*b*d*cos(a-b*c^(1/2))*Si(b*(c^(1/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)))/c^(1/2)+1/2*b*d*cos(a+b*c^(1/2))*Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+1/2*b*d*Ci(b*(c^(1/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-1/2*b*d*Ci(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used

= {3513, 3423, 3414, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx = \frac{bd \sin(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx}))}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{bd \sin(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx})}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \cos(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx}))}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \cos(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx})}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]

[Out] -(Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x) + (b*d*CosIntegral[b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])]*Sin[a - b*Sqrt[c]])/(2*Sqrt[c]) - (b*d*CosIntegral[b*Sqrt[c] - b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*Sin[a + b*Sqrt[c]])/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (b*d*Cos[a - b*Sqrt[c]]*SinIntegral[b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])])/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (b*d*Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c]]*SinIntegral[b*Sqrt[c] - b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(2*Sqrt[c])

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]

Rule 3384

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3414

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sin[c + d*x], (a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[p, -1])

Rule 3423

Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(Cos[c + d*x]/(b*n*(p + 1))),

$x] + \text{Dist}[d*(e^m/(b*n*(p + 1))), \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x], x], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[e, 0])$

Rule 3513

$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{Cos}[c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[1/(n*f), \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[1/n]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x \cos(a+bx)}{\left(-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{x^2}{d}\right)^2} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{d} \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} - b\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{x^2}{d}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} - b\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{d \sin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{c}-x)} - \frac{d \sin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{c}+x)}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} + \frac{(bd)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &\quad + \frac{(bd)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &= -\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{x} + \frac{(bd \cos(a-b\sqrt{c})) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(b\sqrt{c+bx})}{\sqrt{c+x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &\quad - \frac{(bd \cos(a+b\sqrt{c})) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sin(b\sqrt{c-bx})}{\sqrt{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &\quad + \frac{(bd \sin(a-b\sqrt{c})) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(b\sqrt{c+bx})}{\sqrt{c+x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &\quad + \frac{(bd \sin(a+b\sqrt{c})) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\cos(b\sqrt{c-bx})}{\sqrt{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x} + \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx})) \sin(a - b\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
&\quad - \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx}) \sin(a + b\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} \\
&\quad + \frac{bd \cos(a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + dx}))}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \cos(a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Si}(b\sqrt{c} - b\sqrt{c + dx})}{2\sqrt{c}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{i \left(e^{-ia} \left(2i\sqrt{c} e^{-ib\sqrt{c+dx}} - b d e^{-ib\sqrt{c}} x \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-ib(-\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c+dx})) \right) + b d e^{ib\sqrt{c}} x \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}(-ib\sqrt{c}) \right)}{x^2}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]

[Out] (((I/4)*(((2*I)*Sqrt[c])/E^(I*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (b*d*x*ExpIntegralEi[(-I)*b*(-Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])])/E^(I*b*Sqrt[c]) + b*d*E^(I*b*Sqrt[c])*x*ExpIntegralEi[(-I)*b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])])/E^(I*a) + E^(I*(a - b*Sqrt[c]))*(2*I)*Sqrt[c]*E^(I*b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])) + b*d*E^((2*I)*b*Sqrt[c])*x*ExpIntegralEi[I*b*(-Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])] - b*d*x*ExpIntegralEi[I*b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[c + d*x])])))/(Sqrt[c]*x)

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 713 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 714, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$ 2d \left(\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \left(-\frac{a b^2 (a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{2c} + \frac{b^2 (-b^2c+a^2)}{2c} \right)}{-b^2c+a^2-2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})a+(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2} - \frac{ab(\operatorname{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{c}) + \operatorname{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c}) \cos(a+b\sqrt{c}))}{4c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) $
default	$ 2d \left(\frac{\cos(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) \left(-\frac{a b^2 (a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{2c} + \frac{b^2 (-b^2c+a^2)}{2c} \right)}{-b^2c+a^2-2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})a+(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2} - \frac{ab(\operatorname{Si}(b\sqrt{c}-b\sqrt{dx+c}) \sin(a+b\sqrt{c}) + \operatorname{Ci}(b\sqrt{dx+c}-b\sqrt{c}) \cos(a+b\sqrt{c}))}{4c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) $

[In] int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] 2*d/b^2*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*(-1/2*a*b^2/c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/2*b^2*(-b^2*c+a^2)/c)/(-b^2*c+a^2-2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*a+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2)-1/4*a*b/c^(3/2)*(Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-b*c^(1/2))*cos(a+b*c^(1/2)))+1/4*a*b/c^(3/2)*(-Si(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*cos(a-b*c^(1/2)))+1/4*b*(-b^2*c+a^2-(a+b*c^(1/2))*a)/c^(3/2)*(-Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*cos(a+b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-b*c^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2)))-1/4*b*(-b^2*c+a^2-(a-b*c^(1/2))*a)/c^(3/2)*(Si(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*cos(a-b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2)))-a*b^4*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*(-1/2/c/b^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/2*a/c/b^2)/(-b^2*c+a^2-2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*a+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2)-1/4/c^(3/2)/b^3*(Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-b*c^(1/2))*cos(a+b*c^(1/2)))+1/4/c^(3/2)/b^3*(-Si(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*cos(a-b*c^(1/2)))-1/4/c/b^2*(-Si(b*c^(1/2)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*cos(a+b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-b*c^(1/2))*sin(a+b*c^(1/2)))-1/4/c/b^2*(Si(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*cos(a-b*c^(1/2))+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*c^(1/2))*sin(a-b*c^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-b^2cdx} \operatorname{Ei}(i\sqrt{dx + cb} - \sqrt{-b^2c}) e^{(ia + \sqrt{-b^2c})} - \sqrt{-b^2cdx} \operatorname{Ei}(i\sqrt{dx + cb} + \sqrt{-b^2c}) e^{(ia - \sqrt{-b^2c})} + \sqrt{-b^2cdx}}{x^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(sqrt(-b^2*c)*d*x*Ei(I*sqrt(d*x + c)*b - sqrt(-b^2*c))*e^(I*a + sqrt(-b^2*c)) - sqrt(-b^2*c)*d*x*Ei(I*sqrt(d*x + c)*b + sqrt(-b^2*c))*e^(I*a - sqrt(-b^2*c)) + sqrt(-b^2*c)*d*x*Ei(-I*sqrt(d*x + c)*b - sqrt(-b^2*c))*e^(-I*a + sqrt(-b^2*c)) - sqrt(-b^2*c)*d*x*Ei(-I*sqrt(d*x + c)*b + sqrt(-b^2*c))*e^(-I*a - sqrt(-b^2*c)) - 4*c*cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(c*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/x**2, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x^2, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{x^2} dx$$

[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/x^2,x)

[Out] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/x^2, x)

3.95 $\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx$

Optimal result	505
Rubi [A] (verified)	506
Mathematica [C] (verified)	515
Maple [B] (verified)	516
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	517
Sympy [F]	517
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	518
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	519
Mupad [F(-1)]	520

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 537

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = & -\frac{720c \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^6 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{120960\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^8 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{6c^2\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{360c(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{20160(c + dx) \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^6 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{1008(c + dx)^{5/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{120960 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^9 d^3} - \frac{6c^2 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{720c\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{60480(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^7 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3} \\
 & +\frac{120c(c + dx) \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{5040(c + dx)^{4/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
 & -\frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3} \\
 & -\frac{168(c + dx)^2 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & +\frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -720*c*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^6/d^3-120960*(d*x+c)^(1/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^8/d^3+6*c^2*(d*x+c)^(1/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^2/d^3+360*c*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^4/d^3+20160*(d*x+c)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^6/d^3-30*c*(d*x+c)^(4/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^2/d^3-1008*(d*x+c)^(5/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^4/d^3+24*(d*x+c)^(7/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^2/d^3+120960*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^9/d^3-6*c^2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^3/d^3-720*c*(d*x+c)^(1/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^5/d^3-60480*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^7/d^3+3*c^2*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b/d^3+120*c*(d*x+c)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^3/d^3+5040*(d*x+c)^(4/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^5/d^3-6*c*(d*x+c)^(5/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b/d^3-168*(d*x+c)^2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^3/d^3+3*(d*x+c)^(8/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b/d^3
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Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used

= {3513, 3377, 2717, 2718}

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = & \frac{120960 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^9 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{120960 \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^8 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{60480 (c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^7 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{20160 (c + dx) \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^6 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{720c \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^6 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{5040 (c + dx)^{4/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{720c \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{1008 (c + dx)^{5/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{360c (c + dx)^{2/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{6c^2 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{168 (c + dx)^2 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{120c (c + dx) \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{24 (c + dx)^{7/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & - \frac{30c (c + dx)^{4/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
 & + \frac{3c^2 (c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3} \\
 & + \frac{3 (c + dx)^{8/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3} \\
 & - \frac{6c (c + dx)^{5/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

[In] Int[x^2*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (-720*c*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^6*d^3) - (120960*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^8*d^3) + (6*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^2*d^3) + (360*c*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^4*d^3) + (20160*(c + d*x)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^6*d^3) - (30*c*(c + d*x)^(4/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^2*d^3) - (1008*(c + d*x)^(5/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^4*d^3) + (24*(c + d*x)^(7/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^2*d^3) + (120960*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^9*d^3) - (6*c^2*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d^3) - (720*c*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^5*d^3) - (60480*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^7*d^3) + (3*c^2*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b*d^3) + (120*c*(c + d*x)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d^3) + (5040*(c + d*x)^(4/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^5*d^3) - (6*c*(c + d*x)^(5/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b*d^3) - (168*(c + d*x)^2*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d^3) + (3*(c + d*x)^(8/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b*d^3)

Rule 2717

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

Rule 3513

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{3 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{c^2 x^2 \cos(a+bx)}{d^2} - \frac{2cx^5 \cos(a+bx)}{d^2} + \frac{x^8 \cos(a+bx)}{d^2} \right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^8 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{(6c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^5 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{(3c^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} - \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} - \frac{24\text{Subst}\left(\int x^7 \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{(30c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^4 \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{(6c^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int x \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&= \frac{6c^2\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} - \frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} + \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{168\text{Subst}\left(\int x^6 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{(120c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^3 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{(6c^2)\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{30c(c+dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{24(c+dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3c^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c+dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{6c(c+dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} - \frac{168(c+dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3(c+dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{1008 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^5 \sin(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{(360c) \text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \sin(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&= \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{360c(c+dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&- \frac{30c(c+dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{1008(c+dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{24(c+dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3c^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c+dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{6c(c+dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} - \frac{168(c+dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3(c+dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{5040 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^4 \cos(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&- \frac{(720c) \text{Subst}\left(\int x \cos(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{360c(c+dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{30c(c+dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{1008(c+dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{24(c+dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} - \frac{720c\sqrt[3]{c+dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{3c^2(c+dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c+dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{5040(c+dx)^{4/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{6c(c+dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{168(c+dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{3(c+dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{20160 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^3 \sin(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{(720c) \text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(ax) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{720c \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} + \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{360c(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{20160(c + dx) \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} - \frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{1008(c + dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} - \frac{720c \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c + dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{5040(c + dx)^{4/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{168(c + dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{60480 \text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{720c \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} + \frac{6c^2 \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{360c(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{20160(c + dx) \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} \\
&- \frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{1008(c + dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{720c \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{60480(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^7 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c + dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{5040(c + dx)^{4/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{168(c + dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&+ \frac{120960 \text{Subst}\left(\int x \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^7 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{720c \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} - \frac{120960\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^8 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{6c^2\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{360c(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{20160(c + dx) \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} - \frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{1008(c + dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} - \frac{720c\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
&- \frac{60480(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^7 d^3} + \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&+ \frac{120c(c + dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{5040(c + dx)^{4/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} \\
&- \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} - \frac{168(c + dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120960 \text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^8 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{720c \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} - \frac{120960\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^8 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{6c^2\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} + \frac{360c(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{20160(c + dx) \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^3} - \frac{30c(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&- \frac{1008(c + dx)^{5/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^3} + \frac{24(c + dx)^{7/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{120960 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^9 d^3} - \frac{6c^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&- \frac{720c\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{60480(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^7 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{3c^2(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} + \frac{120c(c + dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} \\
&+ \frac{5040(c + dx)^{4/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^3} - \frac{6c(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3} \\
&- \frac{168(c + dx)^2 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^3} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{8/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^2 \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{-i(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})} \left(-40320i \left(-1 + e^{2i(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}\right) - 40320b \left(1 + e^{2i(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}\right) \sqrt[3]{c + dx} + 20160ib^2 \left(-1 + e^{2i(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}\right)\right)}{b^3 d^3}$$

[In] Integrate[x^2*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (3*((-40320*I)*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))) - 40320*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + (20160*I)*b^2*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(c + d*x)^(2/3) - I*b^8*d^2*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*x^2*(c + d*x)^(2/3) + 2*b^7*d*(1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*x*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(3*c + 4*d*x) - (240*I)*b^4*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(6*c + 7*d*x) - 24*b^5*(1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*(9*c + 14*d*x) + 240*b^3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(27*c + 28*d*x) + (2*I)*b^6*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))))*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))/b^3 d^3

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{(2I)(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3})} (9c^2 + 36cdx + 28d^2x^2)}{(2b^9 d^3 E^{(I(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3}))})}$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1808 vs. $2(477) = 954$.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1809, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1809
default	Expression too large to display	1809
parts	Expression too large to display	2944

[In] `int(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{d^3 b^3} (a^2 c^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 2a c^2 (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}))) + c^2 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 2(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{2}{b^3} a^5 c \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - \frac{10}{b^3} a^4 c (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{20}{b^3} a^3 c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 2(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) - \frac{20}{b^3} a^2 c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 3(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 6 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 6(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{10}{b^3} a c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^4 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 4(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 12(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 24 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 24(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) - \frac{2}{b^3} c ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^5 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 5(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^4 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 20(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 60(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 120 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 120(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{1}{b^6} a^8 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - \frac{8}{b^6} a^7 (\cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + (a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{28}{b^6} a^6 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 2(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) - \frac{56}{b^6} a^5 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 3(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 6 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 6(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{70}{b^6} a^4 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^4 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 4(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 12(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 24 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 24(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) - \frac{56}{b^6} a^3 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^5 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 5(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^4 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 20(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^3 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) - 60(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^2 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 120 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 120(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})) + \frac{28}{b^6} a^2 ((a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^6 \sin(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) + 6(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3})^5 \cos(a+b(d*x+c)^{1/3}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&)-30*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^4*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-120*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3 \\
&*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+360*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-72 \\
&0*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+720*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)))-8/ \\
&b^6*a*((a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^7*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+7*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^6 \\
&*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-42*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^5*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-210 \\
&*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^4*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+840*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3*\sin \\
&(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+2520*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-5040* \\
&\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-5040*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)))+1/b \\
&^6*((a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^8*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+8*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^7*co \\
&s(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-56*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^6*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-336*(a \\
&+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^5*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+1680*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^4*\sin(a \\
&+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+6720*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-20160*(\\
&a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})+40320*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-40 \\
&320*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3))})
\end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int x^2 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left(2 \left(3360 b^3 dx + 3240 b^3 c - 12 (14 b^5 dx + 9 b^5 c) (dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (4 b^7 d^2 x^2 + 3 b^7 c dx - 20160 b) (dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) \right)}{b^9 d^3}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] 3*(2*(3360*b^3*d*x + 3240*b^3*c - 12*(14*b^5*d*x + 9*b^5*c)*(d*x + c)^(2/3) + (4*b^7*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^7*c*d*x - 20160*b)*(d*x + c)^(1/3))*cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a) - (56*b^6*d^2*x^2 + 72*b^6*c*d*x + 18*b^6*c^2 - (b^8*d^2*x^2 - 20160*b^2)*(d*x + c)^(2/3) - 240*(7*b^4*d*x + 6*b^4*c)*(d*x + c)^(1/3) - 40320)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a))/(b^9*d^3)

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = \int x^2 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$$

[In] integrate(x**2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/3)),x)

[Out] Integral(x**2*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3)), x)

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1349 vs. $2(477) = 954$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int x^2 \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

[In] integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $3*(a^2*c^2*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) - 2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + \cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*a*c^2 + 2*a^5*c*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})/b^3 - 10*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + \cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*a^4*c/b^3 + (2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*c^2 + a^8*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})/b^6 - 8*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + \cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*a^7/b^6 + 20*(2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^3*c/b^3 + 28*(2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^6/b^6 - 20*(3*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^2*c/b^3 - 56*(3*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^5/b^6 + 10*(4*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a*c/b^3 + 70*(4*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^4/b^6 - 2*(5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*c/b^3 - 56*(5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^3/b^6 + 28*(6*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^6 - 30*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 + 360*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 720)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^2/b^6 - 8*(7*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^6 - 30*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 + 360*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 720)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^7 - 42*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 + 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 5040*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 5040*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a/b^6 + (8*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^7 - 42*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 + 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 5040*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 5040*a$

) $\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^8 - 56*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^6 + 1680*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4 - 20160*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2 + 40320*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a))/b^6)/(b^3*d^3)$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1104 vs. $2(477) = 954$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int x^2 \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

[In] `integrate(x^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $3*(2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*b^6*c^2 - a*b^6*c^2 - 5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*b^3*c + 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a*b^3*c - 30*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^2*b^3*c + 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^3*b^3*c - 5*a^4*b^3*c + 4*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^7 - 28*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^6*a + 84*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^5*a^2 - 140*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*a^3 + 140*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a^4 - 84*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^5 + 28*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^6 - 4*a^7 + 60*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*b^3*c - 120*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a*b^3*c + 60*a^2*b^3*c - 168*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^5 + 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*a - 1680*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a^2 + 1680*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^3 - 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^4 + 168*a^5 - 120*b^3*c + 3360*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3 - 10080*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a + 10080*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^2 - 3360*a^3 - 20160*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b*cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)/(b^8*d^2) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*b^6*c^2 - 2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a*b^6*c^2 + a^2*b^6*c^2 - 2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^5*b^3*c + 10*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*a*b^3*c - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a^2*b^3*c + 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^3*b^3*c - 10*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^4*b^3*c + 2*a^5*b^3*c + ((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^8 - 8*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^7*a + 28*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^6*a^2 - 56*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^5*a^3 + 70*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*a^4 - 56*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a^5 + 28*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^6 - 8*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^7 + a^8 - 2*b^6*c^2 + 40*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*b^3*c - 120*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a*b^3*c + 120*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^2*b^3*c - 40*a^3*b^3*c - 56*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^6 + 336*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^5*a - 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4*a^2 + 1120*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a^3 - 840*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^4 + 336*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^5 - 56*a^6 - 240*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*b^3*c + 240*a*b^3*c + 1680*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^4 - 6720*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^3*a + 10080*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2*a^2 - 6720*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^3 + 1680*a^4 - 20160*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)^2 + 40320*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a - 20160*a^2 + 40320*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)}*b + a)/(b^8*d^2))/(b*d)$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx = \int x^2 \cos(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3}) dx$$

```
[In] int(x^2*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x^2*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)), x)
```


3.96 $\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$

Optimal result	521
Rubi [A] (verified)	522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	525
Maple [B] (verified)	525
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	526
Sympy [F]	526
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	527
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	527
Mupad [F(-1)]	528

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 261

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = & \frac{360 \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^6 d^2} - \frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^2} \\
 & - \frac{180(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^4 d^2} \\
 & + \frac{15(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d^2} \\
 & + \frac{6c \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^2} + \frac{360\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^5 d^2} \\
 & - \frac{3c(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^2} \\
 & - \frac{60(c + dx) \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d^2} \\
 & + \frac{3(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

[Out] 360*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^6/d^2-6*c*(d*x+c)^(1/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))
/b^2/d^2-180*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^4/d^2+15*(d*x+c)^(4/3)*
cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^2/d^2+6*c*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^3/d^2+360*(d*x+
c)^(1/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^5/d^2-3*c*(d*x+c)^(2/3)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(
1/3))/b/d^2-60*(d*x+c)*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b^3/d^2+3*(d*x+c)^(5/3)*sin(a
+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/b/d^2

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3513, 3377, 2717, 2718}

$$\int x \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx = \frac{360 \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^6 d^2} + \frac{360 \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^5 d^2} - \frac{180(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^4 d^2} - \frac{60(c + dx) \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^3 d^2} + \frac{6c \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^3 d^2} + \frac{15(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} - \frac{6c \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b^2 d^2} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b d^2} - \frac{3c(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx})}{b d^2}$$

[In] Int[x*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)],x]

[Out] (360*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^6*d^2) - (6*c*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^2*d^2) - (180*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^4*d^2) + (15*(c + d*x)^(4/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^2*d^2) + (6*c*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d^2) + (360*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^5*d^2) - (3*c*(c + d*x)^(2/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b*d^2) - (60*(c + d*x)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d^2) + (3*(c + d*x)^(5/3)*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b*d^2)

Rule 2717

Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 2718

Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3377

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3513

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_
.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegran
d[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x],
x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int\left(-\frac{cx^2\cos(a+bx)}{d} + \frac{x^5\cos(a+bx)}{d}\right)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{d} \\
&= \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^5\cos(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{(3c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2\cos(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{d^2} \\
&= -\frac{3c(c+dx)^{2/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} + \frac{3(c+dx)^{5/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{15\text{Subst}\left(\int x^4\sin(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{(6c)\text{Subst}\left(\int x\sin(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&= -\frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{15(c+dx)^{4/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{3c(c+dx)^{2/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} + \frac{3(c+dx)^{5/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{60\text{Subst}\left(\int x^3\cos(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{(6c)\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a+bx)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{15(c+dx)^{4/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} \\
&+ \frac{6c\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^{2/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&- \frac{60(c+dx)\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} + \frac{3(c+dx)^{5/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&+ \frac{180\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2\sin(ax)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} \\
&= -\frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} - \frac{180(c+dx)^{2/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4d^2} \\
&+ \frac{15(c+dx)^{4/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{6c\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} \\
&- \frac{3c(c+dx)^{2/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} - \frac{60(c+dx)\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} \\
&+ \frac{3(c+dx)^{5/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} + \frac{360\text{Subst}\left(\int x\cos(ax)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4d^2} \\
&= -\frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} - \frac{180(c+dx)^{2/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^4d^2} \\
&+ \frac{15(c+dx)^{4/3}\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{6c\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} \\
&+ \frac{360\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5d^2} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^{2/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&- \frac{60(c+dx)\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^3d^2} + \frac{3(c+dx)^{5/3}\sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&- \frac{360\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin(ax)dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{b^5d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{360 \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^6 d^2} - \frac{6c\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{180(c + dx)^{2/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^4 d^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{15(c + dx)^{4/3} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d^2} + \frac{6c \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{360\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^5 d^2} - \frac{3c(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{60(c + dx) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3 d^2} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{5/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int x \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\left(\left(120 - 60b^2(c + dx)^{2/3} + b^4\sqrt[3]{c + dx}(3c + 5dx)\right) \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) + b\left(120\sqrt[3]{c + dx} + b^4 dx(c + dx)\right)\right)}{b^6 d^2}$$

[In] Integrate[x*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)], x]

[Out] (3*((120 - 60*b^2*(c + d*x)^(2/3) + b^4*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(3*c + 5*d*x))*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + b*(120*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + b^4*d*x*(c + d*x)^(2/3) - 2*b^2*(9*c + 10*d*x))*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]))/(b^6*d^2)

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. 2(231) = 462.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-3a^2c \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)+6ac\left(\cos\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)+\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)-3c\left(\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2 \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)}{b^6 d^2}$
default	$\frac{-3a^2c \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)+6ac\left(\cos\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)+\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)-3c\left(\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2 \sin\left(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\right)}{b^6 d^2}$
parts	Expression too large to display

```
[In] int(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 3/d^2/b^3*(-a^2*c*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+2*a*c*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))-c*((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))-1/b^3*a^5*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+5/b^3*a^4*(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))-10/b^3*a^3*((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))+10/b^3*a^2*((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^3*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-6*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-6*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))-5/b^3*a*((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^4*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+4*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^3*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-12*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^2*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+24*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-24*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))+1/b^3*((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^5*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+5*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^4*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-20*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^3*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))-60*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))^2*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+120*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))+120*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = \frac{3 \left(\left(60(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 - (5b^4dx + 3b^4c)(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 120 \right) \cos \left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a \right) - \left((dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}}b^5dx - 20b^3d \right) \right)}{b^6d^2}$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -3*((60*(d*x + c)^(2/3)*b^2 - (5*b^4*d*x + 3*b^4*c)*(d*x + c)^(1/3) - 120)*cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a) - ((d*x + c)^(2/3)*b^5*d*x - 20*b^3*d*x - 18*b^3*c + 120*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a))/(b^6*d^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = \int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/3)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. 2(231) = 462.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx =$$

$$3 \left(a^2 c \sin \left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a \right) - 2 \left(\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a \right) \sin \left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a \right) + \cos \left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a \right) \right) ac + \dots \right)$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-3*(a^2*c*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) - 2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + \cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a*c + a^5*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})/b^3 - 5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + \cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^4/b^3 + (2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*c + 10*(2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^3/b^3 - 10*(3*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 6*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^2/b^3 + 5*(4*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 6*a)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a/b^3 - (5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})/b^3)/(b^3*d^2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx =$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\left(2 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) b^3 c - 2 a b^3 c - 5 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)^4 + 20 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)^3 a - 30 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)^2 a^2 + 20 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) a^3 - 5 a^4 + 60 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) a^5 - 20 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)^3 + 120 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) + 120 a \right) \sin \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) + \left(2 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) \cos \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right) + \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)^2 - 2 \right) \sin \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b+a \right)}{b^5}$$

[In] integrate(x*cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-3*((2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*b^3*c - 2*a*b^3*c - 5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 + 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3*a - 30*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2*a^2 + 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 + 60*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + ((2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + ((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*c + 10*(2*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^3/b^3 - 10*(3*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 - 2)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 6*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a^2/b^3 + 5*(4*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 - 6*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} - 6*a)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}))*a/b^3 - (5*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^4 - 12*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^2 + 24)*\cos((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a}) + (((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^5 - 20*((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})^3 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a} + 120*a)*\sin((d*x + c)^{(1/3)*b + a})/b^3)/(b^3*d^2)$

```

0*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*a^3 - 5*a^4 + 60*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2 - 120*
((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*a + 60*a^2 - 120)*cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/b^5 +
(((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2*b^3*c - 2*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*a*b^3*c + a^2*
b^3*c - ((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^5 + 5*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^4*a - 10*((d*
x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^3*a^2 + 10*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2*a^3 - 5*((d*x + c)
^(1/3)*b + a)*a^4 + a^5 - 2*b^3*c + 20*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^3 - 60*((d*x
+ c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2*a + 60*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*a^2 - 20*a^3 - 120*(d*x
+ c)^(1/3)*b)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/b^5)/(b*d^2)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx = \int x \cos\left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3}\right) dx$$

```
[In] int(x*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)), x)
```


3.97 $\int \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$

Optimal result	529
Rubi [A] (verified)	529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	530
Maple [A] (verified)	531
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	531
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	531
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	532
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	532
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	533

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = \frac{6\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d} - \frac{6 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd}$$

[Out] $6*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}*\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})/b^2/d-6*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})/b^3/d+3*(d*x+c)^{(2/3)}*\sin(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})/b/d$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3443, 3377, 2717}

$$\int \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx = -\frac{6 \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^3 d} + \frac{6\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{b^2 d} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{bd}$$

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x]$

[Out] $(6*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}*\text{Cos}[a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}])/(b^2*d) - (6*\text{Sin}[a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}])/(b^3*d) + (3*(c + d*x)^{(2/3)}*\text{Sin}[a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}])/(b*d)$

Rule 2717

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3377

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Co
s[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3443

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_S
ymbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[x^(1/n - 1)*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x], x
, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \frac{3\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{d} \\
 &= \frac{3(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd} - \frac{6\text{Subst}\left(\int x \sin(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd} \\
 &= \frac{6\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd} \\
 &\quad - \frac{6\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos(a + bx) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d} \\
 &= \frac{6\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^2d} - \frac{6 \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3d} + \frac{3(c + dx)^{2/3} \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx \\
 &= \frac{6b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) + 3(-2 + b^2(c + dx)^{2/3}) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{b^3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)],x]
```

```
[Out] (6*b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + 3*(-2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^(2/
3))*Sin[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(b^3*d)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3a^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) - 6a \left(\cos(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) + (a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) \right) + 3(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3 d}$
default	$\frac{3a^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) - 6a \left(\cos(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) + (a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}) \right) + 3(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3 d}$

[In] `int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{3}{d/b^3} \left(a^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) - 2a \left(\cos(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) + (a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) \right) + (a+b(dx+c)^{1/3})^2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) \right) - 2 \sin(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) + 2(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3}) \cos(a+b(dx+c)^{1/3})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx = \frac{3 \left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b \cos((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a) + ((dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 - 2) \sin((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a) \right)}{b^3 d}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{3 \left(2(dx+c)^{1/3} b \cos((dx+c)^{1/3} b + a) + ((dx+c)^{2/3} b^2 - 2) \sin((dx+c)^{1/3} b + a) \right)}{b^3 d}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}) dx = \begin{cases} x \cos(a) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge (b = 0 \vee d = 0) \\ x \cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}) & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{3(c+dx)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}{bd} + \frac{6\sqrt[3]{c+dx} \cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}{b^2 d} - \frac{6 \sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})}{b^3 d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[In] `integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/3)),x)`

```
[Out] Piecewise((x*cos(a), Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x*cos(a + b*c**(1/3)), Eq(d, 0)), (3*(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sin(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3))/(b*d) + 6*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3))/(b**2*d) - 6*sin(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3))/(b**3*d), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\left(a^2 \sin\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) - 2\left(\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) \sin\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) + \cos\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)\right)a + 2\left(\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)^2 - 2\right) \sin\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}{b^3d}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 3*(a^2*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a) - 2*(((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a) + cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a))*a + 2*(((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2 - 2)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a))/(b^3*d)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos\left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b+a\right)}{b} + \frac{\left(\left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b+a\right)^2 - 2\right) \left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b+a\right) \sin\left((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b+a\right)}{b^2}\right)}{bd}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] 3*(2*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/b + (((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)^2 - 2*((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)*a + a^2 - 2)*sin((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/b^2)/(b*d)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos \left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{6b \cos \left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3} \right) (c + dx)^{1/3} - 6 \sin \left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3} \right) + 3b^2 \sin \left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3} \right) (c + dx)^{2/3}}{b^3 d}$$

`[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)),x)`

```
[Out] (6*b*cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - 6*sin(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)) + 3*b^2*sin(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*(c + d*x)^(2/3))/(b^3*d)
```

$$3.98 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	534
Rubi [A] (verified)	534
Mathematica [C] (verified)	536
Maple [C] (verified)	537
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	538
Sympy [F]	539
Maxima [F]	539
Giac [F]	539
Mupad [F(-1)]	540

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 234

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x} dx &= \cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \\ &+ \cos\left(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \\ &+ \cos\left(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \\ &+ \sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \\ &+ \sin\left(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) - \sin\left(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] Ci(b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a+b*c^(1/3))+Ci((-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a-(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3))+Ci((-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*cos(a+(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3))+Si(b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*c^(1/3))-Si((-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a-(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3))+Si((-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used

= {3513, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \\ + \cos\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \\ + \cos\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{cb} + \sqrt[3]{c + dx}b\right) \\ + \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \\ + \sin\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) - \sin\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{cb} + \sqrt[3]{c + dx}b\right)$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x,x]

[Out] Cos[a + b*c^(1/3)]*CosIntegral[b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + Cos[a + (-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*CosIntegral[(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + Cos[a - (-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*CosIntegral[(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3) + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + Sin[a + b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] + Sin[a + (-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)] - Sin[a - (-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3) + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]

Rule 3384

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3513

Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x], x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p,

0] && IntegerQ[1/n]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{integral} &= \frac{3 \text{Subst} \left(\int \left(-\frac{d \cos(a+bx)}{3(\sqrt[3]{c-x})} - \frac{d \cos(a+bx)}{3(-\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{c-x})} - \frac{d \cos(a+bx)}{3((-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c-x})} \right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{d} \\
 &= -\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \\
 &\quad - \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{-\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \\
 &\quad - \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(a+bx)}{(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \\
 &= - \left(\cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(b\sqrt[3]{c}-bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \right) \\
 &\quad - \cos(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+bx)}{-\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) - \cos(a \\
 &\quad + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\cos((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-bx)}{(-1)^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) - \sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(b\sqrt[3]{c}-bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \\
 &= \cos(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{CosIntegral}(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}) \\
 &\quad + \cos(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{CosIntegral}((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}) \\
 &\quad + \cos(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{CosIntegral}(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}) \\
 &\quad + \sin(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Si}(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}) \\
 &\quad + \sin(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Si}((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}) - \sin(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}) \text{Si}(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx})
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\text{RootSum}\left[c - \#1^3 \&, \cos(a + b\#1) \text{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) - i \text{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) \sin(a + b\#1) - i \cos(a + b\#1) \text{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) - \sin(a + b\#1) \text{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) \right] + \text{RootSum}\left[c - \#1^3 \&, \cos(a + b\#1) \text{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) + i \text{CosIntegral}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) \sin(a + b\#1) + i \cos(a + b\#1) \text{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) - \sin(a + b\#1) \text{Si}\left(b\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right) \right] \right)$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x,x]

[Out] (RootSum[c - #1^3 & , Cos[a + b*#1]*CosIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] - I*CosIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)]*Sin[a + b*#1] - I*Cos[a + b*#1]*SinIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] - Sin[a + b*#1]*SinIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] &] + RootSum[c - #1^3 & , Cos[a + b*#1]*CosIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] + I*CosIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)]*Sin[a + b*#1] + I*Cos[a + b*#1]*SinIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] - Sin[a + b*#1]*SinIntegral[b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)] &])/2

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^2 b^3 \left(\frac{\sum_{R1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3 c + Z^3 - 3a Z^2 + 3a^2 Z - a^3)} \text{Si}\left(-b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} + R1 - a\right) \sin(R1) + \text{Ci}\left(b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} - R1 + a\right)}{R1^2 - 2R1a + a^2} \right)$
default	$a^2 b^3 \left(\frac{\sum_{R1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3 c + Z^3 - 3a Z^2 + 3a^2 Z - a^3)} \text{Si}\left(-b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} + R1 - a\right) \sin(R1) + \text{Ci}\left(b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} - R1 + a\right)}{R1^2 - 2R1a + a^2} \right)$

[In] int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

```
[Out] 3/b^3*(1/3*a^2*b^3*sum(1/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)+_R1-a)*sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)-_R1+a)*cos(_R1)),_R1=RootOf(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))-2/3*a*b^3*sum(_R1/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)+_R1-a)*sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)-_R1+a)*cos(_R1)),_R1=RootOf(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))+1/3*b^3*sum(_R1^2/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)+_R1-a)*sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^(1/3)-_R1+a)*cos(_R1)),_R1=RootOf(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3)))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b\right) + \frac{1}{2} (ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (-i\sqrt{3} - 1) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(i\sqrt{3}+1)+ia\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(-i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b\right) + \frac{1}{2} (-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (-i\sqrt{3} - 1) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(i\sqrt{3}+1)-ia\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b\right) + \frac{1}{2} (ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (i\sqrt{3} - 1) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(-i\sqrt{3}+1)+ia\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(-i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b\right) + \frac{1}{2} (-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (i\sqrt{3} - 1) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(-i\sqrt{3}+1)-ia\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + (ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) e^{(ia-(ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Ei}\left(-i(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + (-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) e^{(-ia-(-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}})}$$

```
[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^(1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) + 1) + I*a) + 1/2*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^(1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) + 1) - I*a) + 1/2*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^(1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) + 1) + I*a) + 1/2*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) + 1) - I*a)
```

+ 1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^(1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) + 1) - I*a) + 1/2*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + (I*b^3*c)^(1/3))*e^(I*a - (I*b^3*c)^(1/3)) + 1/2*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3))*e^(-I*a - (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3))

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/3))/x,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3))/x, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/x, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left((dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}{x} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/x, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3}\right)}{x} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/x,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/x, x)
```

$$3.99 \quad \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	541
Rubi [A] (verified)	542
Mathematica [C] (verified)	545
Maple [C] (verified)	546
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	546
Sympy [F]	547
Maxima [F]	547
Giac [F]	547
Mupad [F(-1)]	548

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 332

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{\cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x} - \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \sin\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\ & \quad + \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \sin\left(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\ & \quad - \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right) \sin\left(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\ & \quad + \frac{bd \cos\left(a+b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\ & \quad + \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \cos\left(a+(-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}-b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\ & \quad + \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \cos\left(a-\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}+b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x+1/3*b*d*cos(a+b*c^(1/3))*Si(b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/c^(2/3)+1/3*(-1)^(2/3)*b*d*cos(a+(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3))*Si((-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/c^(2/3)+1/3*(-1)^(1/3)*b*d*cos(a-(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3))*Si((-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/c^(2/3)-1/3*b*d*Ci(b*c^(1/3)-b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a+b*c^(1/3))/c^(2/3)+1/3*(-1)^(1/3)*b*d*Ci((-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))*sin(a-(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3))/c^(2/3)-1/3*(-1)^(
```

$2/3)*b*d*Ci((-1)^{(2/3)*b*c^{(1/3)}-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*\sin(a+(-1)^{(2/3)*b*c^{(1/3)})/c^{(2/3)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3513, 3423, 3414, 3384, 3380, 3383}

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bd \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \sin\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{cb} + \sqrt[3]{c + dxb}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \sin\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{Si}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \cos\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{Si}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \cos\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \text{Si}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}\sqrt[3]{cb} + \sqrt[3]{c + dxb}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} - \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x}$$

[In] Int[Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x^2,x]

[Out] -(Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x) - (b*d*CosIntegral[b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]*Sin[a + b*c^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)) + ((-1)^(1/3)*b*d*CosIntegral[(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3) + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]*Sin[a - (-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)) - ((-1)^(2/3)*b*d*CosIntegral[(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]*Sin[a + (-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)) + (b*d*Cos[a + b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)) + ((-1)^(2/3)*b*d*Cos[a + (-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[(-1)^(2/3)*b*c^(1/3) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)) + ((-1)^(1/3)*b*d*Cos[a - (-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3)]*SinIntegral[(-1)^(1/3)*b*c^(1/3) + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/(3*c^(2/3)))

Rule 3380

Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

Rule 3383

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3384

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Dist[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3414

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sin[c + d*x], (a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[p, -1])
```

Rule 3423

```
Int[Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(Cos[c + d*x]/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] + Dist[d*(e^m/(b*n*(p + 1))), Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*Sin[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

Rule 3513

```
Int[((a_.) + Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))]*(b_.))^(p_.))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Dist[1/(n*f), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^p, x^(1/n - 1)*(g - e*(h/f) + h*(x^(1/n)/f))^m, x], x], x, (e + f*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \text{integral} &= \frac{3 \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2 \cos(a+bx)}{\left(-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{x^3}{d}\right)^2} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{d} \\ &= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{x} - b \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sin(a+bx)}{-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{x^3}{d}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} - b\text{Subst}\left(\int\left(-\frac{d\sin(a + bx)}{3c^{2/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} - x\right)} - \frac{d\sin(a + bx)}{3c^{2/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} + \sqrt[3]{-1}x\right)}\right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. - \frac{d\sin(a + bx)}{3c^{2/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} - (-1)^{2/3}x\right)}\right) dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \\
&= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} + \frac{(bd)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c+\sqrt[3]{-1}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin(a+bx)}{\sqrt[3]{c-(-1)^{2/3}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} - \frac{(bd\cos(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin\left(b\sqrt[3]{c-bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd\cos(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c+bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c-(-1)^{2/3}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad - \frac{(bd\cos(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\sin\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c-bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c+\sqrt[3]{-1}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd\sin(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos\left(b\sqrt[3]{c-bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c-x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd\sin(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c+bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c-(-1)^{2/3}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(bd\sin(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}))\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\cos\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c-bx}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c+\sqrt[3]{-1}x}} dx, x, \sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} - \frac{bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \sin\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c} + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \sin\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&- \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right) \sin\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{bd \cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{(-1)^{2/3}bd \cos\left(a + (-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left((-1)^{2/3}b\sqrt[3]{c} - b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{-1}bd \cos\left(a - \sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\sqrt[3]{-1}b\sqrt[3]{c} + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{3c^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx &= -\frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{6}ibd\operatorname{RootSum}\left[c \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \#1^3 \&, \frac{e^{-ia - ib\#1} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-ib\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right)}{\#1^2} \right] \& \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{6}ibd\operatorname{RootSum}\left[c \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \#1^3 \&, \frac{e^{ia + ib\#1} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(ib\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\right)}{\#1^2} \right] \&
\end{aligned}$$

[In] Integrate[Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x^2,x]

[Out] -(Cos[a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3)]/x) - (I/6)*b*d*RootSum[c - #1^3 & , (E^((-I)*a - I*b*#1)*ExpIntegralEi[(-I)*b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)]/#1^2 &] + (I/6)*b*d*RootSum[c - #1^3 & , (E^(I*a + I*b*#1)*ExpIntegralEi[I*b*((c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1)]/#1^2 &]

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 931, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	931
default	Expression too large to display	931

[In] `int(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$3*d/b^3*(b^6*a^2*(\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*(1/3/c/b^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})-1/3*a/b^3/c)/(b^3*c+a^3-3*a^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}))+3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2-(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3)-2/9/c/b^3*\sum(1/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_R1-a)*\sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_R1+a)*\cos(_R1)),_R1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))+1/9/c/b^3*\sum(1/(-_RR1+a)*(-Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_RR1-a)*\cos(_RR1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_RR1+a)*\sin(_RR1)),_RR1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3)))+\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*(-2/3*a*b^3/c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2+2/3*a^2*b^3/c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}))/(b^3*c+a^3-3*a^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}))+3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2-(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3)+2/9*a*b^3/c*\sum((_R1+a)/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_R1-a)*\sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_R1+a)*\cos(_R1)),_R1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))-2/9*a*b^3/c*\sum(_RR1/(-_RR1+a)*(-Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_RR1-a)*\cos(_RR1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_RR1+a)*\sin(_RR1)),_RR1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))+\cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})*(2/3*a*b^3/c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2-a^2*b^3/c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}))+1/3*b^3*(b^3*c+a^3)/c)/(b^3*c+a^3-3*a^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}))+3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^2-(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)})^3)-2/9*a*b^3/c*\sum(_R1/(_R1^2-2*_R1*a+a^2)*(Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_R1-a)*\sin(_R1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_R1+a)*\cos(_R1)),_R1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))-1/9*b^3/c*\sum((b^3*c+2*_RR1^2*a-3*_RR1*a^2+a^3)/(_RR1^2-2*_RR1*a+a^2)*(-Si(-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}+_RR1-a)*\cos(_RR1)+Ci(b*(d*x+c)^{(1/3)}-_RR1+a)*\sin(_RR1)),_RR1=\text{RootOf}(-b^3*c+_Z^3-3*_Z^2*a+3*_Z*a^2-a^3))$$

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \text{Ei}\left(i(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + (ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) e^{\left(ia - (ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} + 2(-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \text{Ei}\left(-i(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + (-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) e^{\left(-ia - (-ib^3c)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}}{}$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out]
$$-1/12*(2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*d*x*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + (I*b^3*c)^(1/3))*e^{(I*a - (I*b^3*c)^(1/3))} + 2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*d*x*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3))*e^{(-I*a - (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3))} - (I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3)*d*x + d*x)*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^{(1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) + 1) + I*a)} - (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3)*d*x + d*x)*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^{(1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) + 1) - I*a)} - (I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3)*d*x + d*x)*Ei(I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^{(1/2*(I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) + 1) + I*a)} - (-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3)*d*x + d*x)*Ei(-I*(d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + 1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(I*sqrt(3) - 1))*e^{(1/2*(-I*b^3*c)^(1/3)*(-I*sqrt(3) + 1) - I*a)} + 12*c*cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/(c*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/3))/x**2,x)

[Out] Integral(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)**(1/3))/x**2, x)

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(\left(\frac{dx + c}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] integrate(cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/x^2, x)

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(\left(\frac{dx + c}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}{x^2} dx$$

[In] integrate(cos(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(cos((d*x + c)^(1/3)*b + a)/x^2, x)

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos\left(a + b\sqrt[3]{c + dx}\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos\left(a + b(c + dx)^{1/3}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

```
[In] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/x^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(cos(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/x^2, x)
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions 549

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*      Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*      match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
```

```

(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCo
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          , (*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is
        ]
      , (*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    , (*ELSE*) (*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      , (*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. $"}
    ]
  ]
  , (*ELSE*) (*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<>
    ,
    finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
  ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)

```

```

(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

```

```

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,

```

```

    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result, optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);

```



```

#do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
    return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues
fi;

leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 ("
```

```

                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_c
    end if
else #result contains complex but optimal is not
    if debug then
        print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
    fi;
    return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
fi;
else # result do not contain complex
    # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
    if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well")
    fi;
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
            print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
    else
        if debug then
            print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of opt
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," )=",convert(2*leaf_count
    fi;
fi;
else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

```

```

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+`) or type(expn,'*`) then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else

```

```

9
end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u), u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:

```

Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#           Port of original Maple grading function by
#           Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#           added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

```

```

except AttributeError as error:
    return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnTy
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+' or type(expn,'*')
        m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
        m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
        return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
    elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
        return max(7,m1)
    elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:

```

```

    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1)  #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)+"/"+str(leaf_count_optimal)
            else:
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)+"/"+str(ExpnType_optimal)

```

```

# print("Before returning. grade=", grade, " grade_annotation=", grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

# Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
# Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
# grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
# Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
# 'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
# June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
# issue later when reading the file.
# July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    # print("Enter tree_size, expr is ", expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: # isinstance(expr, Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1] == 1/2: # expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

```



```

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arccoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']    #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

```

```

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-t
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
            return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
        elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
            if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)

```

```

    return 1
  else:
    return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
  else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isinst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    if debug:
        print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
        print("type(anti)=",type(result))
        print("type(optimal)=",type(optimal))

    leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

    #if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

```

```

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. " + str(leaf_c

else:
    grade = "C"
    grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_result

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```